IEI Technology Corp.
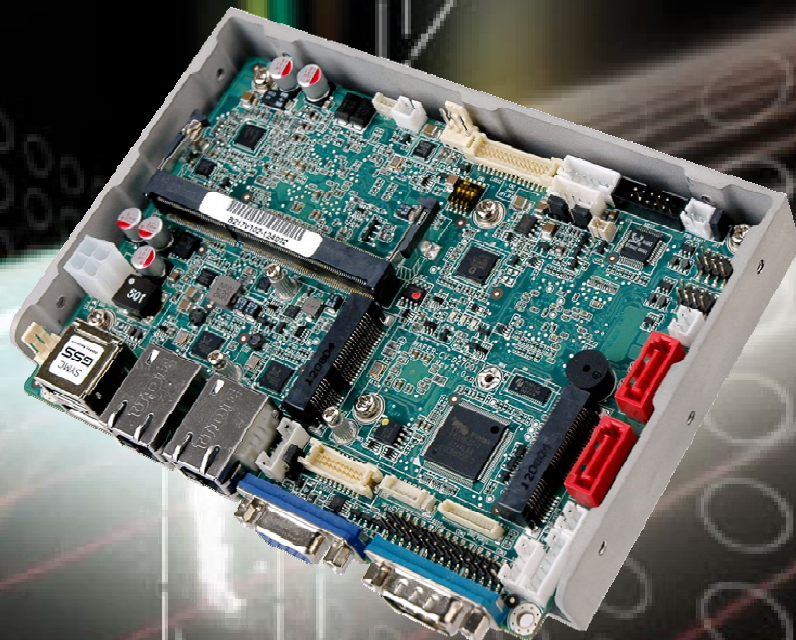
MODEL:

WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001

3.5" SBC with Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2600 Processor, DDR3, VGA/Dual LVDS, Dual PCIe GbE, USB 2.0, PCIe Mini, SATA 3Gb/s, Audio and RoHS

User Manual

Rev. 1.03 – 11 December, 2012

Revision

Date	Version	Changes
11 December, 2012	1.03	Added CN6 connector information
23 November, 2012	1.02	Updated the note for the Intel® GMA driver limitation
13 August, 2012	1.01	Added a note for the Intel® GMA driver limitation
26 June, 20	1.00	Initial release

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Table of Contents

List of Figures

List of Tables

BIOS Menus

Chapter

1

Introduction

1.1 Introduction

Figure 1-1: WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 3.5" motherboard is an Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2600 processor platform that supports one 1066 MHz or 800 MHz DDR3 SO-DIMM memory. The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 supports VGA display output and comes with two LVDS connectors supporting 24-bit or 18-bit LVDS screens. Maximum six USB ports, two SATA 3Gb/s connectors, two PCIe Mini card slots, four COM ports, and one audio connector provide flexible expansion options.

1.2 Model Variations

The model variations of the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 are listed below.

Model No.	CPU
WAFER-CV-D25501-R10	Intel® Atom™ D2550 1.86 GHz
WAFER-CV-N26001-R10	Intel® Atom™ N2600 1.6 GHz

Table 1-1: WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 Model Variations

1.3 Connectors

The connectors on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 are shown in the figure below.
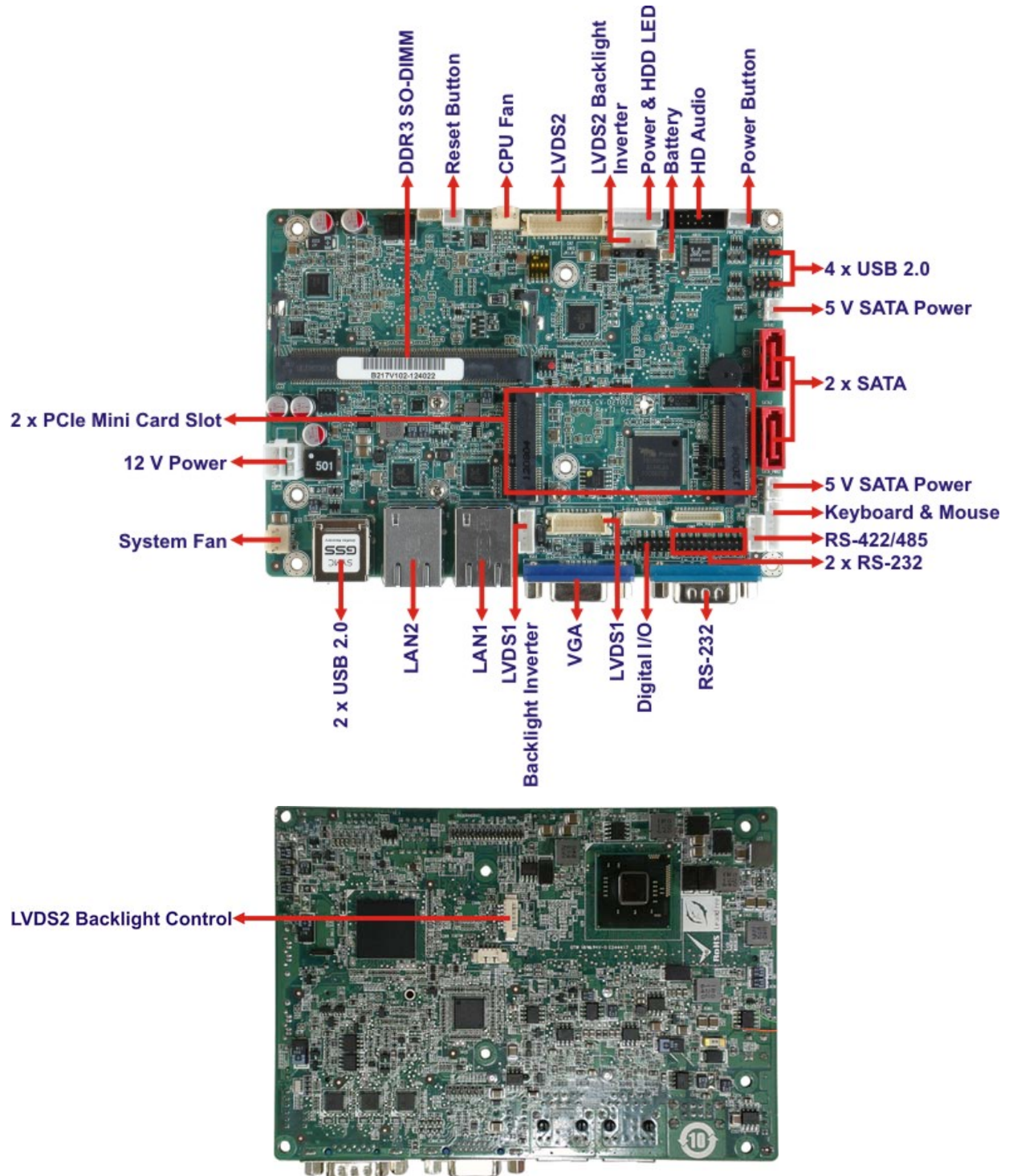
Figure 1-2: Connectors

1.4 Dimensions

The main dimensions of the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 are shown in the diagram below.
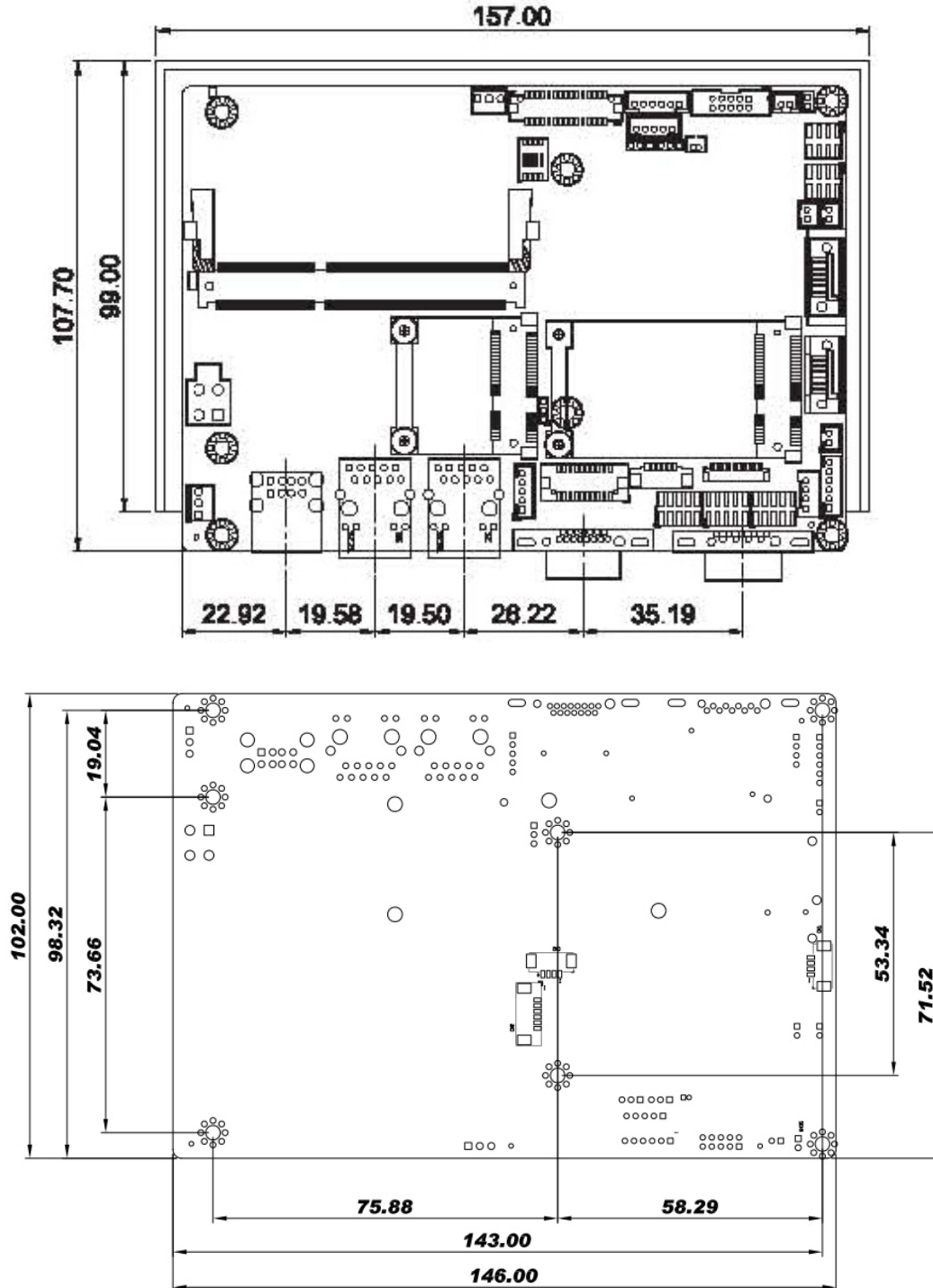
Figure 1-3: WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 Dimensions (mm)

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Figure 1-4: External Interface Panel Dimensions (mm)

1.5 Data Flow

Figure 1-5 shows the data flow between the system chipset, the CPU and other components installed on the motherboard.
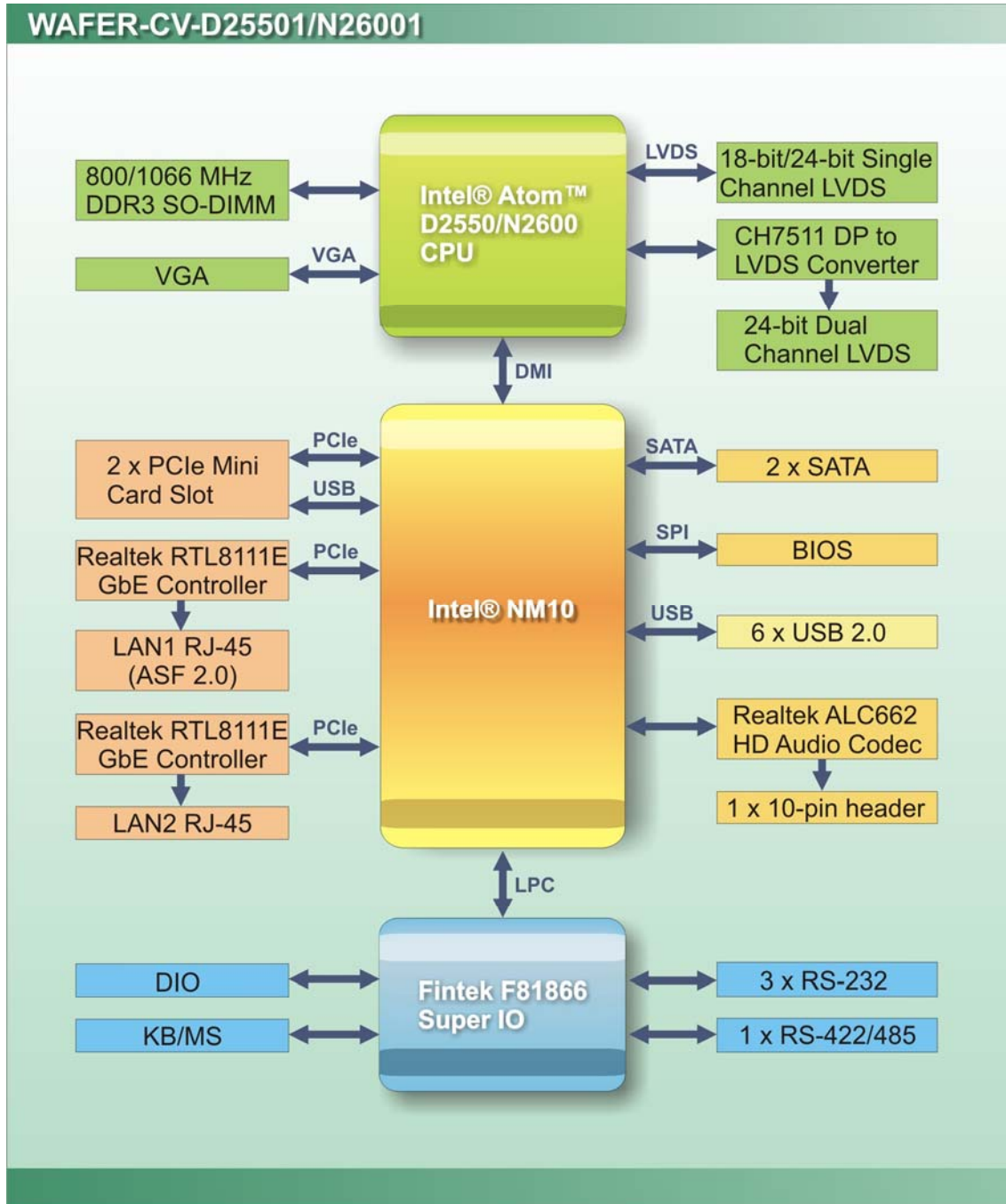
Figure 1-5: Data Flow Diagram

1.6 Technical Specifications

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 technical specifications are listed below.

Specification/Model	WAFER-CV-D25501	WAFER-CV-N26001
Form Factor	3.5"	
System CPU	Intel® Atom™ D2550 1.86 GHz	Intel® Atom™ N2600 1.6 GHz
System Chipset	Intel® NM10	
Memory	One 1066 MHz DDR3/DDR3L (1.35V) SO-DIMM support (up to 4 GB)	One 800 MHz DDR3/DDR3L (1.35V) SO-DIMM support (up to 2 GB)
Graphics Engine	Intel® GMA 3650 with a 640 MHz graphics core	Intel® GMA 3600 with a 400 MHz graphics core
Display	Dual display supported One VGA One LVDS1 is integrated in the Intel® Atom™ D2550/N2600 processor One LVDS2 is driven by the Chrontel CH7511 DP to LVDS converter	
	24-bit single-channel LVDS1 with up to 1440x900 resolution	18-bit single-channel LVDS1 with up to 1366x768 resolution
	24-bit dual-channel LVDS2 with up to 1920x1200 resolution	24-bit dual-channel LVDS2 with up to 1600x1200 resolution
Ethernet	Dual Realtek RTL8111E PCIe GbE controller (LAN1 with ASF 2.0 support)	
BIOS	UEFI BIOS	
Super I/O Controller	Fintek F81866	
Watchdog Timer	Software programmable supports 1~255 sec. system reset	
Expansion	One full-size PCIe Mini card slot with mSATA support One half-size PCIe Mini card slot	
Audio	Realtek ALC662 HD Audio codec	
COM	Three RS-232 (one by external connector; two by on-board pin headers) One RS-422/485 by internal 4-pin wafer connector	
Digital I/O	One 8-bit digital input/output connector (4-bit input/4-bit output)	

Specification/Model	WAFER-CV-D25501	WAFER-CV-N26001
Fan	One 3-pin CPU fan connector One 3-pin system fan connector	
Keyboard/mouse	One internal pin-header connector	
SATA	Two SATA 3Gb/s ports with 5V power	
USB	Six USB 2.0/1.1 devices supported: Two by external connectors Four by on-board pin headers	
Power Supply	12 V only AT and ATX support One internal 4-pin (2x2) power connector	
Power Consumption	12V @ 1.53 A (1.86 GHz Intel® Atom™ D2550 with 1 GB 1066 MHz DDR3 SO-DIMM memory)	12V @ 1.15 A (1.6 GHz Intel® Atom™ N2600 with 1 GB 1066 MHz DDR3 SO-DIMM memory)
Operating Temperature	-20ºC ~ 60ºC with free air -20ºC ~ 70ºC with force air	-20ºC ~ 70ºC with free air -20ºC ~ 75ºC with force air
Storage Temperature	-30ºC ~ 80ºC	-30ºC ~ 85ºC
Humidity (Operating)	5% ~ 95% (non-condensing)	
Dimensions (LxW)	146 mm x 102 mm	
Weight (GW/NW)	600 g/250 g	

Table 1-2: WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 Specifications

Chapter

2

Packing List

2.1 Anti-static Precautions

⚠️ WARNING!

Static electricity can destroy certain electronics. Make sure to follow the ESD precautions to prevent damage to the product, and injury to the user.

Make sure to adhere to the following guidelines:

- **Wear an anti-static wristband**: Wearing an anti-static wristband can prevent electrostatic discharge.
- **Self-grounding**: Touch a grounded conductor every few minutes to discharge any excess static buildup.
- **Use an anti-static pad**: When configuring any circuit board, place it on an anti-static mat.
- **Only handle the edges of the PCB**: Don't touch the surface of the motherboard. Hold the motherboard by the edges when handling.

2.2 Unpacking Precautions

When the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is unpacked, please do the following:

- Follow the antistatic guidelines above.
- Make sure the packing box is facing upwards when opening.
- Make sure all the packing list items are present.

2.3 Packing List

![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

If any of the components listed in the checklist below are missing, do not proceed with the installation. Contact the IEI reseller or vendor the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 was purchased from or contact an IEI sales representative directly by sending an email to sales@iei.com.tw.

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is shipped with the following components:

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 motherboard	
1	SATA and power cable (**P/N**: 32801-000201-100-RS)	
1	Audio cable (**P/N**: 32000-072100-RS)	
1	RS-232 cable (**P/N**: 32205-002700-100-RS)	
1	KB/MS cable (**P/N**: 32000-023800-RS)	
1	Power cable (**P/N**: 32100-087100-RS)	

Quantity	Item and Part Number	Image
1	Mini jumper pack	
1	One Key Recovery CD	
1	Utility CD	
1	Quick Installation Guide	

Table 2-1: Packing List

2.4 Optional Items

The following are optional components which may be separately purchased:

Item and Part Number	Image
Dual USB cable (wo bracket) (**P/N**: 32001-008600-100-RS)	
RS-422/485 cable (200 mm) (**P/N**: 32205-003800-100-RS)	

Table 2-2: Optional Items

Chapter

3

Connectors

3.1 Peripheral Interface Connectors

This chapter details all the jumpers and connectors.

3.1.1 WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 Layout

The figure below shows all the connectors and jumpers.
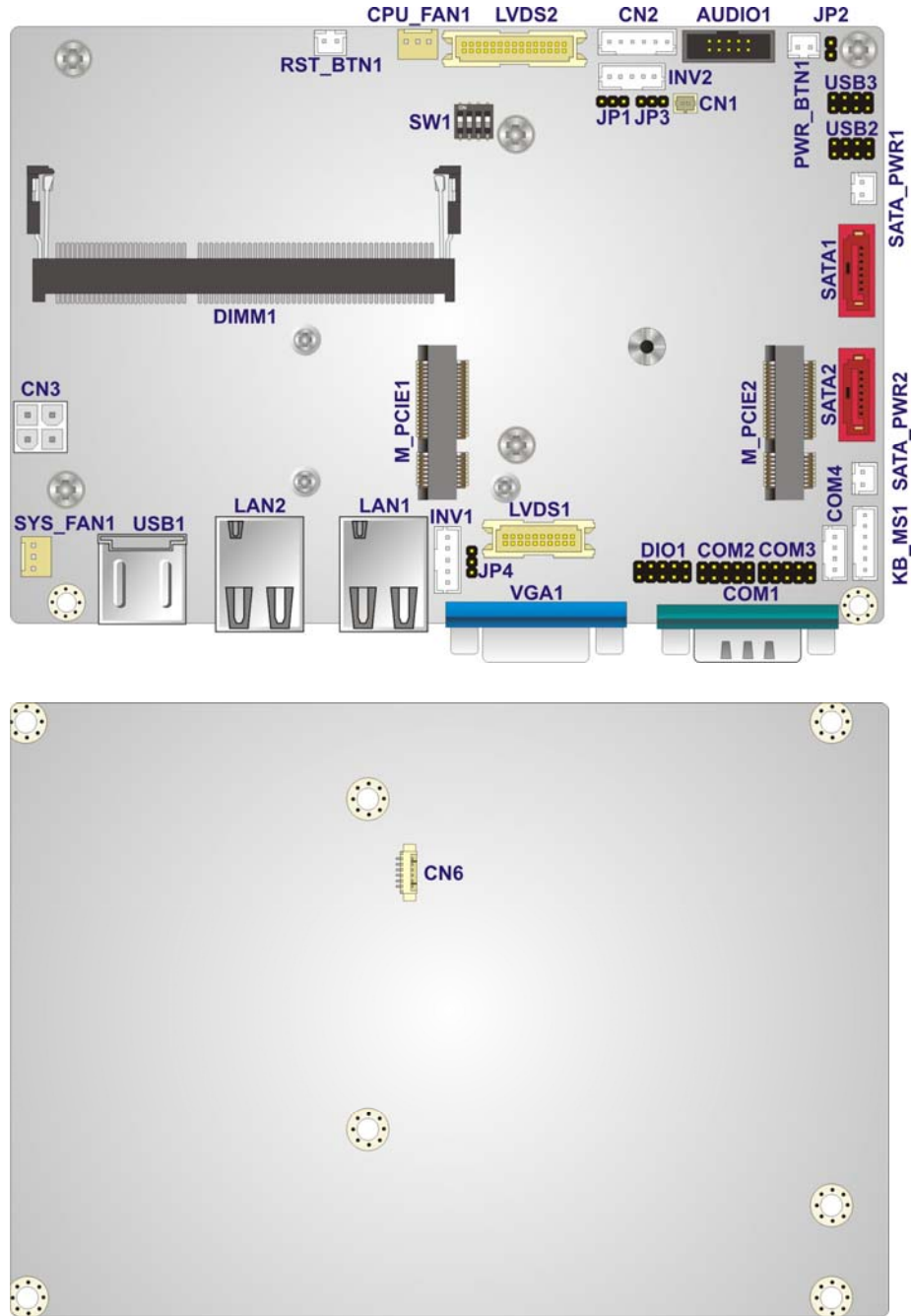
Figure 3-1: Connectors and Jumpers

3.1.2 Peripheral Interface Connectors

The table below lists all the connectors on the board.

Connector	Type	Label
5 V SATA power connectors	2-pin wafer	SATA_PWR1, SATA_PWR2
12 V power connector	4-pin Molex power connector	CN3
Audio connector	10-pin box header	AUDIO1
Backlight inverter connectors	5-pin wafer	INV1, INV2
Battery connector	2-pin wafer	CN1
Digital Input/Output (DIO) connector	10-pin header	DIO1
Fan connectors	3-pin wafer	CPU_FAN1, SYS_FAN2
Keyboard and mouse connector	6-pin wafer	KB_MS1
LVDS connectors	20-pin/30-pin crimp	LVDS1, LVDS2
LVDS2 backlight control connector	6-pin wafer	CN6
PCIe Mini card slots	52-pin PCIe Mini	M_PCIE1, M_PCIE2
Power & HDD LED connector	6-pin header	CN2
Power button connector	2-pin wafer	PWR_BTN1
Reset button connector	2-pin wafer	RST_BTN1
RS-232 serial port connectors	10-pin header	COM2, COM3
RS-422/485 serial port connector	4-pin wafer	COM4
Serial ATA (SATA) drive connectors	7-pin SATA	SATA1, SATA2
USB 2.0 connectors	8-pin header	USB2, USB3

Table 3-1: Peripheral Interface Connectors

3.1.3 External Interface Panel Connectors

The table below lists the connectors on the external I/O panel.

Connector	Type	Label
Dual USB port	Dual USB port	USB1
Ethernet connectors	RJ-45	LAN1, LAN2
RS-232 serial port connector	Male DB-9	COM1
VGA connector	15-pin female	VGA1

Table 3-2: Rear Panel Connectors

3.2 Internal Peripheral Connectors

The section describes all of the connectors on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001.

3.2.1 5 V SATA Power Connectors

CN Label:	**SATA_PWR1, SATA_PWR2**
CN Type:	2-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-2**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-3**

Use the 5 V SATA power connectors to connect to SATA device power connection.
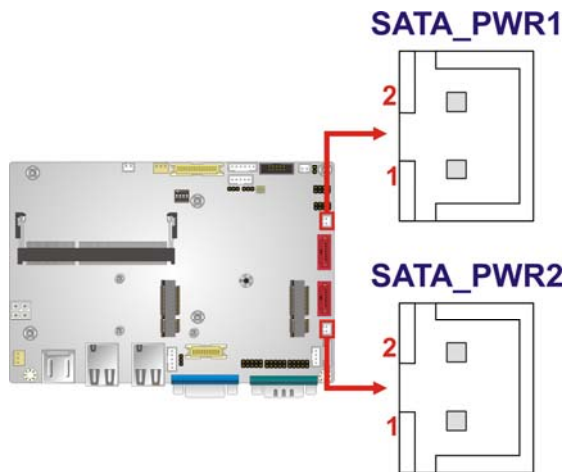
Figure 3-2: 5 V SATA Power Connector Locations

Pin No.	Description
1	+5V
2	Ground

Table 3-3: 5 V SATA Power Connector Pinouts

3.2.2 12 V Power Connector

CN Label:	**CN3**
CN Type:	4-pin Molex power connector
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-3**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-4**

The ATX power connector connects to an ATX power supply.
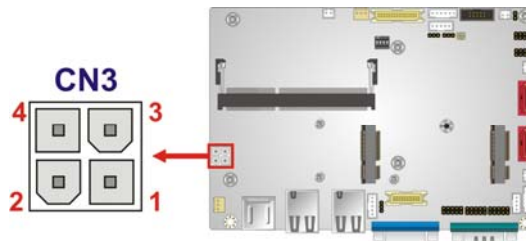
Figure 3-3: 12 V Power Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	GND
3	+12V
4	+12V

Table 3-4: 12 V Power Connector Pinouts

3.2.3 Audio Connector

CN Label:	**AUDIO1**
CN Type:	10-pin box header
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-4**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-5**

The 10-pin audio connector is connected to external audio devices including speakers and microphones for the input and output of audio signals to and from the system.
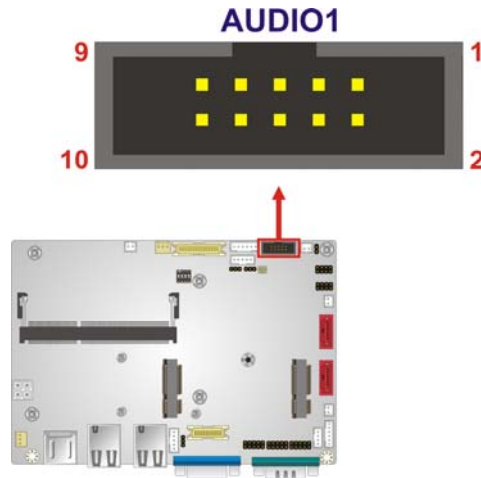
Figure 3-4: Audio Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	Line-out_R	2	Line-in_R
3	AUD_GND	4	AUD_GND
5	Line-out _L	6	Line-in _L
7	AUD_GND	8	AUD_GND
9	MIC1_R	10	MIC1_L

Table 3-5: Audio Connector Pinouts

3.2.4 Backlight Inverter Connectors

CN Label:	**INV1**, **INV2**
CN Type:	5-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-5**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-6**

The backlight inverter connectors provide the backlights on the LCD display connected to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 with +12V of power.
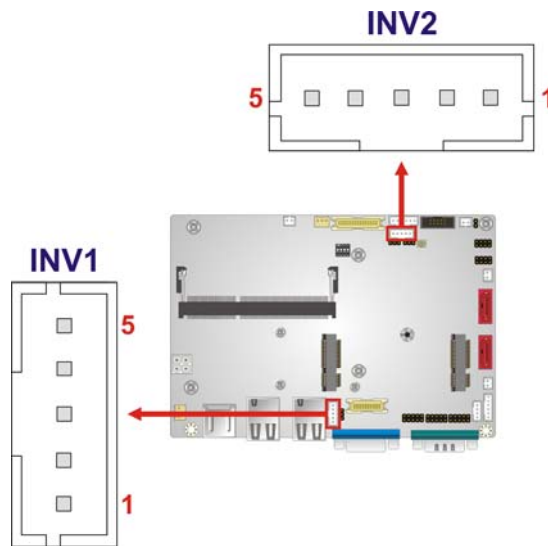
Figure 3-5: Backlight Inverter Connector Locations

Pin	Description
1	LCD_BKLTCTL
2	GROUND
3	+12V
4	GROUND
5	LCD_BKLEN

Table 3-6: Backlight Inverter Connector Pinouts

3.2.5 Battery Connector

⚠ **CAUTION:**

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Only certified engineers should replace the on-board battery.

Dispose of used batteries according to instructions and local regulations.

CN Label: **CN1**

CN Type: 2-pin wafer

CN Location: See **Figure 3-6**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-7**

This is connected to the system battery. The battery provides power to the system clock to retain the time when power is turned off.
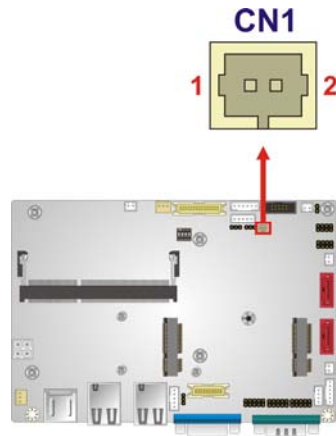
Figure 3-6: Battery Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	Battery+
2	GND

Table 3-7: Battery Connector Pinouts

3.2.6 Digital Input/Output (DIO) Connector

CN Label: DIO1

CN Type: 10-pin header

CN Location: See **Figure 3-7**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-8**

The digital input/output connector is managed through a Super I/O chip. The DIO connector pins are user programmable.
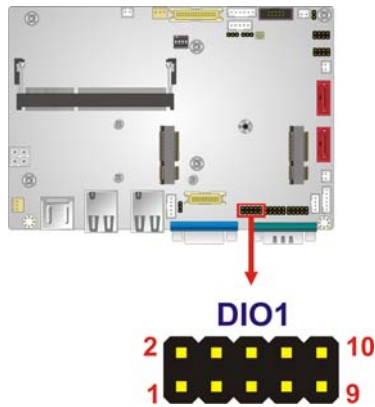
Figure 3-7: Digital I/O Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	VCC
3	Output 3	4	Output 2
5	Output 1	6	Output 0
7	Input 3	8	Input 2
9	Input 1	10	Input 0

Table 3-8: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts

3.2.7 Fan Connectors

CN Label:	**CPU_FAN1, SYS_FAN1**
CN Type:	3-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-8**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-9**

The fan connectors attach to the CPU/system cooling fans.
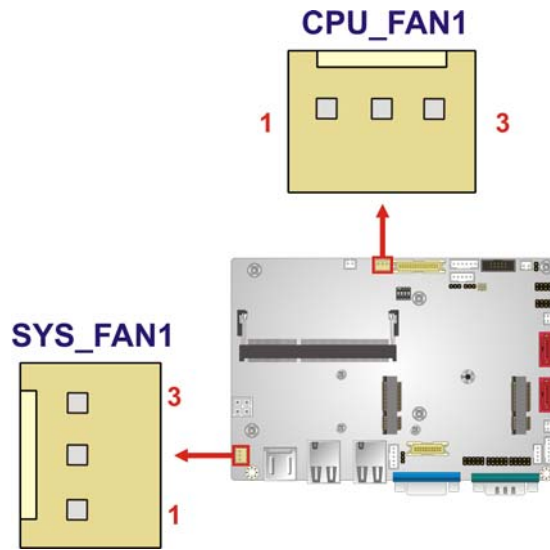
Figure 3-8: Fan Connector Locations

PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	GND
2	+12 V
3	Fan Speed Detect

Table 3-9: Fan Connector Pinouts

3.2.8 Keyboard/Mouse Connector

CN Label:	**KB_MS1**
CN Type:	6-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-9**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-10**

The keyboard and mouse connector can be connected to a standard PS/2 cable or PS/2 Y-cable to add keyboard and mouse functionality to the system.
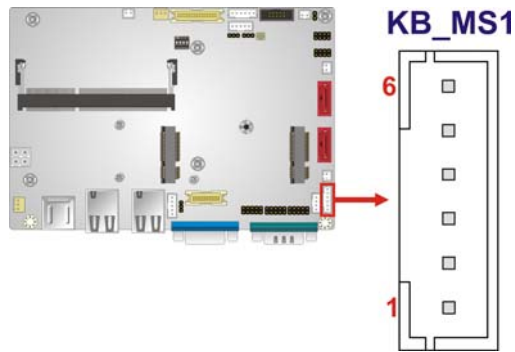
Figure 3-9: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+5 V KB DATA
2	MS DATA
3	MS CLK
4	KB DATA
5	KB CLK
6	GROUND

Table 3-10: Keyboard/Mouse Connector Pinouts

3.2.9 LVDS1 Connector

CN Label:	**LVDS1**
CN Type:	20-pin crimp
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-10**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-11**

The 20-pin LVDS LCD connector can be connected to an 18-bit/24-bit single-channel LVDS panel.
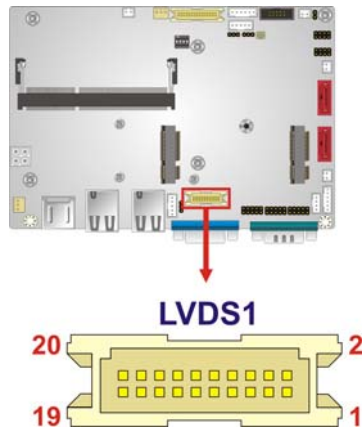
Figure 3-10: LVDS1 Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDS_DATA0	4	LVDS_DATA0#
5	LVDS_DATA1	6	LVDS_DATA1#
7	LVDS_DATA2	8	LVDS_DATA2#
9	LVDS_CLK	10	LVDS_CLK#
11	LVDS_DATA3	12	LVDS_DATA3#
13	GND	14	GND
15	LDDC_DATA	16	LDDC_CLK
17	VCC_LCD	18	VCC_LCD
19	VCC_LCD	20	VCC_LCD

Table 3-11: LVDS1 Connector Pinouts

3.2.10 LVDS2 Connector

CN Label: **LVDS2**

CN Type: 30-pin crimp

CN Location: See **Figure 3-11**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-12**

The 30-pin LVDS LCD connector can be connected to a 24-bit dual-channel LVDS panel.
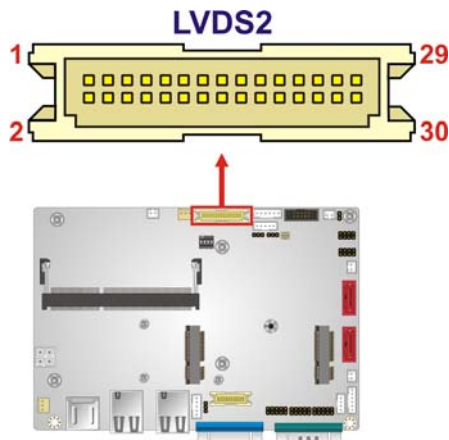
Figure 3-11: LVDS2 Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	GND	2	GND
3	LVDS_DATA0	4	LVDS_DATA0#
5	LVDS_DATA1	6	LVDS_DATA1#
7	LVDS_DATA2	8	LVDS_DATA2#
9	LVDS_CLK1	10	LVDS_CLK1#
11	LVDS_DATA3	12	LVDS_DATA3#
13	GND	14	GND
15	LVDS_DATA4	16	LVDS_DATA4#
17	LVDS_DATA5	18	LVDS_DATA5#
19	LVDS_DATA6	20	LVDS_DATA6#
21	LVDS_CLK2	22	LVDS_CLK2#
23	LVDS_DATA7	24	LVDS_DATA7#
25	GND	26	GND
27	VCC_LCD	28	VCC_LCD
29	VCC_LCD	30	VCC_LCD

Table 3-12: LVDS2 Connector Pinouts

3.2.11 LVDS2 Backlight Control Connector

CN Label:	**CN6**
CN Type:	6-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-12**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-13**

This connector allows control of the LVDS2 panel backlight.
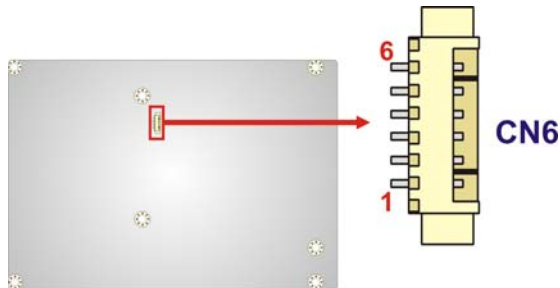
Figure 3-12: LVDS2 Backlight Control Connector Location

Function	Pin	Description
Panel power button	1	PWRDN
	2	GND
Panel brightness +	3	BLUP
	4	GND
Panel brightness -	5	BLDN
	6	GND

Table 3-13: LVDS2 Backlight Control Connector Pinouts

3.2.12 PCIe Mini Card Slots

CN Label:	**M_PCIE1, M_PCIE2**
CN Type:	52-pin PCIe Mini card slot
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-13**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-14**

The **M_PCIE2** slot can be connected to a full-size PCIe Mini card while the **M_PCIE1** slot can be connected to a half-size PCIe Mini card.

![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

The **M_PCIE2** slot supports mSATA devices.
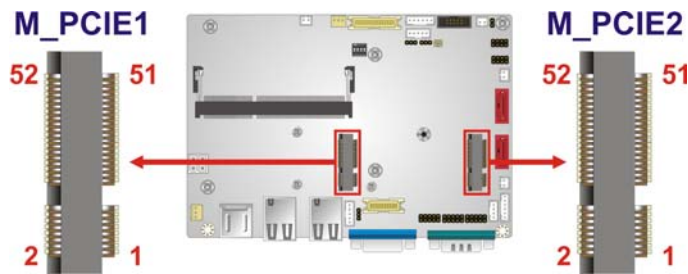
Figure 3-13: PCIe Mini Card Slot Locations

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	PCIE_WAKE#	2	VCC3
3	N/C	4	GND
5	N/C	6	1.5V
7	N/C	8	N/C
9	GND	10	N/C
11	PCIE_CLK#	12	N/C
13	PCIE_CLK	14	N/C
15	GND	16	N/C
17	N/C	18	GND
19	N/C	20	N/C
21	GND	22	PCIRST#
23	PCIE_RXN	24	VCC3
25	PCIE_RXP	26	GND
27	GND	28	1.5V
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PCIE_TXN	32	SMBDATA
33	PCIE_TXP	34	GND
35	GND	36	USBD-

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
37	GND	38	USBD+
39	VCC3	40	GND
41	VCC3	42	N/C
43	GND	44	N/C
45	N/C	46	N/C
47	N/C	48	1.5V
49	N/C	50	GND
51	N/C	52	VCC3

Table 3-14: PCIe Mini Card Slot Pinouts

3.2.13 Power & HDD LED Connector

CN Label: CN2

CN Type: 6-pin wafer

CN Location: See **Figure 3-14**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-15**

The LED connector connects to an HDD indicator LED and a power LED on the system chassis to inform the user about HDD activity and the power on/off status of the system.
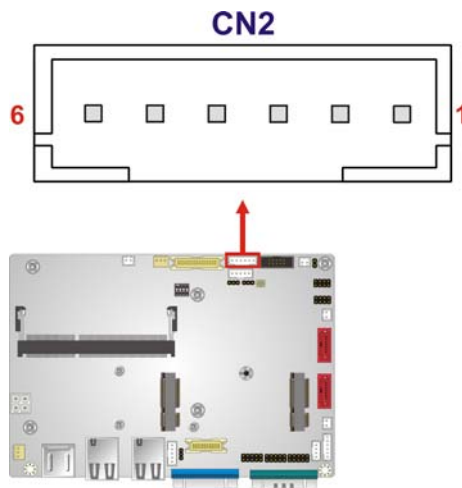
Figure 3-14: Power & HDD LED Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	+5V
2	GND
3	Power LED+
4	Power LED-
5	HDD LED+
6	HDD LED-

Table 3-15: Power & HDD LED Connector Pinouts

3.2.14 Power Button Connector

CN Label:	**PWR_BTN1**
CN Type:	2-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-15**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-16**

The power button connector is connected to a power switch on the system chassis to enable users to turn the system on and off.
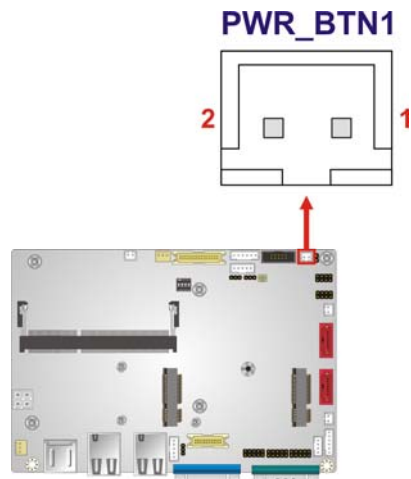
Figure 3-15: Power Button Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	PWR_BTN+
2	PWR_BTN-

Table 3-16: Power Button Connector Pinouts

3.2.15 Reset Button Connector

CN Label:	**RST_BTN1**
CN Type:	2-pin wafer
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-16**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-17**

The reset button connector is connected to a reset switch on the system chassis to enable users to reboot the system when the system is turned on.
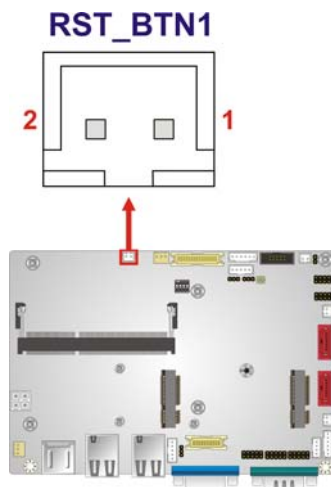
Figure 3-16: Reset Button Connector Location

Pin	Description
1	RESET+
2	RESET-

Table 3-17: Reset Button Connector Pinouts

3.2.16 RS-232 Serial Port Connectors

CN Label:	**COM2, COM3**
CN Type:	10-pin header
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-17**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-18**

Each of these connectors provides RS-232 connections.
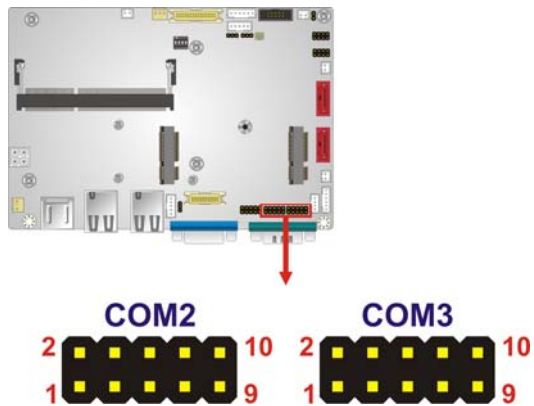
Figure 3-17: RS-232 Serial Port Connector Locations

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DCD	2	DSR
3	RXD	4	RTS
5	TXD	6	CTS
7	DTR	8	RI
9	GND	10	GND

Table 3-18: RS-232 Serial Port Connector Pinouts

3.2.17 RS-422/485 Serial Port Connector

CN Label: COM4

CN Type: 4-pin wafer

CN Location: See **Figure 3-18**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-19**

 NOTE:

These pins are shared with those on the main serial port. Use either the pins on the main connector, or on this connector, but not both.

This connector provides RS-422 or RS-485 communications.
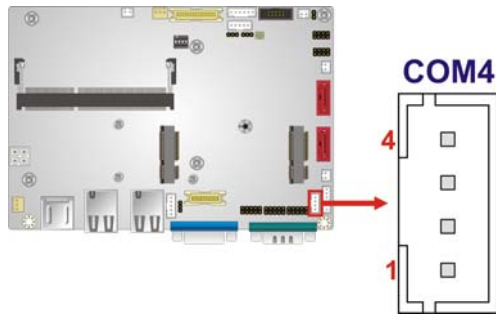
Figure 3-18: RS-422/485 Connector Location

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	RXD422-	3	TXD422+/TXD485+
2	RXD422+	4	TXD422-/TXD485-

Table 3-19: RS-422/485Connector Pinouts

3.2.18 SATA Drive Connectors

CN Label:　　　**SATA1, SATA2**

CN Type:　　　7-pin SATA drive connector

CN Location:　See **Figure 3-19**

CN Pinouts:　　See **Table 3-20**

The SATA drive connectors can be connected to SATA drives and support up to 3Gb/s data transfer rate.
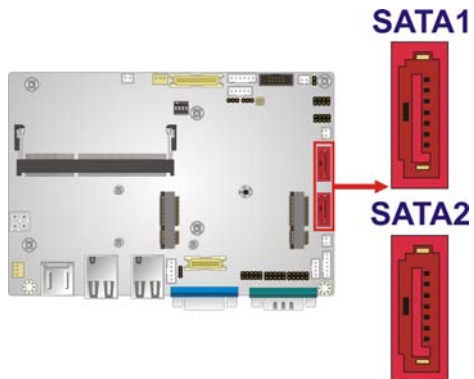
Figure 3-19: SATA Drive Connector Locations

Pin	Description
1	GND
2	TX+
3	TX-
4	GND
5	RX-
6	RX+
7	GND

Table 3-20: SATA Drive Connector Pinouts

3.2.19 USB Connectors

CN Label:	**USB2, USB3**
CN Type:	8-pin header
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-20**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-21**

Each USB connector provides connectivity to two USB 1.1/2.0 ports.
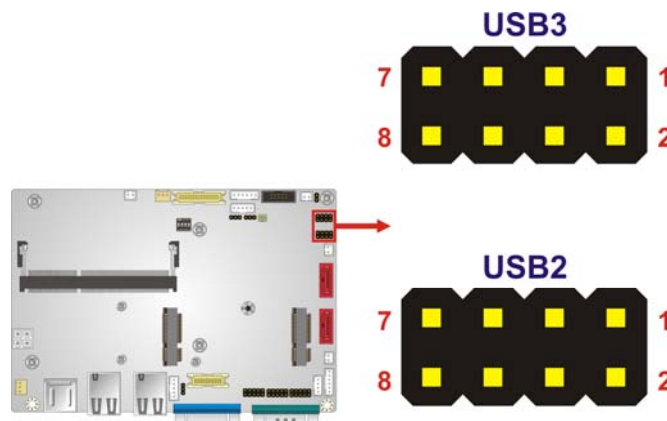
Figure 3-20: USB Connector Locations

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	USB_VCC	2	GND
3	DATA-	4	DATA+
5	DATA+	6	DATA-

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
7	GND	8	USB_VCC

Table 3-21: USB Connector Pinouts

3.3 External Peripheral Interface Connector Panel

The figure below shows the external peripheral interface connector (EPIC) panel. The EPIC panel consists of the following:
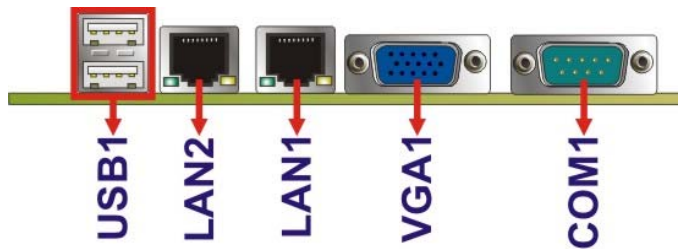
Figure 3-21: External Peripheral Interface Connector

3.3.1 Ethernet Connectors

CN Label: **LAN1, LAN2**

CN Type: RJ-45 connector

CN Location: See **Figure 3-21**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-22**

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is equipped with two built-in RJ-45 Ethernet controllers. Each controller can connect to the LAN through one RJ-45 LAN connector.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	LAN1_MDI0+	5	LAN1_MDI2+
2	LAN1_MDI0-	6	LAN1_MDI2-
3	LAN1_MDI1+	7	LAN1_MDI3+
4	LAN1_MDI1-	8	LAN1_MDI3-

Table 3-22: LAN Pinouts
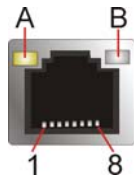
Figure 3-22: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector

LED	Description	LED	Description
A	on: linked blinking: data is being sent/received	B	off: 10 Mb/s green: 100 Mb/s orange: 1000 Mb/s

Table 3-23: RJ-45 Ethernet Connector LEDs

3.3.2 Serial Port Connector (COM1)

CN Label: COM1

CN Type: Male DB-9 connector

CN Location: See **Figure 3-21**

CN Pinouts: See **Table 3-24** and **Figure 3-23**

The serial port connects to a RS-232 serial communications device.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	DATA CARRIER DETECT (DCD)	6	DATA SET READY (DSR)
2	RECEIVE DATA (RXD)	7	REQUEST TO SEND (RTS)
3	TRANSMIT DATA (TXD)	8	CLEAR TO SEND (CTS)
4	DATA TERMINAL READY (DTR)	9	RING INDICATOR (RI)
5	GND		

Table 3-24: RS-232 Serial Port (COM 1) Pinouts
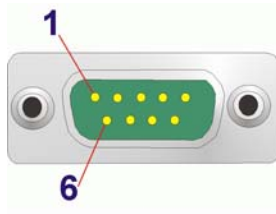
Figure 3-23: COM1 Pinout Locations

3.3.3 USB Connectors

CN Label:	**USB1**
CN Type:	Dual USB port
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-21**
CN Pinouts:	See **Table 3-25**

The ports connect to both USB 2.0 and USB 1.1 devices.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	USB_VCC	2	USB_VCC
3	DATA-	4	DATA-
5	DATA+	6	DATA+
7	GND	8	GND

Table 3-25: USB Port Pinouts

3.3.4 VGA Connector

CN Label:	**VGA1**
CN Type:	15-pin Female
CN Location:	See **Figure 3-21**
CN Pinouts:	See **Figure 3-24** and **Table 3-26**

The VGA connector connects to a monitor that accepts a standard VGA input.

Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	RED	2	GREEN
3	BLUE	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	GND	8	GND
9	VGAVCC	10	GND
11	NC	12	DDCDAT
13	HSYNC	14	VSYNC
15	DDCCLK		

Table 3-26: VGA Connector Pinouts
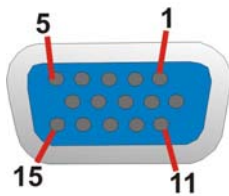
Figure 3-24: VGA Connector

![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

Due to Intel® GMA driver limitation, the monitor connected to the VGA connector may become extended desktop or not have signal to it after restarting from the graphics driver installation. To work out this limitation, press the Ctrl+Alt+F1 hotkey to switch the primary display to CRT mode.

Chapter

4

Installation

4.1 Anti-static Precautions

 WARNING:

Failure to take ESD precautions during the installation of the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 may result in permanent damage to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 and severe injury to the user.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can cause serious damage to electronic components, including the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001. Dry climates are especially susceptible to ESD. It is therefore critical that whenever the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 or any other electrical component is handled, the following anti-static precautions are strictly adhered to.

- *Wear an anti-static wristband*: - Wearing a simple anti-static wristband can help to prevent ESD from damaging the board.
- *Self-grounding*:- Before handling the board touch any grounded conducting material. During the time the board is handled, frequently touch any conducting materials that are connected to the ground.
- *Use an anti-static pad*: When configuring the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001, place it on an antic-static pad. This reduces the possibility of ESD damaging the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001.
- *Only handle the edges of the PCB*:-: When handling the PCB, hold the PCB by the edges.

4.2 Installation Considerations

 NOTE:

The following installation notices and installation considerations should be read and understood before installation. All installation notices must be strictly adhered to. Failing to adhere to these precautions may lead to severe damage and injury to the person performing the installation.

 ⚡ **WARNING:**

The installation instructions described in this manual should be
carefully followed in order to prevent damage to the components and
injury to the user.

Before and during the installation please **DO** the following:

- Read the user manual:
  ○ The user manual provides a complete description of the
    WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 installation instructions and configuration
    options.
- Wear an electrostatic discharge cuff (ESD):
  ○ Electronic components are easily damaged by ESD. Wearing an ESD cuff
    removes ESD from the body and helps prevent ESD damage.
- Place the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 on an antistatic pad:
  ○ When installing or configuring the motherboard, place it on an antistatic
    pad. This helps to prevent potential ESD damage.
- Turn all power to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 off:
  ○ When working with the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001, make sure that it is
    disconnected from all power supplies and that no electricity is being fed
    into the system.

Before and during the installation of the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 **DO NOT:**

- Remove any of the stickers on the PCB board. These stickers are required for
  warranty validation.
- Use the product before verifying all the cables and power connectors are
  properly connected.
- Allow screws to come in contact with the PCB circuit, connector pins, or its
  components.

4.3 SO-DIMM Installation

![WARNING icon] **WARNING:**

Using incorrectly specified SO-DIMM may cause permanent damage to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001. Please make sure the purchased SO-DIMM complies with the memory specifications of the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001. SO-DIMM specifications compliant with the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 are listed in Chapter 1.

To install a SO-DIMM into a SO-DIMM socket, please follow the steps below and refer to **Figure 4-1**.
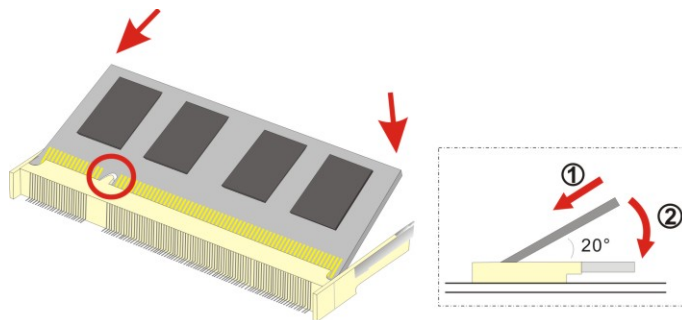
Figure 4-1: SO-DIMM Installation

Step 1: **Locate the SO-DIMM socket**. Place the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 on an anti-static pad with the solder side facing up.

Step 2: **Align the SO-DIMM with the socket**. The SO-DIMM must be oriented in such a way that the notch in the middle of the SO-DIMM must be aligned with the plastic bridge in the socket.

Step 3: **Insert the SO-DIMM**. Push the SO-DIMM chip into the socket at an angle. (See **Figure 4-1**)

Step 4: **Open the SO-DIMM socket arms**. Gently pull the arms of the SO-DIMM socket out and push the rear of the SO-DIMM down. (See **Figure 4-1**)

Step 5: **Secure the SO-DIMM**. Release the arms on the SO-DIMM socket. They clip into place and secure the SO-DIMM in the socket.

4.4 Jumper Settings

NOTE:

A jumper is a metal bridge used to close an electrical circuit. It consists of two or three metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To CLOSE/SHORT a jumper means connecting the pins of the jumper with the plastic clip and to OPEN a jumper means removing the plastic clip from a jumper.
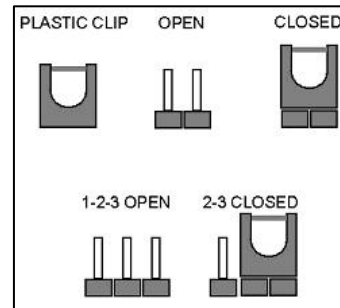
The hardware jumpers must be set before installation. Jumpers are shown in **Table 4-1**.

Description	Label	Type
AT/ATX power selection	JP2	2-pin header
Clear CMOS	JP3	3-pin header
LVDS1 voltage selection	JP4	3-pin header
LVDS2 voltage selection	JP1	3-pin header
LVDS2 panel type selection	SW1	4-pin switch

Table 4-1: Jumpers

4.4.1 AT/ATX Power Selection Jumper

Jumper Label: **JP2**

Jumper Type: 2-pin header

Jumper Settings: See **Table 4-2**

Jumper Location: See **Figure 4-2**

The AT/ATX power selection jumper specifies the system power mode as AT or ATX.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	Use ATX power (Default)
Off	Use AT power

Table 4-2: AT/ATX Power Selection Jumper Settings
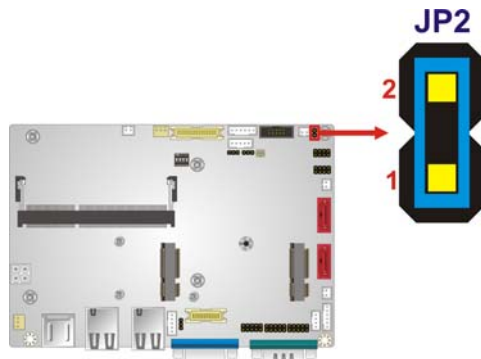
Figure 4-2: AT/ATX Power Selection Jumper Location

4.4.2 Clear CMOS Jumper

Jumper Label:	**JP3**
Jumper Type:	3-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See **Table 4-3**
Jumper Location:	See **Figure 4-3**

To reset the BIOS, move the jumper to the "Clear BIOS" position for 3 seconds or more, and then move back to the default position.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	Normal
Short 2-3	Clear BIOS

Table 4-3: Clear CMOS Jumper Settings
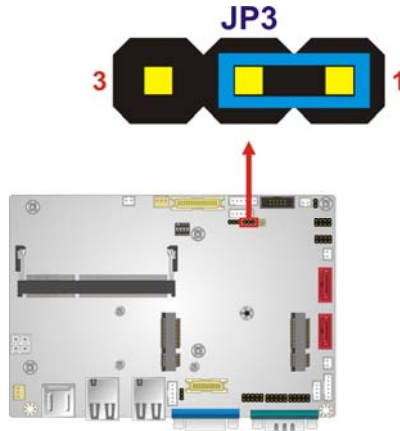
Figure 4-3: Clear CMOS Jumper Location

4.4.3 LVDS1 Voltage Selection

WARNING:

Permanent damage to the screen and WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 may occur if the wrong voltage is selected with this jumper. Please refer to the user guide that came with the monitor to select the correct voltage.

Jumper Label:	JP4
Jumper Type:	3-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See **Table 4-4**
Jumper Location:	See **Figure 4-4**

Sets the voltage provided to the monitor by LVDS1.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3V LVDS (Default)
Short 2-3	+5V LVDS

Table 4-4: LVDS1 Voltage Selection Jumper Settings
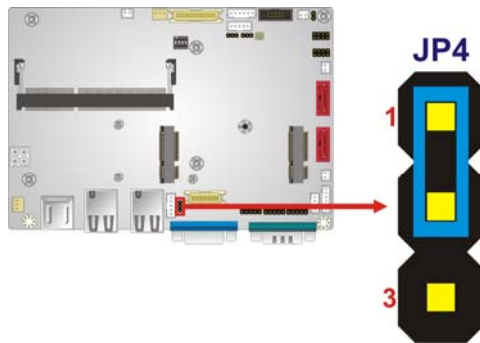
Figure 4-4: LVDS1 Voltage Selection Jumper Location

4.4.4 LVDS2 Voltage Selection

 WARNING:

Permanent damage to the screen and WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 may occur if the wrong voltage is selected with this jumper. Please refer to the user guide that came with the monitor to select the correct voltage.

Jumper Label:	JP1
Jumper Type:	3-pin header
Jumper Settings:	See **Table 4-5**
Jumper Location:	See **Figure 4-5**

Sets the voltage provided to the monitor connected to LVDS2.

Setting	Description
Short 1-2	+3.3V LVDS (Default)
Short 2-3	+5V LVDS

Table 4-5: LVDS2 Voltage Selection Jumper Settings
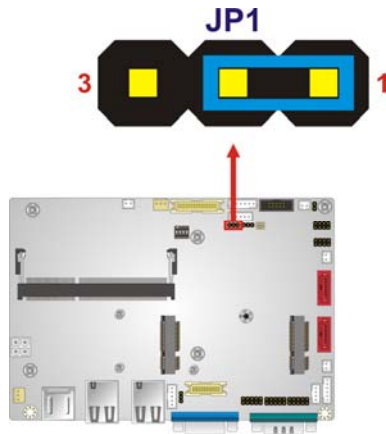
Figure 4-5: LVDS2 Voltage Selection Jumper Location

4.4.5 LVDS2 Panel Type Selection Jumper

Jumper Label:	**SW1**
Jumper Type:	4-pin switch
Jumper Settings:	See Table 4-6
Jumper Location:	See **Figure 4-6**

Sets the panel type of the LVDS2 video channel.

Pin No. 4321	EDID Resolution	Color Depth	Channel
0000	800 x 600 @ 60 Hz	18-bit	Single
0001	1024 x 768 @ 60Hz	18-bit	Single
0010	1024 x 768 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Single
0011	1280 x 768 @ 60Hz	18-bit	Single
0100	1280 x 800 @ 60Hz	18-bit	Single
0101	1280 x 960 @ 60Hz	18-bit	Single
0110	1280 x 1024 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual
0111	1366 x 768 @ 60Hz	18-bit	Single
1000	1366 x 768 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Single
1001	1440 x 900 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual
1010	1440 x 1050 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual
1011	1600 x 900 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual

Pin No. 4321	EDID Resolution	Color Depth	Channel
1100	1680 x 1050 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual
1101	1600 x 1200 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual
1110	1920 x 1080 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual
1111	1920 x 1200 @ 60Hz	24-bit	Dual

Table 4-6: LVDS2 Panel Resolution
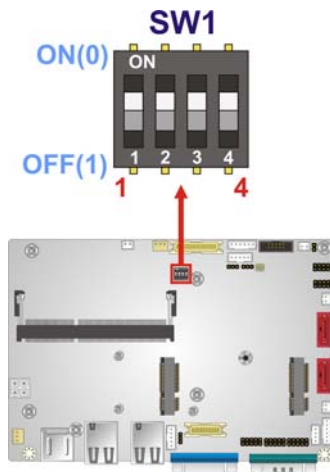
Figure 4-6: LVDS2 Panel Type Selection Switch Location

4.5 Chassis Installation

4.5.1 Airflow

WARNING:

Airflow is critical to the cooling of the CPU and other on-board components. The chassis in which the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 must have air vents to allow cool air to move into the system and hot air to move out.

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 must be installed in a chassis with ventilation holes on the sides allowing airflow to travel through the heat sink surface. In a system with an

individual power supply unit, the cooling fan of a power supply can also help generate airflow through the board surface.

 NOTE:

IEI has a wide range of chassis available. Please contact your WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 vendor, reseller or an IEI sales representative at sales@iei.com.tw or visit the IEI website (http://www.ieiworld.com.tw) to find out more about the available chassis.

4.5.2 Motherboard Installation

To install the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 motherboard into the chassis please refer to the reference material that came with the chassis.

4.6 Internal Peripheral Device Connections

This section outlines the installation of peripheral devices to the on-board connectors.

4.6.1 Audio Kit Installation

The Audio Kit that came with the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 connects to the 10-pin audio connector on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001. The audio kit consists of three audio jacks. One audio jack, Mic In, connects to a microphone. The remaining two audio jacks, Line-In and Line-Out, connect to two speakers. To install the audio kit, please refer to the steps below:

Step 1: **Locate the audio connector**. The location of the 10-pin audio connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Align pin 1**. Align pin 1 on the on-board connector with pin 1 on the audio kit connector. Pin 1 on the audio kit connector is indicated with a white dot. See **Figure 4-7**.
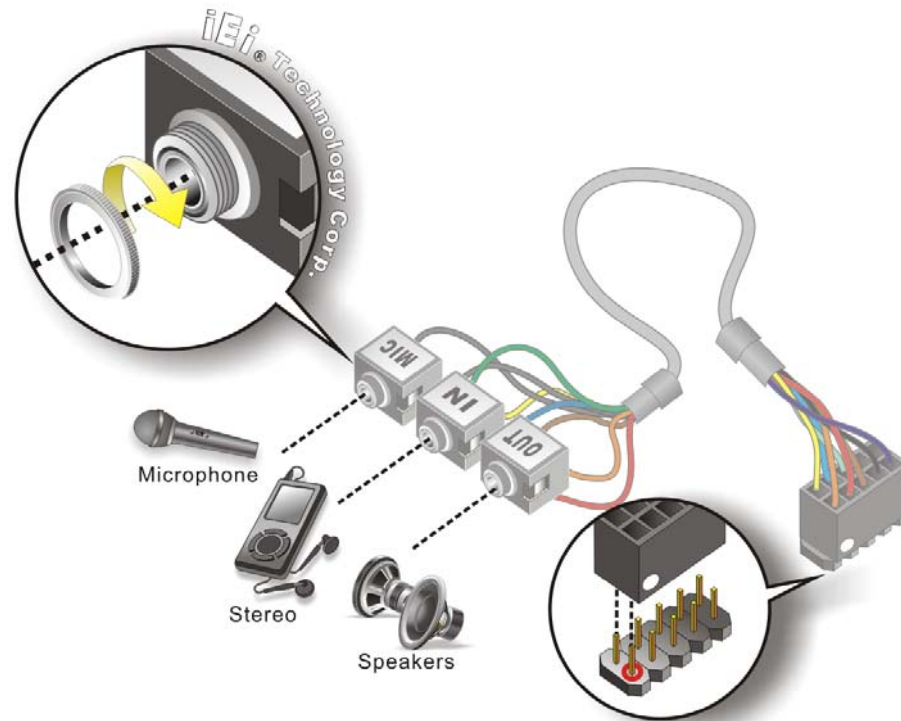
Figure 4-7: Audio Kit Cable Connection

Step 3: **Connect the audio devices**. Connect one speaker to the line-in audio jack, one speaker to the line-out audio jack and a microphone to the mic-in audio jack.

4.6.2 LVDS LCD Installation

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 can be connected to a TFT LCD screen through the LVDS crimp connectors on the board. To connect a TFT LCD to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the connector**. The locations of the LVDS connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Insert the cable connector**. Insert the connector from the LVDS PCB driving board to the LVDS connector as shown in **Figure 4-8**. When connecting the connectors, make sure the pins are properly aligned.

![WARNING icon] **WARNING:**

The diagram below is merely for illustration. The configuration and connection of the cables from the TFT LCD screen being installed may be different. Please refer to the installation manual that came with the TFT LCD screen.
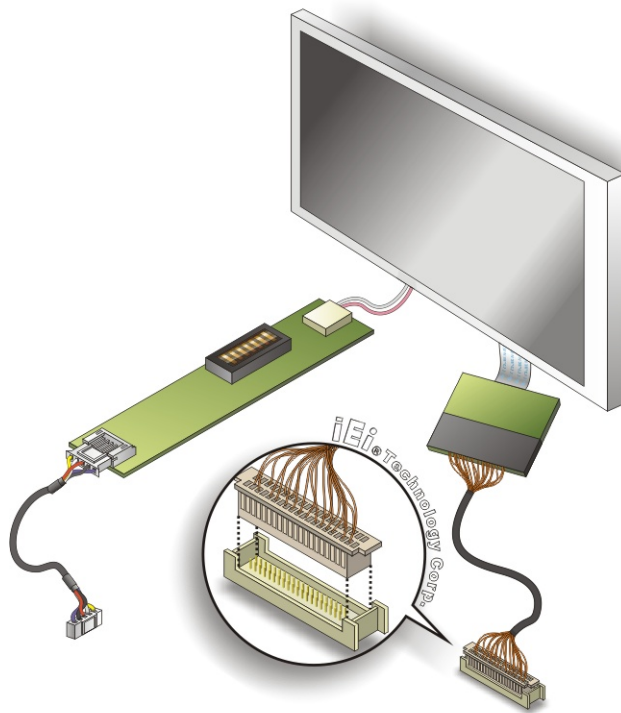
Figure 4-8: LVDS Connector

Step 3: **Locate the backlight inverter connector.** The locations of the backlight inverter connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 4: **Connect backlight connector**. Connect the backlight connector to the driver TFT LCD PCB as shown in **Figure 4-9**. When inserting the cable connector, make sure the pins are properly aligned.
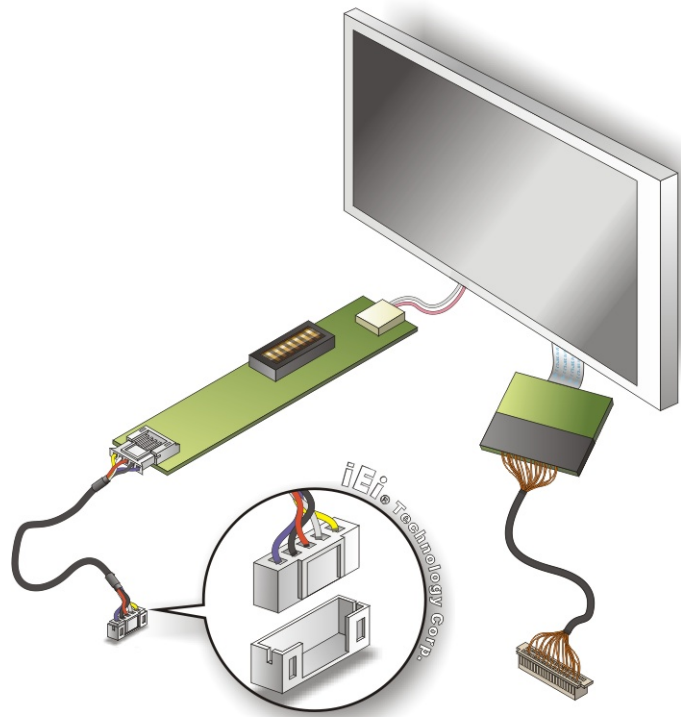
Figure 4-9: Backlight Inverter Connection

4.6.3 Full-size PCIe Mini Card Installation

To install a full-size PCIe Mini card, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the full-size PCIe Mini card slot**. The location of the full-size PCIe Mini card slot is shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Remove the retention screw**. Remove the retention screw secured on the motherboard as shown in **Figure 4-10**.
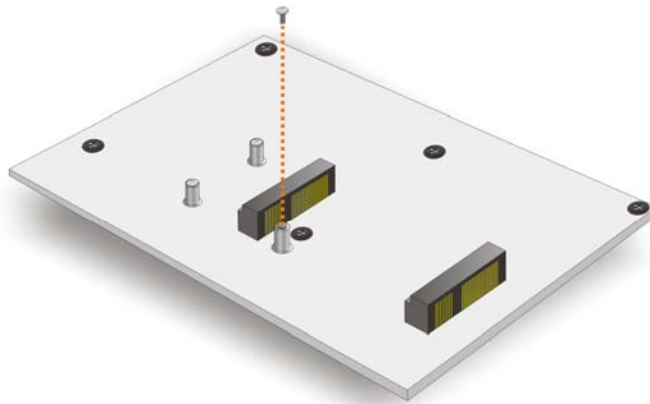
Figure 4-10: Remove the Retention Screw for the Full-size PCIe Mini Card

Step 3: **Insert into the socket at an angle**. Line up the notch on the card with the notch on the connector. Slide the PCIe Mini card into the socket at an angle of about 20⁰ (**Figure 4-11**).
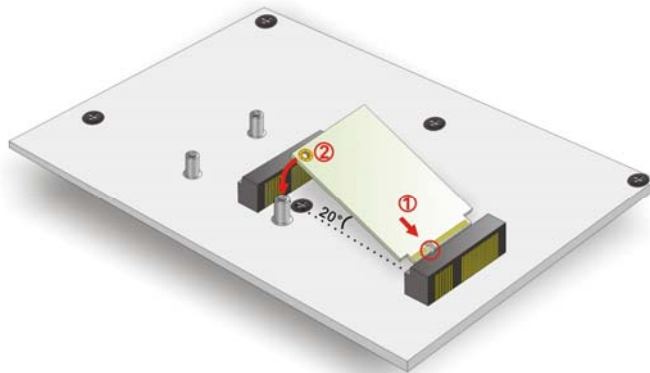
Figure 4-11: Insert the Full-size PCIe Mini Card into the Socket at an Angle

Step 4: **Secure the full-size PCIe Mini card**. Secure the full-size PCIe Mini card with the retention screw previously removed (**Figure 4-12**).
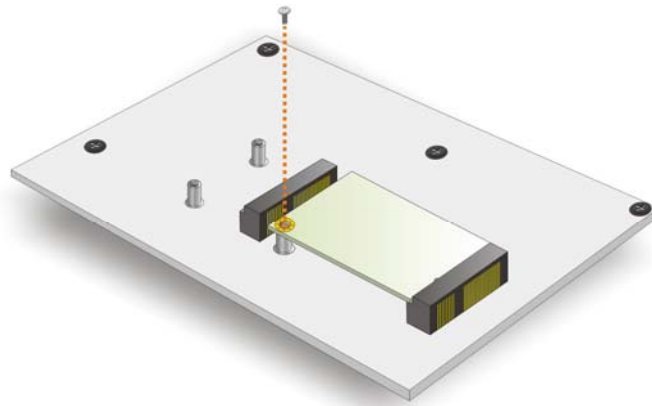
Figure 4-12: Secure the Full-size PCIe Mini Card

4.6.4 Half-size PCIe Mini Card Installation

To install a half-size PCIe Mini card, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the half-size PCIe Mini card slot**. The location of the half-size PCIe
Mini card slot is shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Remove the retention screws**. Remove the two retention screws secured on
the motherboard as shown in **Figure 4-13**.
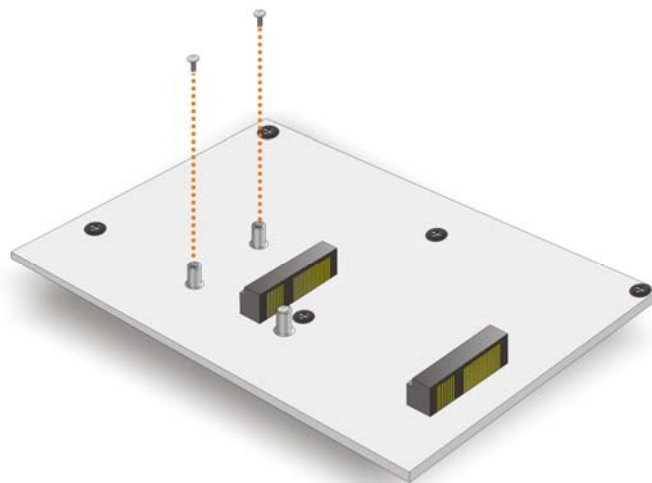
Figure 4-13: Remove the Retention Screws for the Half-size PCIe Mini Card

Step 3: **Insert into the socket at an angle**. Line up the notch on the card with the notch on the connector. Slide the PCIe Mini card into the socket at an angle of about 20º (**Figure 4-14**).
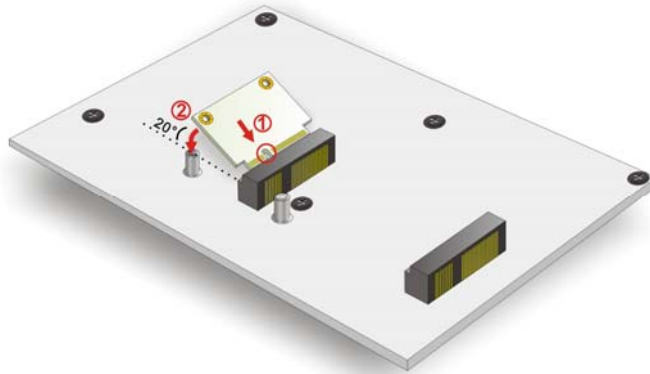
Figure 4-14: Insert the Half-size PCIe Mini Card into the Socket at an Angle

Step 4: **Secure the half-size PCIe Mini card**. Secure the half-size PCIe Mini card with the two retention screws previously removed (**Figure 4-15**).
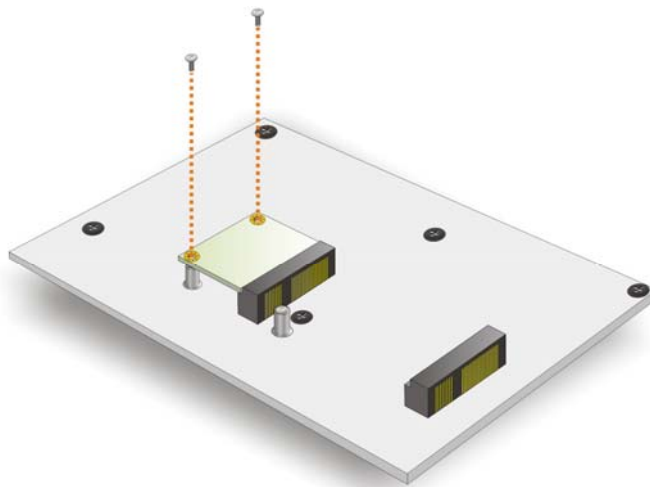
Figure 4-15: Secure the Half-size PCIe Mini Card

4.6.5 SATA Drive Connection

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is shipped with a SATA drive cable. To connect the SATA drive to the connector, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the SATA connector and the SATA power connector**. The locations of the connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Insert the cable connector**. Insert the cable connector into the on-board SATA drive connector and the SATA power connector. See **Figure 4-16**.
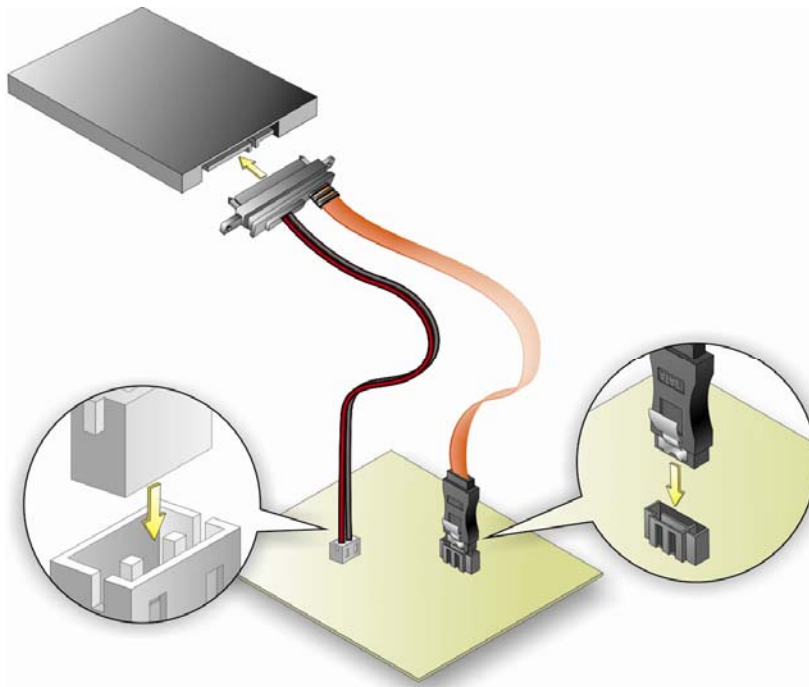
Figure 4-16: SATA Drive Cable Connection

Step 3: **Connect the cable to the SATA disk**. Connect the connector on the other end of the cable to the connector at the back of the SATA drive. See **Figure 4-16**.

Step 4: To remove the SATA cable from the SATA connector, press the clip on the connector at the end of the cable.

4.6.6 Single RS-232 Cable

The single RS-232 cable consists of one serial port connector attached to a serial communications cable that is then attached to a D-sub 9 male connector. To install the single RS-232 cable, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the connector**. The locations of the RS-232 connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Insert the cable connector**. Insert the connector into the serial port header. See **Figure 4-17**. A key on the front of the cable connector ensures the connector can only be installed in one direction.
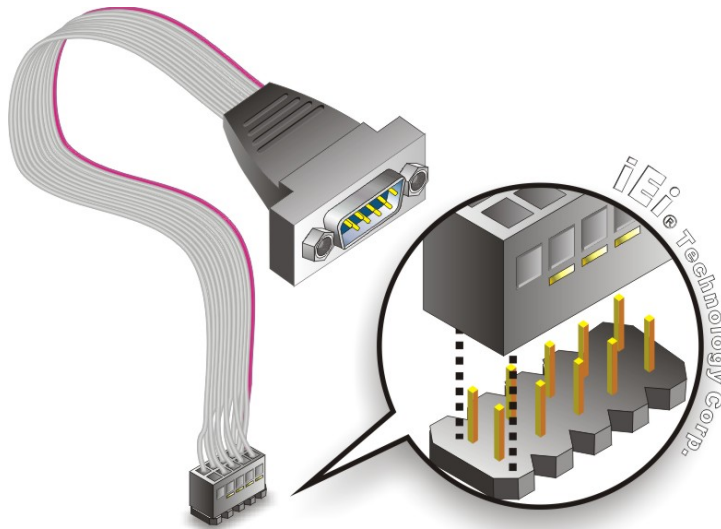
Figure 4-17: Single RS-232 Cable Installation

Step 3: **Secure the bracket**. The single RS-232 connector has two retention screws that must be secured to a chassis or bracket.

Step 4: **Connect the serial device**. Once the single RS-232 connector is connected to a chassis or bracket, a serial communications device can be connected to the system.

4.6.7 Keyboard/Mouse Y-cable Connector

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is shipped with a keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector. The keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector connects to a keyboard/mouse connector on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 and branches into two cables that are each connected to a PS/2 connector, one for a mouse and one for a keyboard. To connect the keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: **Locate the connector**. The location of the keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Align the connectors**. Correctly align pin 1 on the cable connector with pin 1 on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 keyboard/mouse connector. See **Figure 4-18**.

Step 3: **Insert the cable connectors** Once the cable connector is properly aligned with the keyboard/mouse connector on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001, connect the cable connector to the on-board connector. See **Figure 4-18**.
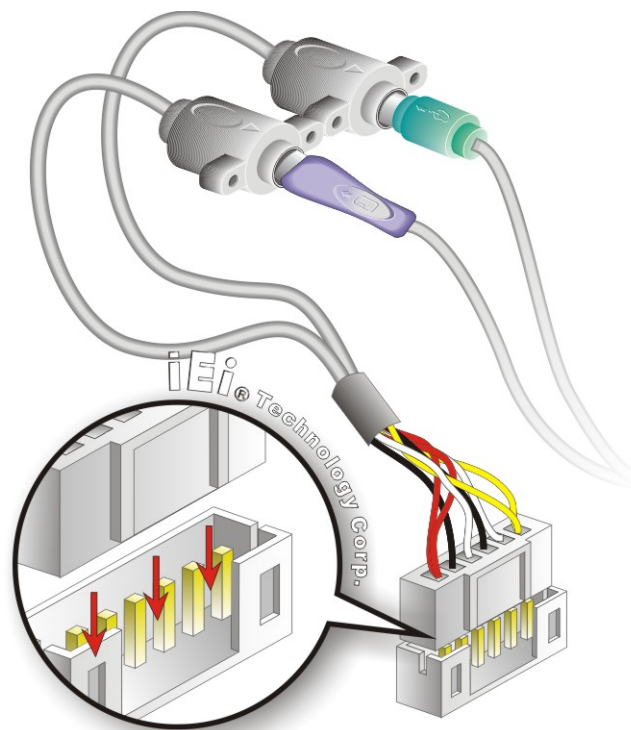
Figure 4-18: Keyboard/mouse Y-cable Connection

Step 4: **Attach PS/2 connectors to the chassis**. The keyboard/mouse Y-cable connector is connected to two PS/2 connectors. To secure the PS/2 connectors to the chassis please refer to the installation instructions that came with the chassis.

Step 5: **Connect the keyboard and mouse**. Once the PS/2 connectors are connected to the chassis, a keyboard and mouse can each be connected to one of the

PS/2 connectors. The keyboard PS/2 connector and mouse PS/2 connector are both marked. Please make sure the keyboard and mouse are connected to the correct PS/2 connector.

4.7 External Peripheral Interface Connection

This section describes connecting devices to the external connectors on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001.

4.7.1 LAN Connection

The RJ-45 connector enables connection to an external network. To connect a LAN cable with an RJ-45 connector, please follow the instructions below.

Step 1: **Locate the RJ-45 connector**. The locations of the RJ-45 connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Align the connectors.** Align the RJ-45 connector on the LAN cable with the RJ-45 connector on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001. See **Figure 4-19**.
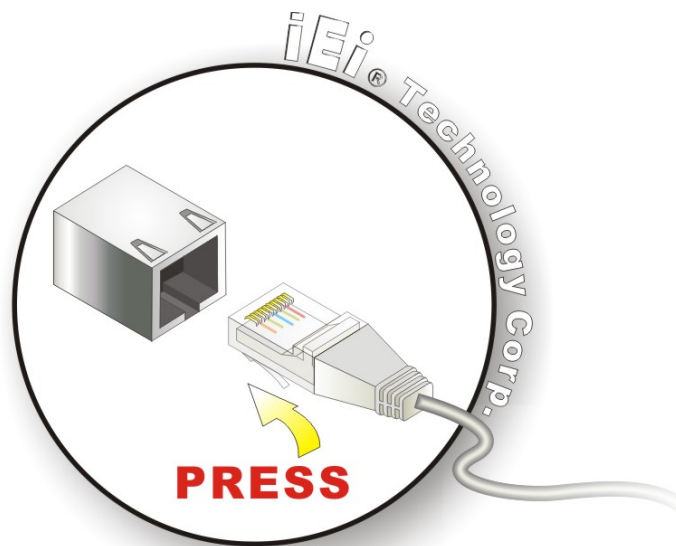
Figure 4-19: LAN Connection

Step 3: **Insert the LAN cable RJ-45 connector.** Once aligned, gently insert the LAN

cable RJ-45 connector into the on-board RJ-45 connector.

4.7.2 Serial Device Connection

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 has a single male DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface panel for a serial device. Follow the steps below to connect a serial device to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001.

Step 1: **Locate the DB-9 connector**. The location of the DB-9 connector is shown in

Chapter 3.

Step 2: **Insert the serial connector**. Insert the DB-9 connector of a serial device into

the DB-9 connector on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 4-20**.
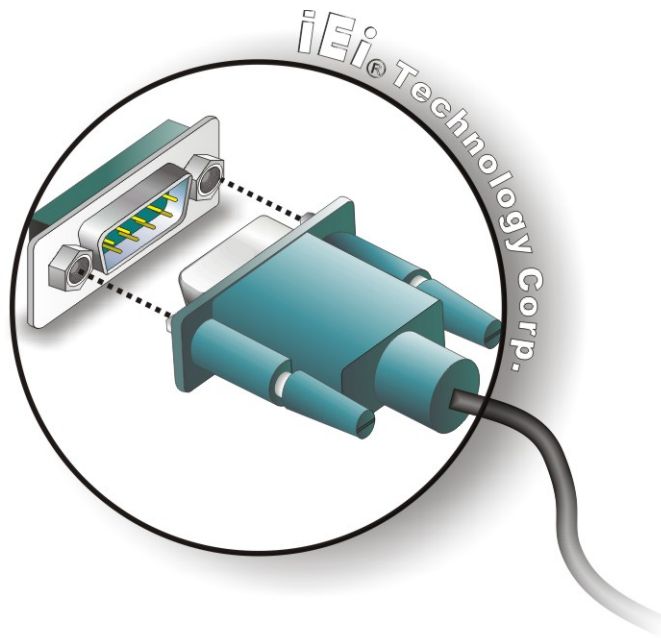
Figure 4-20: Serial Device Connector

Step 3: **Secure the connector**. Secure the serial device connector to the external

interface by tightening the two retention screws on either side of the connector.

4.7.3 USB Connection (Dual Connector)

The external USB Series "A" receptacle connectors provide easier and quicker access to external USB devices. Follow the steps below to connect USB devices to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001.

Step 1: **Locate the USB Series "A" receptacle connectors**. The locations of the USB Series "A" receptacle connectors are shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Insert a USB Series "A" plug**. Insert the USB Series "A" plug of a device into the USB Series "A" receptacle on the external peripheral interface. See **Figure 4-21**.
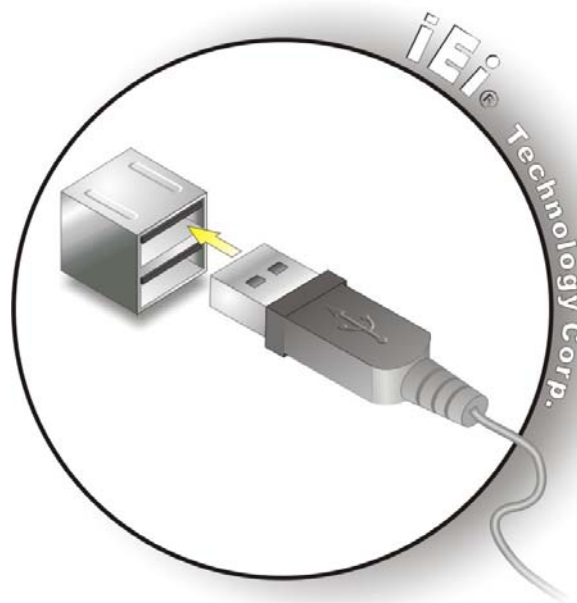
Figure 4-21: USB Connector

4.7.4 VGA Monitor Connection

The WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 has a single female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface panel. The DB-15 connector is connected to a CRT or VGA monitor. To connect a monitor to the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001, please follow the instructions below.

Step 1: **Locate the female DB-15 connector**. The location of the female DB-15

connector is shown in **Chapter 3**.

Step 2: **Align the VGA connector**. Align the male DB-15 connector on the VGA screen

cable with the female DB-15 connector on the external peripheral interface.

Step 3: **Insert the VGA connector** Once the connectors are properly aligned with the

insert the male connector from the VGA screen into the female connector on the

WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001. See **Figure 4-22**.
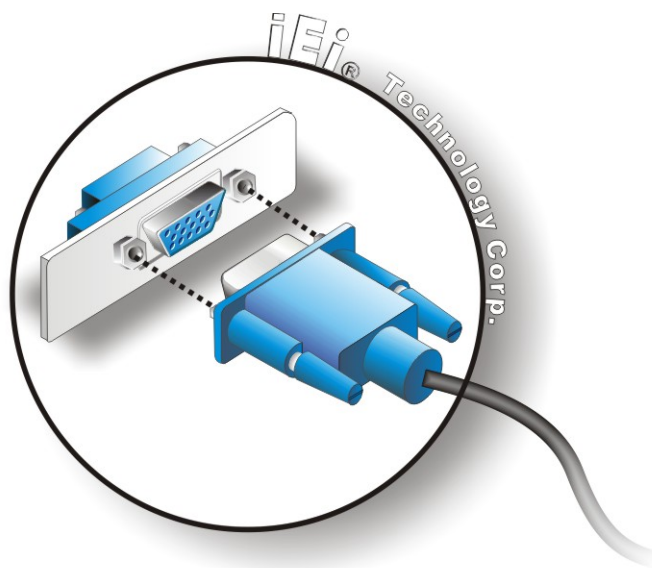
Figure 4-22: VGA Connector

Step 4: **Secure the connector**. Secure the DB-15 VGA connector from the VGA

monitor to the external interface by tightening the two retention screws on either

side of the connector.

4.8 Heat Sink Enclosure

⚠ **WARNING:**

Never run the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 without the heat sink secured to the board. The heat sink ensures the system remains cool and does not need addition heat sinks to cool the system.

⚠ **WARNING:**

When running the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001, do not put the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 directly on a surface that can not dissipate system heat, especially the wooden or plastic desk. It is highly recommended to run the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001

→ on a heat dissipation surface or

→ using copper pillars to hold the board up from the desk below

---

When the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is shipped it is secured to a heat sink with five retention screws. If the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 must be removed from the heat sink, the five retention screws must be removed.
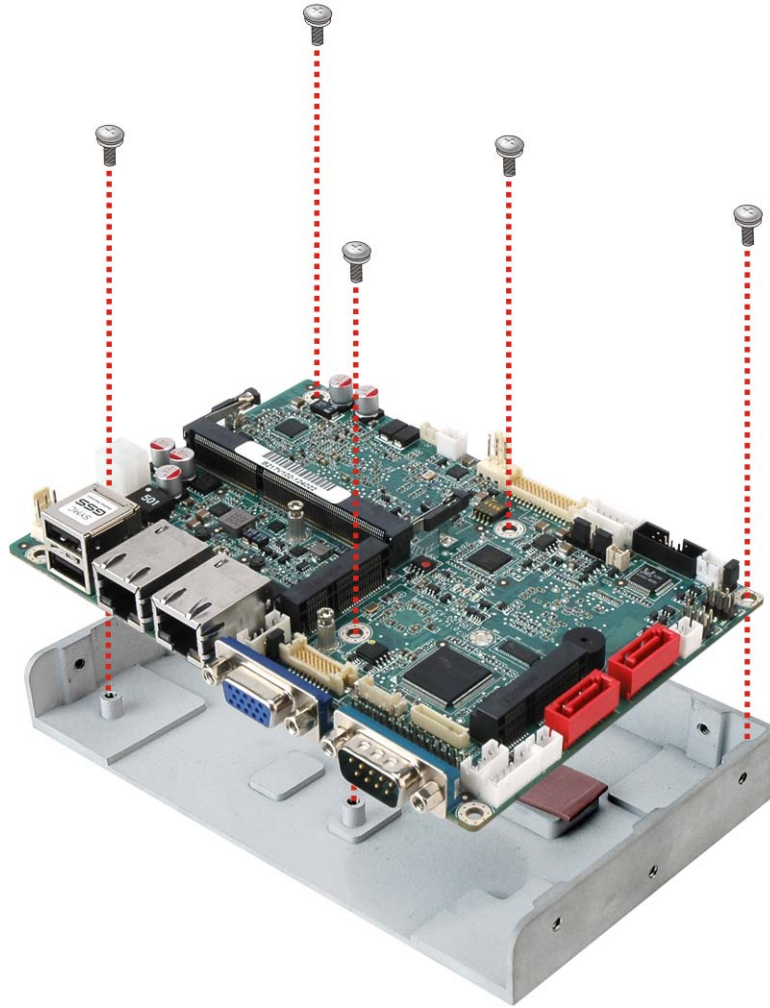
Figure 4-23: Heat Sink Retention Screws

Chapter

5

BIOS

5.1 Introduction

The BIOS is programmed onto the BIOS chip. The BIOS setup program allows changes to certain system settings. This chapter outlines the options that can be changed.

5.1.1 Starting Setup

The UEFI BIOS is activated when the computer is turned on. The setup program can be activated in one of two ways.

1. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key as soon as the system is turned on or
2. Press the **DEL** or **F2** key when the "**Press DEL or F2 to enter SETUP**" message appears on the screen.

If the message disappears before the **DEL or F2** key is pressed, restart the computer and try again.

5.1.2 Using Setup

Use the arrow keys to highlight items, press ENTER to select, use the PageUp and PageDown keys to change entries, press **F1** for help and press Esc to quit. Navigation keys are shown in the following table.

Key	Function
Up arrow	Move to previous item
Down arrow	Move to next item
Left arrow	Move to the item on the left hand side
Right arrow	Move to the item on the right hand side
+	Increase the numeric value or make changes
-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
Page Up key	Move to the next page
Page Dn key	Move to the previous page

Key	Function
Esc key	Main Menu – Quit and not save changes into CMOS Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu -- Exit current page and return to Main Menu
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu
F2	Load previous values
F3	Load optimized defaults
F4	Save changes and Exit BIOS

Table 5-1: BIOS Navigation Keys

5.1.3 Getting Help

When **F1** is pressed a small help window describing the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item appears. To exit the Help Window press **Esc** or the **F1** key again.

5.1.4 Unable to Reboot after Configuration Changes

If the computer cannot boot after changes to the system configuration are made, CMOS defaults. Use the jumper described in Chapter **4**.

5.1.5 BIOS Menu Bar

The **menu bar** on top of the BIOS screen has the following main items:

- Main – Changes the basic system configuration.
- Advanced – Changes the advanced system settings.
- Chipset – Changes the chipset settings.
- Boot – Changes the system boot configuration.
- Security – Sets User and Supervisor Passwords.
- Save & Exit – Selects exit options and loads default settings

The following sections completely describe the configuration options found in the menu items at the top of the BIOS screen and listed above.

5.2 Main

The **Main** BIOS menu (**BIOS Menu 1**) appears when the **BIOS Setup** program is entered. The **Main** menu gives an overview of the basic system information.

```
         Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
    Main    Advanced   Chipset    Boot    Security  Save & Exit

 BIOS Information                                            Set the Date. Use Tab to
 BIOS Vendor                     American Megatrends         switch between Data
 Core Version                    4.6.5.3 0.16                elements.
 Compliancy                      UEFI 2.3; PI 1.2
 Project Version                 B217AR10.ROM
 Build Date and Time             03/14/2012 11:53:40         ---------------------

                                                            →←: Select Screen
 System Date                     [Fri 04/13/2012]           ↑ ↓: Select Item
 System Time                     [15:10:27]                 Enter:  Select
                                                            +/-:  Change Opt.
 Access Level                    Administrator              F1:   General Help
                                                            F2:   Previous Values
                                                            F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                            F4:   Save & Exit
                                                            ESC: Exit
         Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 1: Main

➔ **System Overview**

The **BIOS Information** lists a brief summary of the BIOS. The fields in **BIOS Information** cannot be changed. The items shown in the system overview include:

- **BIOS Vendor:** Installed BIOS vendor
- **Core Version:** Current BIOS version
- **Project Version:** the board version
- **Build Date and Time:** Date and time the current BIOS version was made

The System Overview field also has two user configurable fields:

➔ **System Date [xx/xx/xx]**

Use the **System Date** option to set the system date. Manually enter the day, month and year.

➔ **System Time [xx:xx:xx]**

Use the **System Time** option to set the system time. Manually enter the hours, minutes and seconds.

5.3 Advanced

Use the **Advanced** menu (**BIOS Menu 2**) to configure the CPU and peripheral devices through the following sub-menus:

WARNING:

Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction. Make sure that the settings made are compatible with the hardware.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
    Main    Advanced   Chipset    Boot    Security  Save & Exit

 > ACPI Settings                                   System ACPI Parameters
 > RTC Wake Settings
 > CPU Configuration
 > IDE Configuration                               ----------------------
 > USB Configuration
 > F81866 Super IO Configuration                   ➔←: Select Screen
 > F81866 H/W Monitor                              ↑ ↓: Select Item
 > Serial Port Console Redirection                 Enter: Select
 > iEi Feature                                      +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                    F1:   General Help
                                                    F2:   Previous Values
                                                    F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                    F4:   Save & Exit
                                                    ESC: Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 2: Advanced

5.3.1 ACPI Settings

The **ACPI Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 3**) configures the Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) options.

```
    Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
         Advanced

ACPI Settings                                      Select the highest ACPI
                                                   sleep state the system
                                                   will enter when the
ACPI Sleep State               [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)]  SUSPEND button is
                                                   pressed.


                                                   ----------------------

                                                   →←: Select Screen
                                                   ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                   Enter: Select
                                                   +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                   F1:   General Help
                                                   F2:   Previous Values
                                                   F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                   F4:   Save & Exit
                                                   ESC:  Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
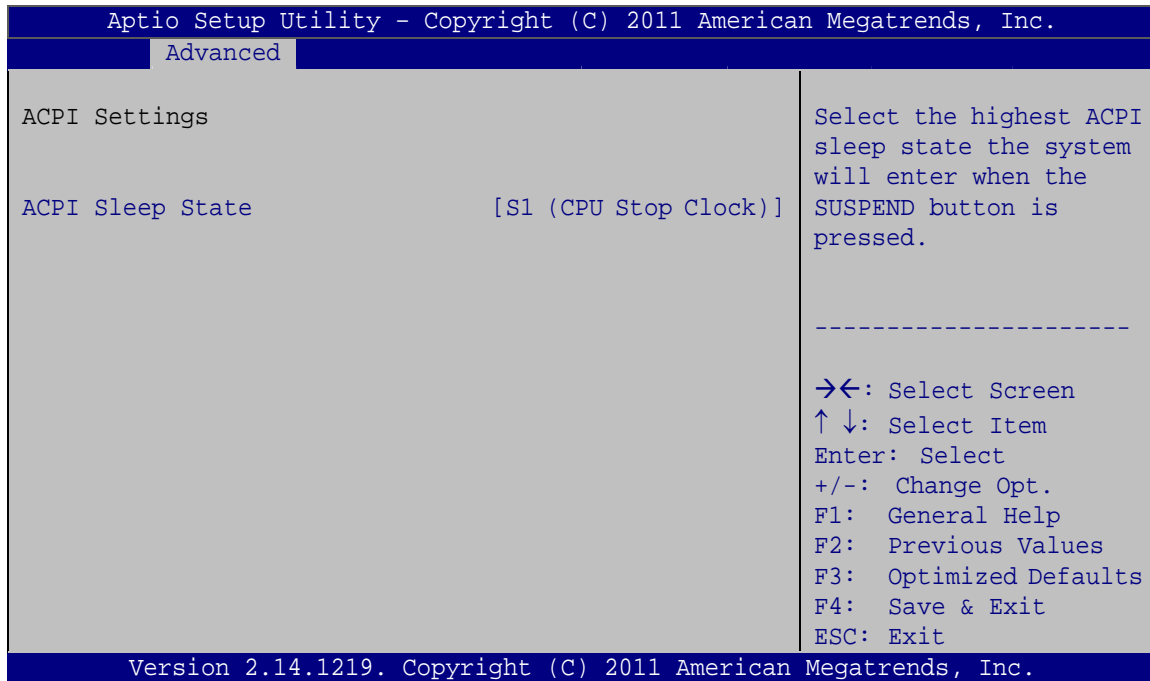
BIOS Menu 3: ACPI Settings

➔ **ACPI Sleep State [S1 (CPU Stop Clock)]**

Use the **ACPI Sleep State** option to specify the sleep state the system enters when it is not being used.

➔ **S1 (CPU Stop Clock)** DEFAULT — The system enters S1 (POS) sleep state. The system appears off. The CPU is stopped; RAM is refreshed; the system is running in a low power mode.

➔ **S3 (Suspend to RAM)** — The caches are flushed and the CPU is powered off. Power to the RAM is maintained. The computer returns slower to a working state, but more power is saved.

5.3.2 RTC Wake Settings

The **RTC Wake Settings** menu (**BIOS Menu 4**) enables the system to wake at the specified time.

```
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
      Advanced

Wake system with Fixed Time      [Disabled]           Enable or disable System
                                                      wake on alarm event. When
                                                      enabled, System will
                                                      wake on the
                                                      date::hr::min::sec
                                                      specified

                                                      ---------------------

                                                      →←: Select Screen
                                                      ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                      Enter: Select
                                                      +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                      F1:  General Help
                                                      F2:  Previous Values
                                                      F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                      F4:  Save & Exit
                                                      ESC: Exit
       Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
BIOS Menu 4: RTC Wake Settings

➔ **Wake system with Fixed Time [Disabled]**

Use the **Wake system with Fixed Time** option to enable or disable the system wake on alarm event.

➔ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** The real time clock (RTC) cannot generate a wake event

➔ **Enabled** If selected, the **Wake up every day** option appears allowing you to enable to disable the system to wake every day at the specified time. Besides, the following options appear with values that can be selected:

Wake up date

Wake up hour

Wake up minute

Wake up second

After setting the alarm, the computer turns itself on from a suspend state when the alarm goes off.

5.3.3 CPU Configuration

Use the **CPU Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 5**) to view detailed CPU specifications and configure the CPU.

```
       Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
          Advanced

CPU Configuration                                        Enabled for Windows XP
                                                         and Linux (OS optimized
Processor Type              Intel(R) Atom(TM)            for Hyper-Threading
                            CPU D2700 @ 2.13GHz          Technology) and Disabled
EMT64                       Not Supported                for other OS (OS not
Processor Speed             2132 MHz                     optimized for
System Bus Speed            533 MHz                      Hyper-Threading
Ratio Status                16                           Technology).
Actual Ratio                16
System Bus Speed            533 MHz                      ---------------------
Processor Stepping          30661
Microcode Revision          268                          →←: Select Screen
L1 Cache RAM                2x56 k                       ↑ ↓: Select Item
L2 Cache RAM                2x512 k                      Enter: Select
Processor Core              Dual                         +/-:  Change Opt.
Hyper-Threading             Supported                    F1:   General Help
                                                         F2:   Previous Values
Hyper-Threading             [Enabled]                    F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                         F4:   Save & Exit
                                                         ESC:  Exit

       Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 5: CPU Configuration

The CPU Configuration menu (**BIOS Menu 5**) lists the following CPU details:

- **Processor Type**: Lists the brand name of the CPU being used.
- **EMT64**: Indicates if EMT64 is supported by the CPU.
- **Processor Speed**: Lists the CPU processing speed.
- **System Bus Speed**: Lists the system bus speed.
- **Ratio Status**: Lists the ratio status.
- **Actual Ratio**: Lists the ratio of the frequency to the clock speed.
- **Processor Stepping**: Lists the CPU ID.
- **Microcode Revision**: Lists the microcode revision.
- **L1 Cache RAM**: Lists the CPU L1 cache size.
- **L2 Cache RAM**: Lists the CPU L2 cache size.
- **Processor Core**: Lists the number of the processor core.
- **Hyper-Threading**: Indicates if Intel HT Technology is supported by the CPU.

➔ **Hyper-Threading [Enabled]**

Use the **Hyper-Threading** BIOS option to enable or disable the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

➔ **Disabled**   Disables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

➔ **Enabled**   **DEFAULT**   Enables the Intel Hyper-Threading Technology.

5.3.4 IDE Configuration

Use the **IDE Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 6**) to change and/or set the configuration of the SATA devices installed in the system.
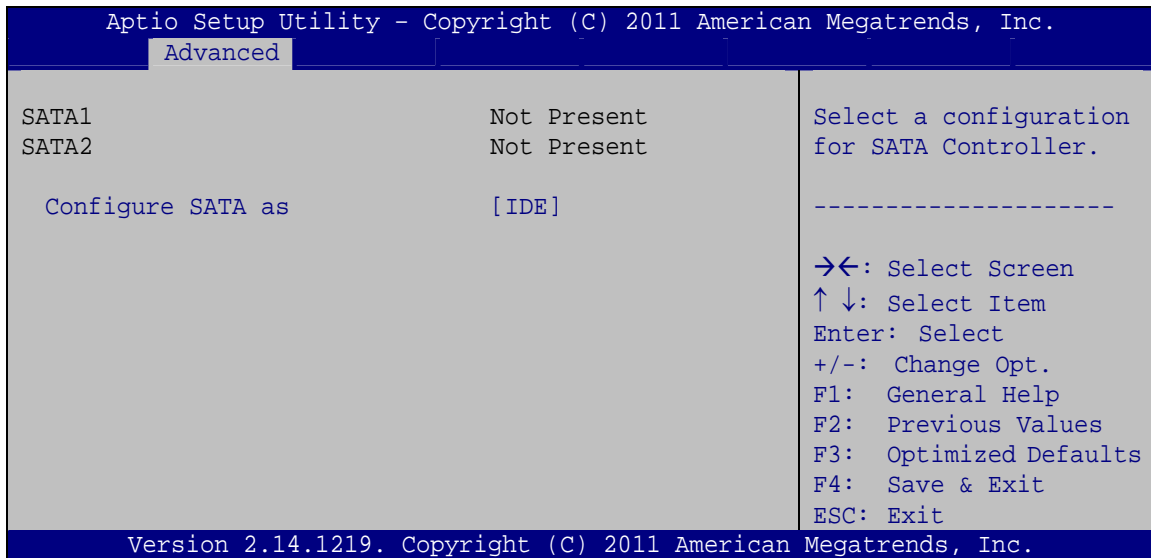
```
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
     Advanced

SATA1                        Not Present        Select a configuration
SATA2                        Not Present        for SATA Controller.

  Configure SATA as          [IDE]             ---------------------

                                               →←: Select Screen
                                               ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                               Enter: Select
                                               +/-:  Change Opt.
                                               F1:   General Help
                                               F2:   Previous Values
                                               F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                               F4:   Save & Exit
                                               ESC: Exit
      Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
   BIOS Menu 6: IDE Configuration

➔ **Configure SATA as [IDE]**

Use the **Configure SATA as** option to configure SATA devices as normal IDE or AHCI devices.

➔ **IDE**   **DEFAULT**   Configures SATA devices as normal IDE device.

➔ **AHCI**   Configures SATA devices as AHCI device.

5.3.5 USB Configuration

Use the **USB Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 7**) to read USB configuration information and configure the USB settings.

```
         Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
            Advanced

USB Configuration                                        Enables Legacy USB
                                                         support. AUTO option
USB Devices:                                             disables legacy support
      None                                               if no USB devices are
                                                         connected. DISABLE
Legacy USB Support              [Enabled]                option will keep USB
                                                         devices available only
                                                         for EFI applications.

                                                         ---------------------
                                                         →←: Select Screen
                                                         ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                         Enter: Select
                                                         +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                         F1:   General Help
                                                         F2:   Previous Values
                                                         F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                         F4:   Save & Exit
                                                         ESC: Exit
         Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
   BIOS Menu 7: USB Configuration

➔ **Legacy USB Support [Enabled]**

Use the **Legacy USB Support** BIOS option to enable USB mouse and USB keyboard support.

Normally if this option is not enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard does not become available until a USB compatible operating system is fully booted with all USB drivers loaded. When this option is enabled, any attached USB mouse or USB keyboard can control the system even when there is no USB driver loaded onto the system.

➔ **Disabled**   Legacy USB support disabled

➔ **Enabled**   DEFAULT   Legacy USB support enabled

➔ **Auto**   Legacy USB support disabled if no USB devices are connected

5.3.6 F81866 Super IO Configuration

Use the **F81866 Super IO Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 8**) to set or change the configurations for the serial ports.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
        Advanced

F81866 Super IO Configuration                          Set Parameters of Serial
                                                       Port 1 (COMA)
F81866 Super IO Chip            F81866
> Serial Port 1 Configuration                          --------------------
> Serial Port 2 Configuration                          →←: Select Screen
> Serial Port 3 Configuration                          ↑ ↓: Select Item
> Serial Port 4 Configuration                          Enter:  Select
                                                       +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                       F1:   General Help
                                                       F2:   Previous Values
                                                       F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                       F4:   Save & Exit
                                                       ESC: Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 8: Super IO Configuration

5.3.6.1 Serial Port n Configuration

Use the **Serial Port n Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 9**) to configure the serial port n.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
        Advanced

Serial Port n Configuration                            Enable or Disable Serial
                                                       Port (COM)
Serial Port                     [Enabled]
Device Settings                 IO=3F8h; IRQ=4
                                                       --------------------
Change Settings                 [Auto]                 →←: Select Screen
                                                       ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                       Enter:  Select
                                                       +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                       F1:   General Help
                                                       F2:   Previous Values
                                                       F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                       F4:   Save & Exit
                                                       ESC: Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 9: Serial Port n Configuration Menu

5.3.6.1.1 Serial Port 1 Configuration

➔ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

➔ **Disabled** Disable the serial port

➔ **Enabled** DEFAULT Enable the serial port

➔ **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

➔ **Auto** DEFAULT The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.

➔ **IO=3F8h; IRQ=4** Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ4

➔ **IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

➔ **IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

➔ **IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

➔ **IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

5.3.6.1.2 Serial Port 2 Configuration

➔ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

➔ **Disabled** Disable the serial port

➔ **Enabled** DEFAULT Enable the serial port

➔ **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

➔ **Auto** DEFAULT The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.

➔ **IO=2F8h; IRQ=3** Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3

➔ **IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

➔ **IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

➔ **IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

➔ **IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4** Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt address is IRQ3, 4

5.3.6.1.3 Serial Port 3 Configuration

➔ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

➔ **Disabled** Disable the serial port

➔ **Enabled** DEFAULT Enable the serial port

➔ **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

➔ **Auto** DEFAULT The serial port IO port address and interrupt address are automatically detected.

➔ **IO=3E8h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10   address is IRQ10

➔ **IO=3F8h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10, 11   address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=2F8h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10, 11   address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=3E8h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10, 11   address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=2E8h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10, 11   address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=250h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 250h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10, 11   address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=2E0h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 2E0h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10, 11   address is IRQ10, 11

5.3.6.1.4 Serial Port 4 Configuration

➔ **Serial Port [Enabled]**

Use the **Serial Port** option to enable or disable the serial port.

➔ **Disabled**   Disable the serial port

➔ **Enabled**   DEFAULT   Enable the serial port

➔ **Change Settings [Auto]**

Use the **Change Settings** option to change the serial port IO port address and interrupt address.

➔ **Auto**   DEFAULT   The serial port IO port address and interrupt address
                                 are automatically detected.

➔ **IO=2E8h;**   Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt
     IRQ=10   address is IRQ10

➔ **IO=3F8h;**　　　　　　Serial Port I/O port address is 3F8h and the interrupt
IRQ=10, 11　　　　　　address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=2F8h;**　　　　　　Serial Port I/O port address is 2F8h and the interrupt
IRQ=10, 11　　　　　　address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=3E8h;**　　　　　　Serial Port I/O port address is 3E8h and the interrupt
IRQ=10, 11　　　　　　address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=2E8h;**　　　　　　Serial Port I/O port address is 2E8h and the interrupt
IRQ=10, 11　　　　　　address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=250h;**　　　　　　Serial Port I/O port address is 250h and the interrupt
IRQ=10, 11　　　　　　address is IRQ10, 11

➔ **IO=2E0h;**　　　　　　Serial Port I/O port address is 2E0h and the interrupt
IRQ=10, 11　　　　　　address is IRQ10, 11

5.3.7 F81866 H/W Monitor

The **F81866 H/W Monitor** menu (**BIOS Menu 10**) contains the fan configuration submenus and displays operating temperature, fan speeds and system voltages.

```
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
    Advanced

PC Health Status                                       Smart Fan Mode Select

> Smart Fan Mode Configuration
CPU Temperature                  : +52 C
System Temperature               : +51 C
CPU_FAN1 Speed                   : N/A
SYS_FAN1 Speed                   : N/A                 --------------------
+VCC_CPU                         : +1.488 V            →←: Select Screen
+VCC_GFX                         : +0.968 V            ↑ ↓: Select Item
+V1.05S                          : +1.056 V            Enter: Select
+V1.5_DDR3                       : +1.504 V            +/-:  Change Opt.
VSB5V                            : +5.040 V            F1:  General Help
+V3.3S                           : +3.344 V            F2:  Previous Values
VSB3V                            : +3.344 V            F3:  Optimized Defaults
VBAT                             : +3.264 V            F4:  Save & Exit
                                                       ESC: Exit
    Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
BIOS Menu 10: F81866 H/W Monitor

➔ **PC Health Status**

The following system parameters and values are shown. The system parameters that are monitored are:

- System Temperatures:
    ○ CPU Temperature
    ○ System Temperature
- Fan Speeds:
    ○ CPU Fan Speed
    ○ System Fan Speed
- Voltages:
    ○ +VCC_CPU
    ○ +VCC_GFX
    ○ +V1.05S
    ○ +1.5_DDR3
    ○ VSB5V
    ○ +V3.3S
    ○ VSB3V
    ○ VBAT

5.3.7.1 Smart Fan Mode Configuration

Use the **Smart Fan Mode Configuration** submenu (**BIOS Menu 11**) to configure fan temperature and speed settings.

```
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
        Advanced

Smart Fan Mode Configuration                          Smart Fan Mode Select

CPU_FAN1 Smart Fan Control        [Auto Duty-Cycle Mode]
CPU Temperature 1                 60                   --------------------
CPU Temperature 2                 50                   →←: Select Screen
CPU Temperature 3                 40                   ↑ ↓: Select Item
CPU Temperature 4                 30                   Enter: Select
SYS_FAN1 Smart Fan Control        [Auto Duty-Cycle Mode]  +/-: Change Opt.
System Temperature 1              60                   F1:  General Help
System Temperature 2              50                   F2:  Previous Values
System Temperature 3              40                   F3:  Optimized Defaults
System Temperature 4              30                   F4:  Save & Exit
                                                       ESC: Exit

        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
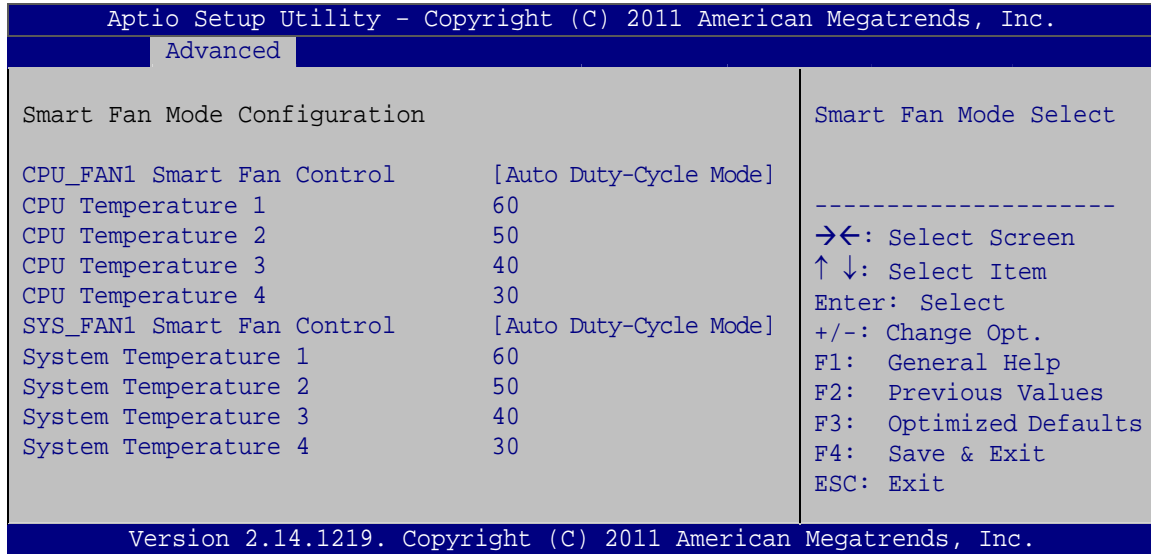
BIOS Menu 11: Smart Fan Mode Configuration

➔ **CPU_FAN1/SYS_FAN Smart Fan Control [Auto Duty-Cycle Mode]**

Use the **CPU_FAN1** or **SYS_FAN1 Smart Fan Control** option to configure the CPU or System Smart Fan.

➔ **Auto Duty-Cycle Mode** DEFAULT The fan adjusts its speed using Auto Duty-Cycle settings

➔ **Manual Duty Mode** The fan spins at the speed set in Manual Duty Mode settings

➔ **CPU/System Temperature n**

Use the + or – key to change the fan **CPU** or **System Temperature n** value. Enter a decimal number between 1 and 100.

5.3.8 Serial Port Console Redirection

The **Serial Port Console Redirection** menu (**BIOS Menu 12**) allows the console redirection options to be configured. Console redirection allows users to maintain a system remotely by re-directing keyboard input and text output through the serial port.

```
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
        Advanced

 COM1                                            Console Redirection
  Console Redirection           [Disabled]       Enable or Disable
> Console Redirection Settings

 COM2
  Console Redirection           [Disabled]       ---------------------
> Console Redirection Settings                   →←: Select Screen
                                                 ↑ ↓: Select Item
 COM3                                            Enter: Select
  Console Redirection           [Disabled]       +/-: Change Opt.
> Console Redirection Settings                   F1:  General Help
                                                 F2:  Previous Values
                                                 F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                 F4:  Save & Exit
                                                 ESC: Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 12: Serial Port Console Redirection

➔ **Console Redirection [Disabled]**

Use **Console Redirection** option to enable or disable the console redirection function.

➔ **Disabled**   **DEFAULT**   Disabled the console redirection function

➔ **Enabled**   Enabled the console redirection function

➔ **Terminal Type [ANSI]**

Use the **Terminal Type** option to specify the remote terminal type.

➔ **VT100**   The target terminal type is VT100

➔ **VT100+**   The target terminal type is VT100+

➔ **VT-UTF8**   The target terminal type is VT-UTF8

➔ **ANSI**   **DEFAULT**   The target terminal type is ANSI

➔ **Bits per second [115200]**

Use the **Bits per second** option to specify the serial port transmission speed. The speed must match the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds.

➔ **9600**   Sets the serial port transmission speed at 9600.

➔ **19200**   Sets the serial port transmission speed at 19200.

➔ **38400**   Sets the serial port transmission speed at 38400.

➔ **57600**   Sets the serial port transmission speed at 57600.

➔ **115200**   DEFAULT   Sets the serial port transmission speed at 115200.

➔ **Data Bits [8]**

Use the **Data Bits** option to specify the number of data bits.

➔ **7**   Sets the data bits at 7.

➔ **8**   DEFAULT   Sets the data bits at 8.

➔ **Parity [None]**

Use the **Parity** option to specify the parity bit that can be sent with the data bits for detecting the transmission errors.

➔ **None**   DEFAULT   No parity bit is sent with the data bits.

➔ **Even**   The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is even.

➔ **Odd**   The parity bit is 0 if the number of ones in the data bits is odd.

➔ **Mark**   The parity bit is always 1. This option does not provide error detection.

➔ **Space**   The parity bit is always 0. This option does not provide error detection.
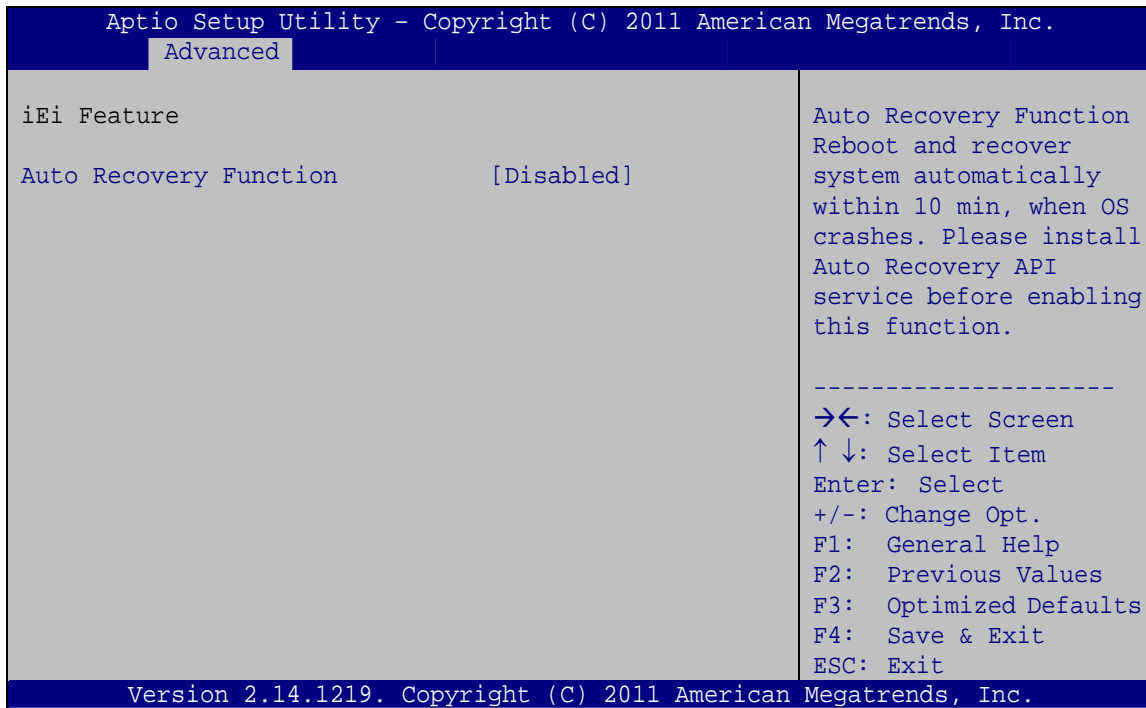
➔ **Stop Bits [1]**

Use the **Stop Bits** option to specify the number of stop bits used to indicate the end of a serial data packet. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

➔ **1**   DEFAULT   Sets the number of stop bits at 1.

➔ **2**   Sets the number of stop bits at 2.

5.3.9 iEi Feature

Use the **iEi Feature** menu (**BIOS Menu 13**) to configure One Key Recovery function.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
           Advanced

     iEi Feature                                            Auto Recovery Function
                                                            Reboot and recover
     Auto Recovery Function          [Disabled]             system automatically
                                                            within 10 min, when OS
                                                            crashes. Please install
                                                            Auto Recovery API
                                                            service before enabling
                                                            this function.

                                                            ----------------------
                                                            →←: Select Screen
                                                            ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                            Enter: Select
                                                            +/-: Change Opt.
                                                            F1:  General Help
                                                            F2:  Previous Values
                                                            F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                            F4:  Save & Exit
                                                            ESC: Exit
           Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 13: IEI Feature

➔ **Auto Recovery Function [Disabled]**

Use the **Auto Recovery Function** BIOS option to enable or disable the auto recovery function of the IEI One Key Recovery.

➔ **Disabled**   DEFAULT   Auto recovery function disabled

➔ **Enabled**   Auto recovery function enabled

5.4 Chipset

Use the **Chipset** menu (**BIOS Menu 14**) to access the Host Bridge and Southbridge configuration menus.

WARNING!

Setting the wrong values for the Chipset BIOS selections in the Chipset BIOS menu may cause the system to malfunction.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
   Main    Advanced   Chipset    Boot    Security  Save & Exit

> Host Bridge                                    Host Bridge Parameters
> South Bridge

                                                 --------------------
                                                 →←: Select Screen
                                                 ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                 Enter: Select
                                                 +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                 F1:   General Help
                                                 F2:   Previous Values
                                                 F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                 F4:   Save & Exit
                                                 ESC: Exit

        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 14: Chipset

5.4.1 Host Bridge Configuration

Use the **Host Bridge Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 15**) to configure the Intel IGD Configuration and display the memory information.

```
         Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
              Chipset

> Intel IGD Configuration                        Config Intel IGD
                                                 Settings
******* Memory Information *******

Memory Frequency                1067 MHz(DDR3)
Total Memory                    1024 MB          --------------------
DIMM#1                          1024 MB          →←: Select Screen
                                                 ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                 Enter: Select
                                                 +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                 F1:  General Help
                                                 F2:  Previous Values
                                                 F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                 F4:  Save & Exit
                                                 ESC: Exit
         Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 15: Host Bridge Configuration

5.4.1.1 Intel IGD Configuration

Use the **Intel IGD Configuration** submenu (**BIOS Menu 16**) to configure the video device connected to the system.

```
         Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
              Advanced

Intel IGD Configuration                          Select the Video Device
IGFX – Boot Type            [VBIOS Default]      which will be activated
LVDS1 Panel Type            [800x600 LVDS]       during POST. This has no
Backlight Control           [Inverted]           effect if external
Fixed Graphics Memory Size  [128MB]              graphics present.


                                                 →←: Select Screen
                                                 ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                 Enter: Select
                                                 +/-: Change Opt.
                                                 F1:  General Help
                                                 F2:  Previous Values
                                                 F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                 F4:  Save & Exit
                                                 ESC: Exit
         Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 16: Intel IGD Configuration

➔ **IGFX - Boot Type [VBIOS Default]**

Use the **IGFX - Boot Type** option to select the display device used by the system when it boots. Configuration options are listed below.

- ▪ VBIOS Default **DEFAULT**
- ▪ CRT
- ▪ LVDS1
- ▪ LVDS2

➔ **LVDS1 Panel Type [800x600 LVDS]**

Use the **LVDS1 Panel Type** option to select the type of flat panel connected to the system. Configuration options are listed below.

- ▪ 640x480 LVDS
- ▪ 800x600 LVDS **DEFAULT**
- ▪ 1024x768 LVDS
- ▪ 1280x1024 LVDS
- ▪ 1366x768 LVDS
- ▪ 1224x600 LVDS
- ▪ 1280x800 LVDS

➔ **Backlight Control [Inverted]**

Use the **Backlight Control** option to select the backlight control mode.

➔ **Normal** Brightest at high voltage level

➔ **Inverted DEFAULT** Brightest at low voltage level

➔ **Fixed Graphics Memory Size [128MB]**

Use the **Fixed Graphics Memory Size** option to specify the maximum amount of memory that can be allocated as graphics memory. Configuration options are listed below.

- ▪ 128MB **DEFAULT**
- ▪ 256MB

5.4.2 South Bridge Configuration

Use the **South Bridge Configuration** menu (**BIOS Menu 17**) to configure the Southbridge chipset.

```
           Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
                          Chipset

Auto Power Button Status        [Disabled]          Enable to reduce power
                                                    consumption in system
Power Saving Function(ERP)      [Disabled]          off state.
Restore AC Power Loss           [Last State]
                                                    --------------------
                                                    →←: Select Screen
                                                    ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                    Enter:  Select
                                                    +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                    F1:  General Help
                                                    F2:  Previous Values
                                                    F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                    F4:  Save & Exit
                                                    ESC: Exit
           Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 17: Southbridge Chipset Configuration

➔ **Power Saving Function(ERP) [Disabled]**

Use the **Power Saving Function(ERP)** option to enable or disable the power saving function.

➔ **Disabled** **DEFAULT** Disables the power saving function.

➔ **Enabled** Enables the power saving function.

➔ **Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]**

Use the **Restore AC Power Loss** BIOS option to specify what state the system returns to if there is a sudden loss of power to the system.

➔ **Power Off** The system remains turned off

➔ **Power On** The system turns on

➔ **Last State** **DEFAULT** The system returns to its previous state. If it was on, it turns itself on. If it was off, it remains off.

5.5 Boot

Use the **Boot menu** (**BIOS Menu 18**) to configure system boot options.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
   Main    Advanced   Chipset    Boot     Security  Save & Exit

Boot Configuration                                       Select the keyboard
Bootup NumLock State            [On]                      NumLock state
Quiet Boot                      [Enabled]
Launch PXE OpROM                [Disabled]
Option ROM Messages             [Force BIOS]             --------------------
UEFI Boot                       [Disabled]
                                                         →←: Select Screen
                                                         ↑ ↓: Select Item
Boot Option Priorities                                   Enter: Select
                                                         +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                         F1:   General Help
                                                         F2:   Previous Values
                                                         F3:   Optimized Defaults
                                                         F4:   Save & Exit
                                                         ESC: Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
BIOS Menu 18: Boot

➔ **Bootup NumLock State [On]**

Use the **Bootup NumLock State** BIOS option to specify if the number lock setting must be modified during boot up.

➔ **On**   **DEFAULT**   Allows the Number Lock on the keyboard to be enabled automatically when the computer system boots up. This allows the immediate use of the 10-key numeric keypad located on the right side of the keyboard. To confirm this, the Number Lock LED light on the keyboard is lit.

➔ **Off**   Does not enable the keyboard Number Lock automatically. To use the 10-keys on the keyboard, press the Number Lock key located on the upper left-hand corner of the 10-key pad. The Number Lock LED on the keyboard lights up when the Number Lock is engaged.

➔ **Quiet Boot [Enabled]**

Use the **Quiet Boot** BIOS option to select the screen display when the system boots.

➔ **Disabled**   Normal POST messages displayed

➔ **Enabled**   DEFAULT   OEM Logo displayed instead of POST messages

➔ **Launch PXE OpROM [Disabled]**

Use the **Launch PXE OpROM** option to enable or disable boot option for legacy network devices.

➔ **Disabled**   DEFAULT   Ignore all PXE Option ROMs

➔ **Enabled**   Load PXE Option ROMs.

➔ **Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]**

Use the **Option ROM Messages** option to set the Option ROM display mode.

➔ **Force BIOS**   DEFAULT   Sets display mode to force BIOS.

➔ **Keep Current**   Sets display mode to current.

➔ **UEFI Boot [Disabled]**

Use the **UEFI Boot** BIOS option to allow the system to boot from the UEFI devices.

➔ **Disabled**   DEFAULT   Disables to boot from the UEFI devices.

➔ **Enabled**   Enables to boot from the UEFI devices.

5.6 Security

Use the **Security** menu (**BIOS Menu 19**) to set system and user passwords.

```
         Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
   Main     Advanced   Chipset   |   Boot   |   Security   Save & Exit

Password Description                                  Set Setup Administrator
                                                     Password
If ONLY the Administrator's password is set,
then this only limits access to Setup and is
only asked for when entering Setup.                  --------------------
If ONLY the User's password is set, then this
is a power on password and must be entered to        →←: Select Screen
boot or enter Setup. In Setup the User will          ↑ ↓: Select Item
have Administrator rights.                           Enter: Select
The password must be 3 to 20 characters long.        +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                     F1:   General Help
                                                     F2:   Previous Values
Administrator Password                               F3:   Optimized Defaults
User Password                                        F4:   Save & Exit
                                                     ESC: Exit
         Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```

BIOS Menu 19: Security

➔ **Administrator Password**

Use the **Administrator Password** to set or change a administrator password.

➔ **User Password**

Use the **User Password** to set or change a user password.

5.7 Exit

Use the **Exit** menu (**BIOS Menu 20**) to load default BIOS values, optimal failsafe values and to save configuration changes.

```
        Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
    Main   Advanced  Chipset    Boot   Security  Save & Exit

 Save Changes and Reset                              Reset the system after
 Discard Changes and Reset                           saving the changes.

 Restore Defaults
 Save as User Defaults                               ---------------------
 Restore User Defaults                               →←: Select Screen
                                                     ↑ ↓: Select Item
                                                     Enter: Select
                                                     +/-:  Change Opt.
                                                     F1:  General Help
                                                     F2:  Previous Values
                                                     F3:  Optimized Defaults
                                                     F4:  Save & Exit
                                                     ESC: Exit
        Version 2.14.1219. Copyright (C) 2011 American Megatrends, Inc.
```
   BIOS Menu 20:Exit

➔ **Save Changes and Reset**

Use the **Save Changes and Reset** option to save the changes made to the BIOS options and reset the system.

➔ **Discard Changes and Reset**

Use the **Discard Changes and Reset** option to exit the system without saving the changes made to the BIOS configuration setup program.

➔ **Restore Defaults**

Use the **Restore Defaults** option to load the optimal default values for each of the parameters on the Setup menus. **F3 key can be used for this operation.**

➔ **Save as User Defaults**

Use the **Save as User Defaults** option to save the changes done so far as user defaults.

➔ **Restore User Defaults**

Use the **Restore User Defaults** option to restore the user defaults to all the setup options.

Chapter

6

Software Drivers

6.1 Available Software Drivers

NOTE:

The content of the CD may vary throughout the life cycle of the product and is subject to change without prior notice. Visit the IEI website or contact technical support for the latest updates.

The following drivers can be installed on the system:

- Chipset
- Graphics
- LAN
- Audio

Installation instructions are given below.

6.2 Starting the Driver Program

To access the driver installation programs, please do the following.

Step 1: Insert the CD that came with the system into a CD drive connected to the system.

NOTE:

If the installation program doesn't start automatically:
Click "Start->Computer->CD Drive->autorun.exe"

Step 2: The driver main menu appears (**Figure 6-1**).

Figure 6-1: Start Up Screen

Step 3: Click WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001.

Step 4: The list of drivers in **Figure 6-2** appears.

Figure 6-2: Drivers

6.3 Chipset Driver Installation

To install the chipset driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click "**1-Chipset**".

Step 3: Go to the 32-bit or 64-bit folder that corresponds to your OS version.

Step 4: Open the **Intel Chipset Software Installation Utility** folder.

Step 5: Double click the **infinst_autol** icon.

Step 6: The setup files are extracted as shown in **Figure 6-3**.
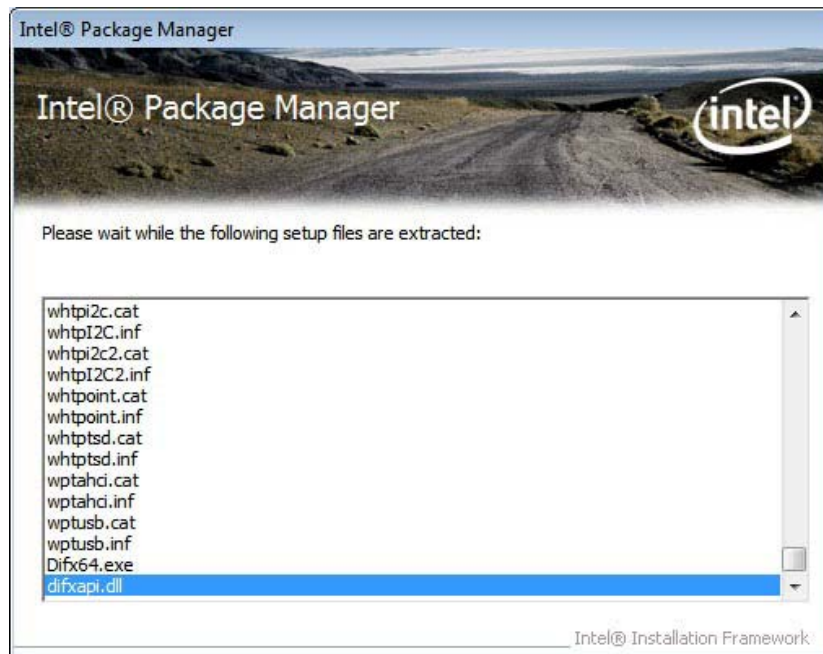
Figure 6-3: Chipset Driver Screen

Step 7: When the setup files are completely extracted, the **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-4** appears.
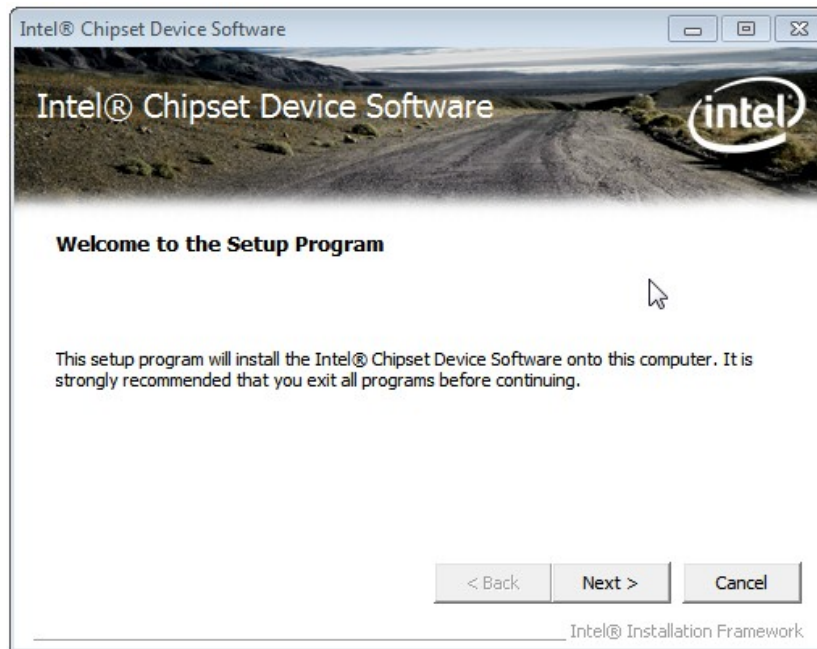
Figure 6-4: Chipset Driver Welcome Screen

Step 8: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 9: The license agreement in **Figure 6-5** appears.

Step 10: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 11: Click **Yes** to continue.

Figure 6-5: Chipset Driver License Agreement

Step 12: The Read Me file in **Figure 6-6** appears.

Step 13: Click **Next** to continue.
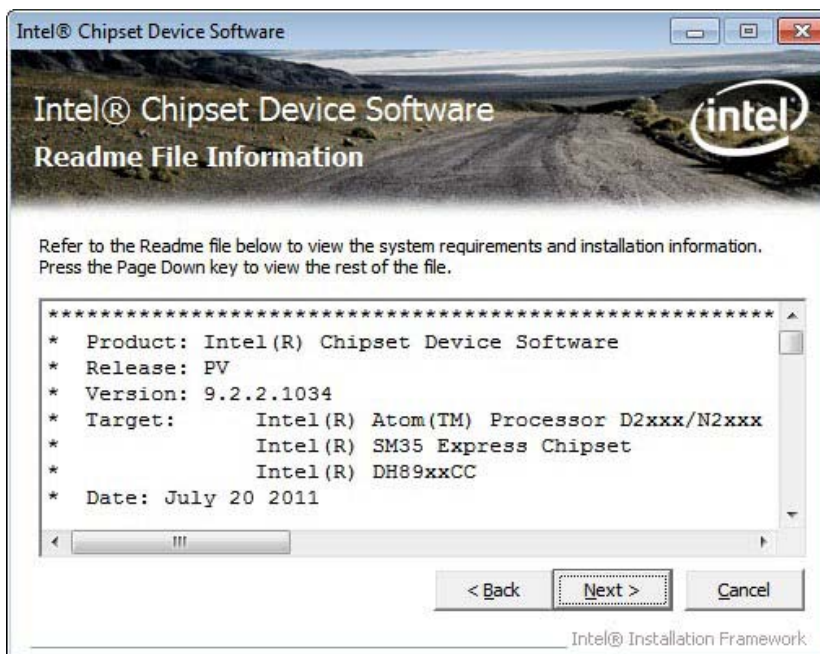
Figure 6-6: Chipset Driver Read Me File

Step 14: **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-7**.
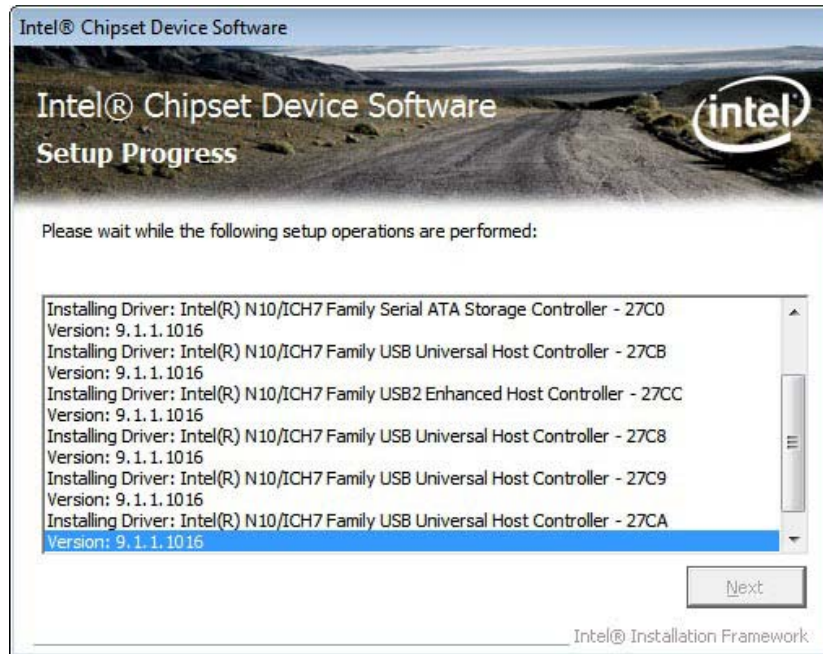
Figure 6-7: Chipset Driver Setup Operations

Step 15: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click **Next** to continue.

Step 16: The **Finish** screen appears.

Step 17: Select "**Yes, I want to restart the computer now**" and click the **Finish** icon.

See **Figure 6-8**.

Figure 6-8: Chipset Driver Installation Finish Screen

6.4 Graphics Driver Installation

NOTE:

Due to Intel® GMA driver limitation, the monitor connected to the VGA connector may become extended desktop or not have signal to it after restarting from the graphics driver installation. To work out this limitation, press the Ctrl+Alt+F1 hotkey to switch the primary display to CRT mode.

To install the graphics driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click "**2-Graphics**".

Step 3: Open the 32-bit or 64-bit folder that corresponds to your OS version.

Step 4: Double click the **Setup** icon.

Step 5: The **Welcome Screen** in **Figure 6-9** appears.

Figure 6-9: Graphics Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 7: The license agreement in **Figure 6-10** appears.

Step 8: Read the **License Agreement**.

Step 9: Click **Yes** to continue.
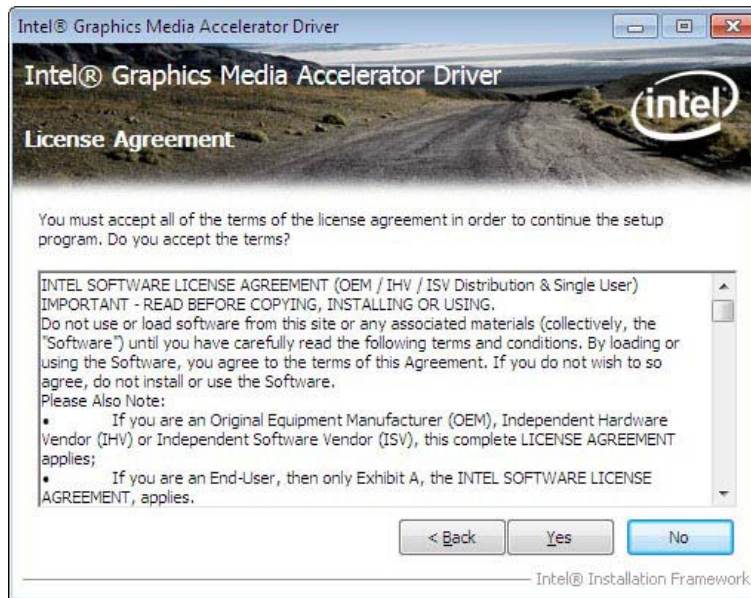
Figure 6-10: Graphics Driver License Agreement

Step 10: The Read Me file in **Figure 6-11** appears.

Step 11: Click **Next** to continue.
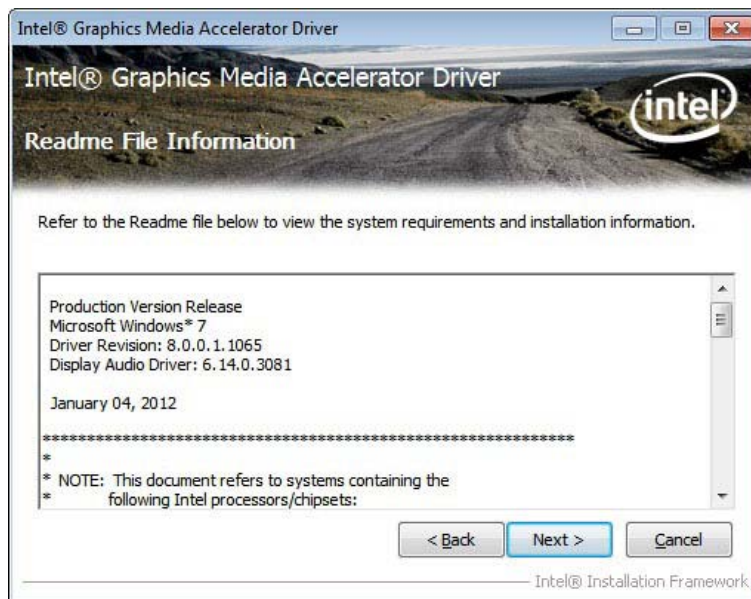
Figure 6-11: Graphics Driver Read Me File

Step 12: **Setup Operations** are performed as shown in **Figure 6-12**.
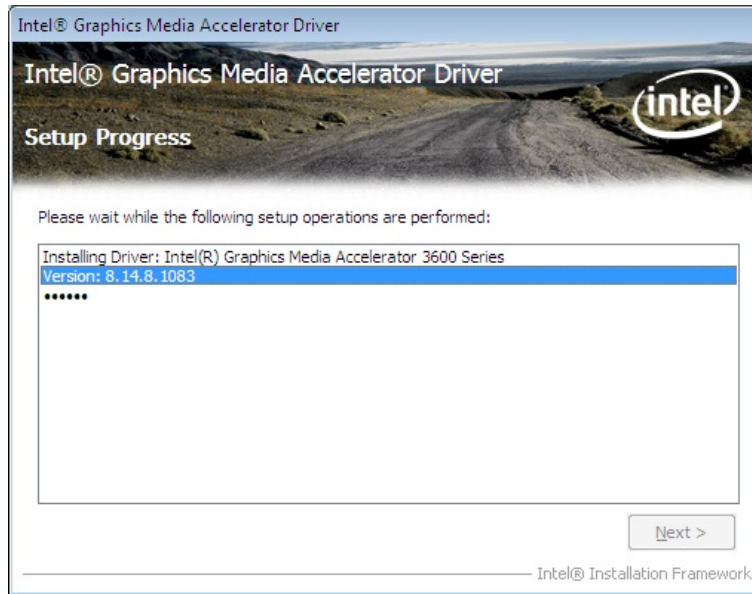
Figure 6-12: Graphics Driver Setup Operations

Step 13: Once the **Setup Operations** are complete, click the **Next** icon to continue.

Step 14: The **Finish** screen appears.

Step 15: Select "**Yes, I want to restart the computer now**" and click the **Finish** icon.

See **Figure 6-13**.

Figure 6-13: Graphics Driver Installation Finish Screen

6.5 LAN Driver Installation

To install the LAN driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list shown in Figure 6-2. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click "**3-LAN**".

Step 3: Go to the **Win7 > Install_Win7_7048_09162011** folder.

Step 4: Double click the **setup** icon.

Step 5: The **Welcome** screen in **Figure 6-14** appears.
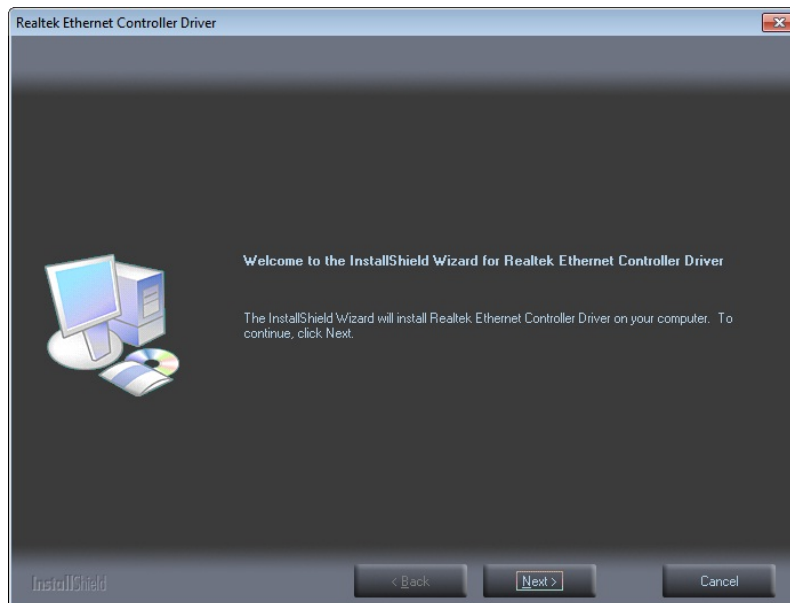
Figure 6-14: LAN Driver Welcome Screen

Step 6: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 7: The **Ready to Install** screen in **Figure 6-15** appears.

Step 8: Click **Install** to proceed with the installation.
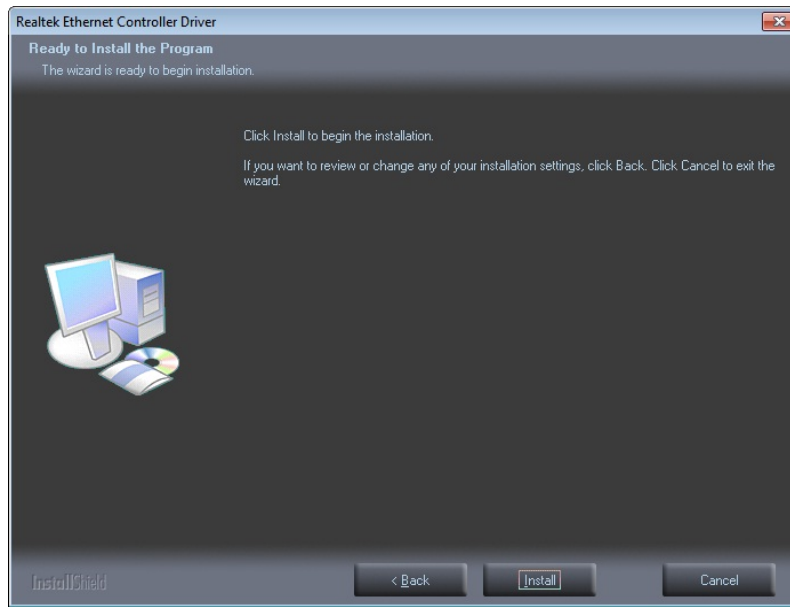
Figure 6-15: LAN Driver Installation

Step 9: The program begins to install.

Step 10: When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-16** appears.

Step 11: Click **Finish** to exit.
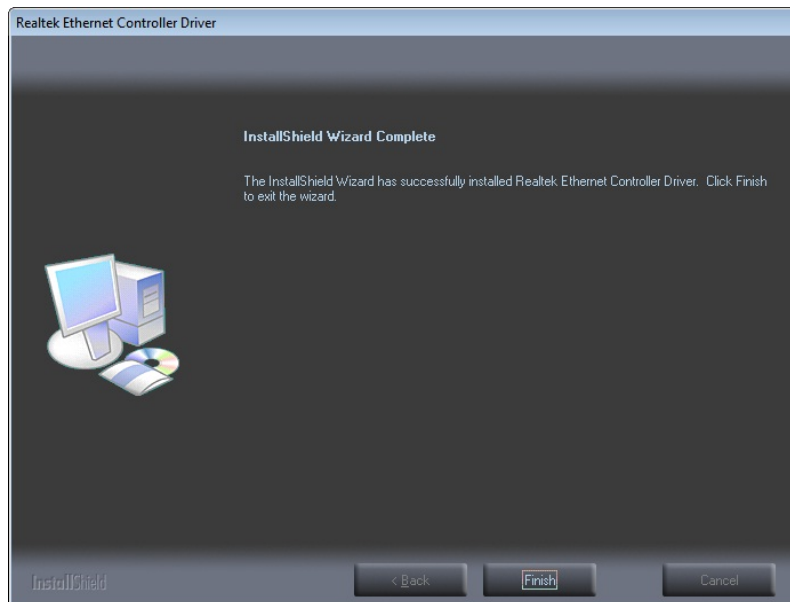
Figure 6-16: LAN Driver Installation Complete

6.6 Audio Driver Installation

To install the Audio driver, please do the following.

Step 1: Access the driver list. (See **Section 6.2**)

Step 2: Click "**4-Audio**".

Step 3: Open the **Win7** folder.

Step 4: Double click the **Vista_Win7_R263** icon.

Step 5: The installation files are extracted as shown in **Figure 6-17**.
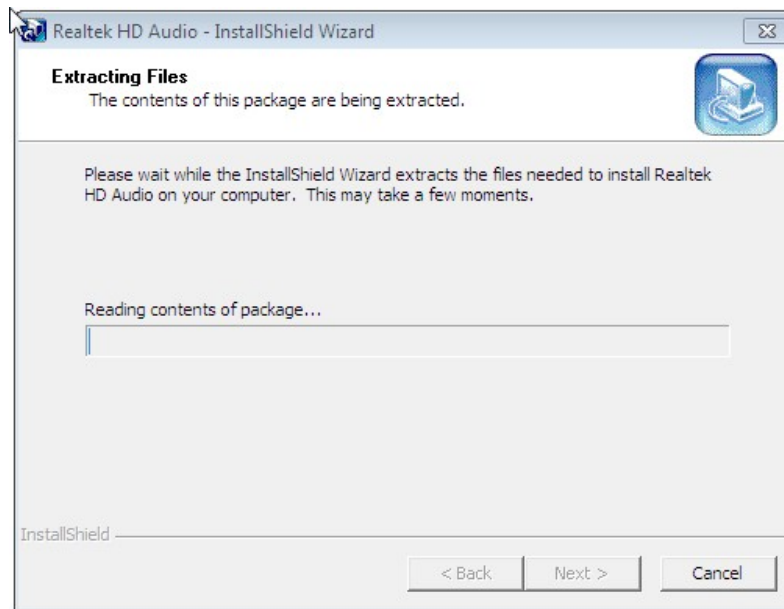
Figure 6-17: Audio Driver Installation File Extraction

Step 6: The **Welcome** screen in **Figure 6-18** appears.
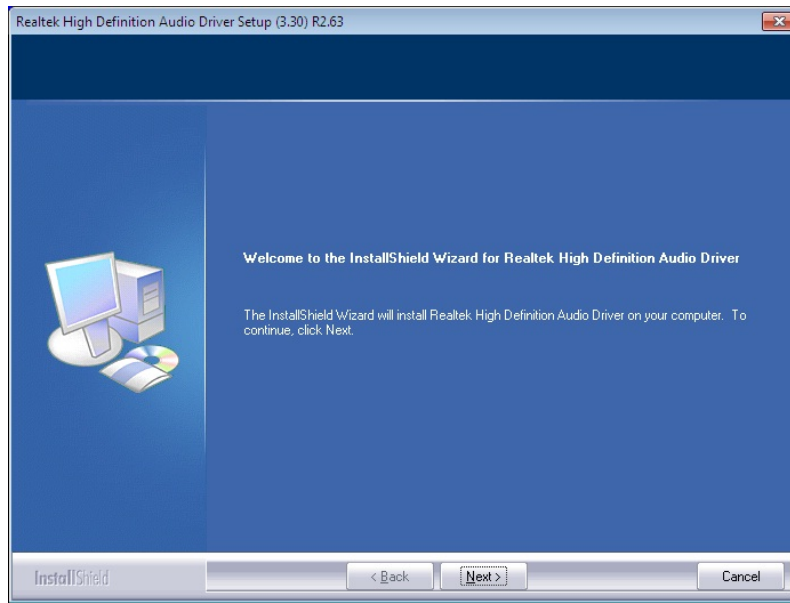
Figure 6-18: Audio Driver Welcome Screen

Step 7: Click **Next** to continue.

Step 8: The program begins to install.

Step 9: The installation progress can be monitored in the progress bar shown in **Figure 6-19**.
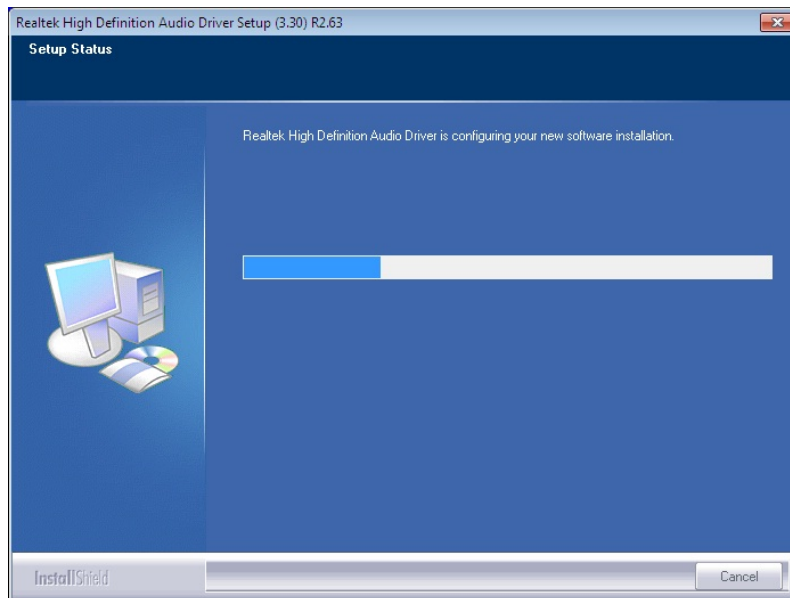
Figure 6-19: Audio Driver Installation

Step 10: When the driver installation is complete, the screen in **Figure 6-20** appears.
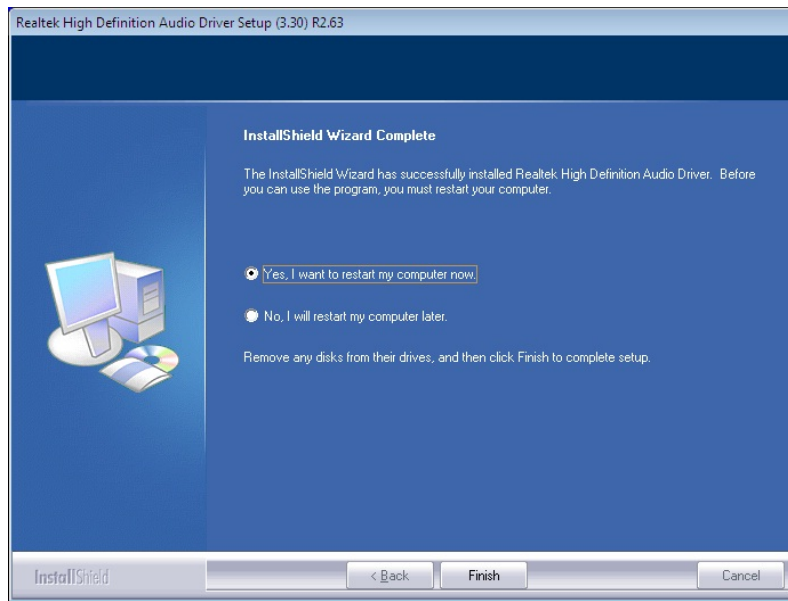
Figure 6-20: Audio Driver Installation Complete

Step 11: Select "**Yes, I want to restart my computer now**" and click **Finish**.

Step 12: The system reboots.

Appendix

A

BIOS Options

Below is a list of BIOS configuration options in the BIOS chapter.

Appendix

B

One Key Recovery

B.1 One Key Recovery Introduction

The IEI one key recovery is an easy-to-use front end for the Norton Ghost system backup and recovery tool. This tool provides quick and easy shortcuts for creating a backup and reverting to that backup or reverting to the factory default settings.
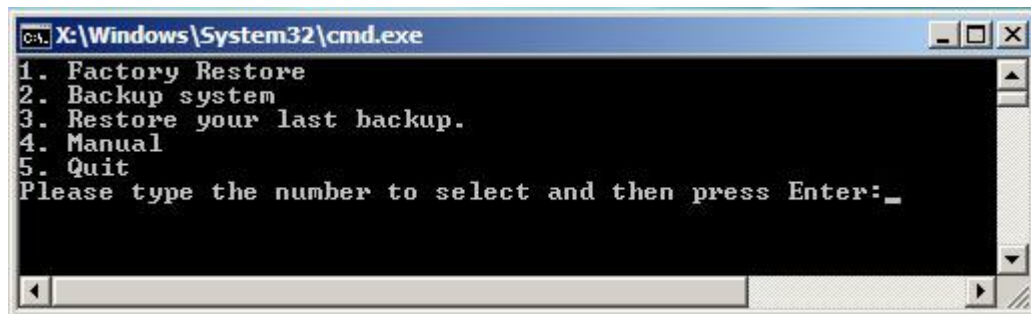
![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

> The latest One Key Recovery software provides an auto recovery function that allows a system running Microsoft Windows OS to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. Please refer to Section B.3 for the detailed setup procedure.

The IEI One Key Recovery tool menu is shown below.


```
X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:_
```

Figure B-1: IEI One Key Recovery Tool Menu

Prior to using the IEI One Key Recovery tool (as shown in **Figure B-1**) to backup or restore Windows system, five setup procedures are required.

1. Hardware and BIOS setup (see Section **B.2.1**)
2. Create partitions (see **Section B.2.2**)
3. Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see **Section B.2.3**)
4. Build-up recovery partition (see **Section B.2.4**)
5. Create factory default image (see **Section B.2.5**)

After completing the five initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing <**F3**> while booting up the system. The detailed information of each function is described in **Section B.5**.

![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

The initial setup procedures for Linux system are described in **Section B.3**.

B.1.1 System Requirement

![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

The recovery CD can only be used with IEI products. The software will fail to run and a warning message will appear when used on non-IEI hardware.
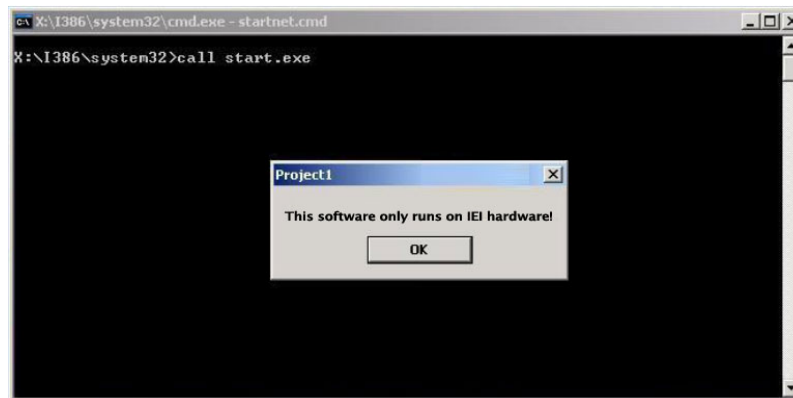
To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

The partition created for recovery images must be big enough to contain both the factory default image and the user backup image. The size must be calculated before creating the

partitions. Please take the following table as a reference when calculating the size of the partition.

	OS	OS Image after Ghost	Compression Ratio
Windows® 7	7 GB	5 GB	70%
Windows® XPE	776 MB	560 MB	70%
Windows® CE 6.0	36 MB	28 MB	77%

 NOTE:

Specialized tools are required to change the partition size if the operating system is already installed.

B.1.2 Supported Operating System

The recovery CD is compatible with both Microsoft Windows and Linux operating system (OS). The supported OS versions are listed below.

- Microsoft Windows
  - Windows 2000
  - Windows XP (Service Pack 2 or 3 required)
  - Windows Vista
  - Windows 7
  - Windows CE 5.0
  - Windows CE 6.0
  - Windows XP Embedded
  - Windows Embedded Standard 7

 NOTE:

The auto recovery function (described in **Section B.3**) and the restore through LAN function (described in **Section B.6**) are not supported in the Windows CE 5.0/6.0 operating system environment.

▪ Linux

    ○ Fedora Core 12 (Constantine)

    ○ Fedora Core 11 (Leonidas)

    ○ Fedora Core 10 (Cambridge)

    ○ Fedora Core 8 (Werewolf)

    ○ Fedora Core 7 (Moonshine)

    ○ RedHat RHEL-5.4

    ○ RedHat 9 (Ghirke)

    ○ Ubuntu 8.10 (Intrepid)

    ○ Ubuntu 7.10 (Gutsy)

    ○ Ubuntu 6.10 (Edgy)

    ○ Debian 5.0 (Lenny)

    ○ Debian 4.0 (Etch)

    ○ SuSe 11.2

    ○ SuSe 10.3

NOTE:

Installing unsupported OS versions may cause the recovery tool to fail.

B.2 Setup Procedure for Windows

Prior to using the recovery tool to backup or restore, a few setup procedures are required.

Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup (see **Section B.2.1**)

Step 2: Create partitions (see **Section B.2.2**)

Step 3: Install operating system, drivers and system applications (see **Section B.2.3**)

Step 4: Build the recovery partition (see **Section B.2.4**) or build the auto recovery partition (see **Section B.3**)

Step 5: Create factory default image (see **Section B.2.5**)

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections.

NOTE:

The setup procedures described below are for Microsoft Windows operating system users. For Linux, most of the setup procedures are the same except for several steps described in **Section B.3**.

B.2.1 Hardware and BIOS Setup

Step 1: Make sure the system is powered off and unplugged.

Step 2: Install a hard drive or SSD in the system. An unformatted and unpartitioned disk is recommended.

Step 3: Connect an optical disk drive to the system and insert the recovery CD.

Step 4: Turn on the system.

Step 5: Press the <**DELETE**> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.

Step 6: Select the connected optical disk drive as the 1st boot device. (**Boot → Boot Device Priority → 1st Boot Device**).

Step 7: Save changes and restart the computer. Continue to the next section for instructions on partitioning the internal storage.

B.2.2 Create Partitions

To create the system backup, the main storage device must be split into two partitions (three partitions for Linux). The first partition will be for the operating system, while the second partition will be invisible to the operating system and contain the backup made by the one key recovery software.

Step 1: Put the recovery CD in the optical drive of the system.

Step 2: **Boot the system from recovery CD**. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!
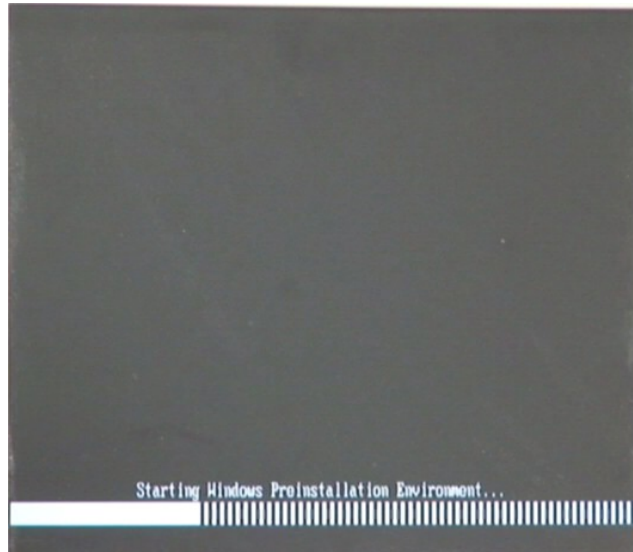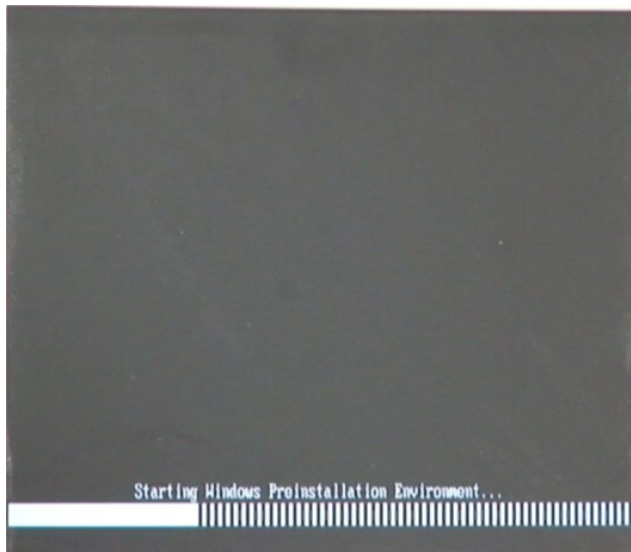

Figure B-2: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 3: The recovery tool setup menu is shown as below.
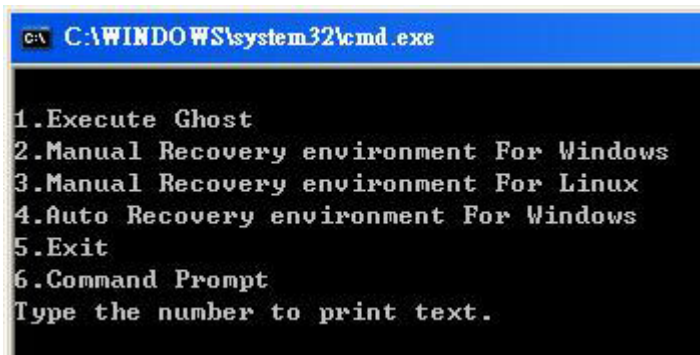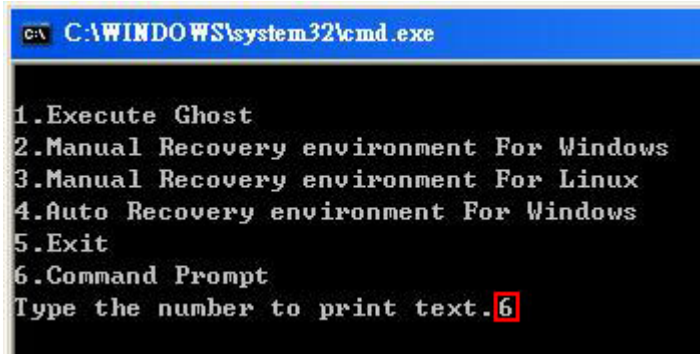

Figure B-3: Recovery Tool Setup Menu

Step 4: Press <**6**> then <Enter>.

Figure B-4: Command Prompt

Step 5: The command prompt window appears. Type the following commands (marked in red) to create two partitions. One is for the OS installation; the other is for saving recovery files and images which will be an invisible partition.

(Press <Enter> after entering each line below)

system32>diskpart

DISKPART>list vol

DISKPART>sel disk 0

DISKPART>create part pri size= ___

DISKPART>assign letter=N

DISKPART>create part pri size= ___

DISKPART>assign letter=F

DISKPART>exit

system32>format N: /fs:ntfs /q /y

system32>format F: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y

system32>exit

Figure B-5: Partition Creation Commands

NOTE:

Use the following commands to check if the partitions were created successfully.

Step 6: Press any key to exit the recovery tool and automatically reboot the system.

Please continue to the following procedure: Build the Recovery Partition.

B.2.3 Install Operating System, Drivers and Applications

Install the operating system onto the unlabelled partition. The partition labeled "Recovery" is for use by the system recovery tool and should not be used for installing the operating system or any applications.

NOTE:

The operating system installation program may offer to reformat the chosen partition. DO NOT format the partition again. The partition has already been formatted and is ready for installing the new operating system.

To install the operating system, insert the operating system installation CD into the optical drive. Restart the computer and follow the installation instructions.

B.2.4 Build-up Recovery Partition

Step 1: Put the recover CD in the optical drive.

Step 2: Start the system.

Step 3: **Boot the system from the recovery CD.** When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!

Figure B-6: Launching the Recovery Tool

Step 4: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press **<2>** then <Enter>.
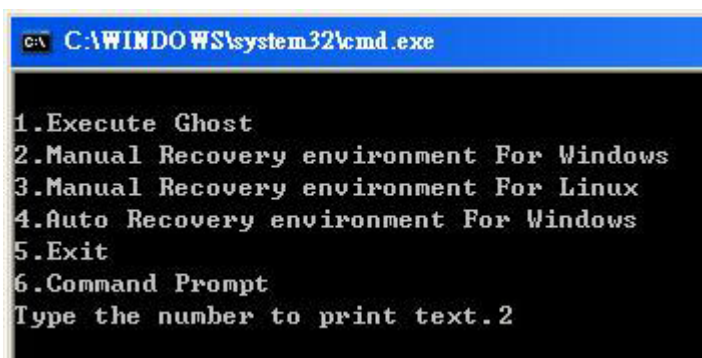
Figure B-7: Manual Recovery Environment for Windows

Step 5: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build

a recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in

Section B.2.2 is hidden and the recovery tool is saved in this partition.
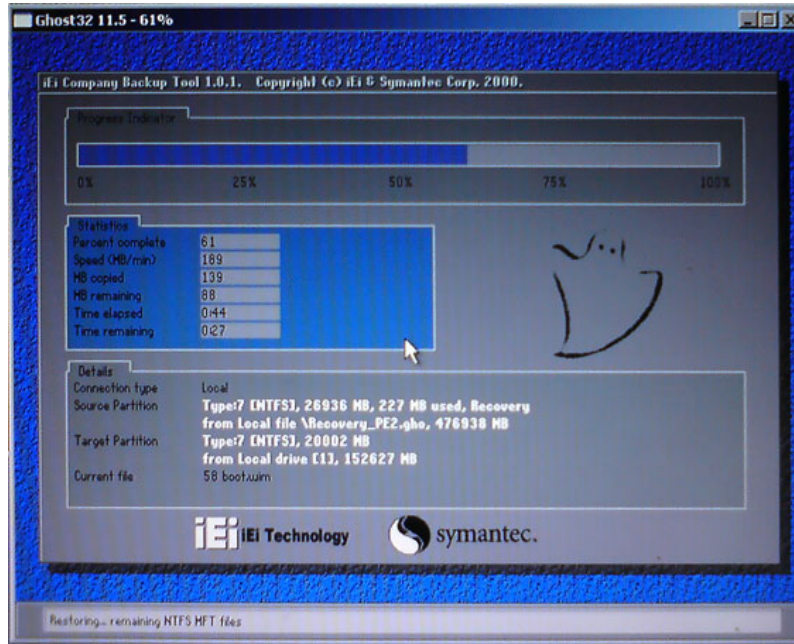
Figure B-8: Building the Recovery Partition

Step 6: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window

to reboot the system.
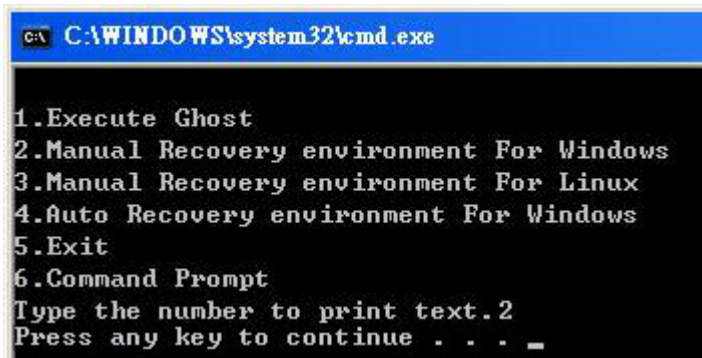
Figure B-9: Press Any Key to Continue

Step 7: Eject the recovery CD.

B.2.5 Create Factory Default Image
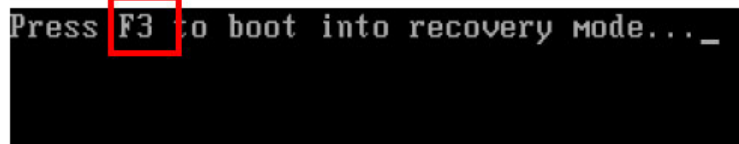
![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

Before creating the factory default image, please configure the system to a factory default environment, including driver and application installations.

To create a factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Turn on the system. When the following screen displays (**Figure B-10**), press the <**F3**> key to access the recovery tool. The message will display for 10 seconds, please press F3 before the system boots into the operating system.

Press F3 to boot into recovery mode...

Figure B-10: Press F3 to Boot into Recovery Mode

Step 2: The recovery tool menu appears. Type <**4**> and press <**Enter**>. (**Figure B-11**)


```
X:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
1. Factory Restore
2. Backup system
3. Restore your last backup.
4. Manual
5. Quit
Please type the number to select and then press Enter:4
```
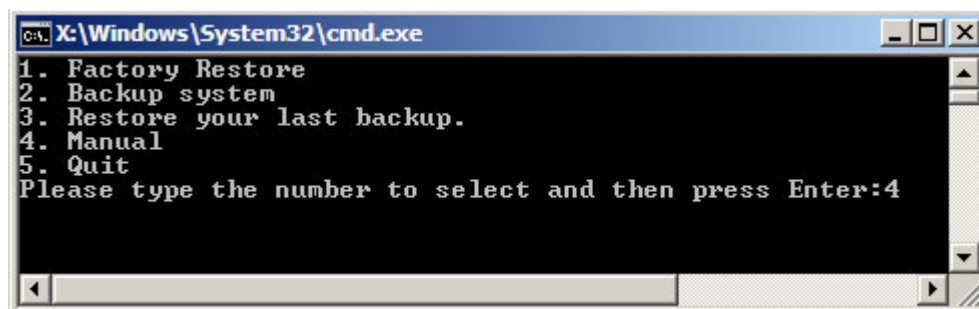
Figure B-11: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 3: The About Symantec Ghost window appears. Click **OK** button to continue.
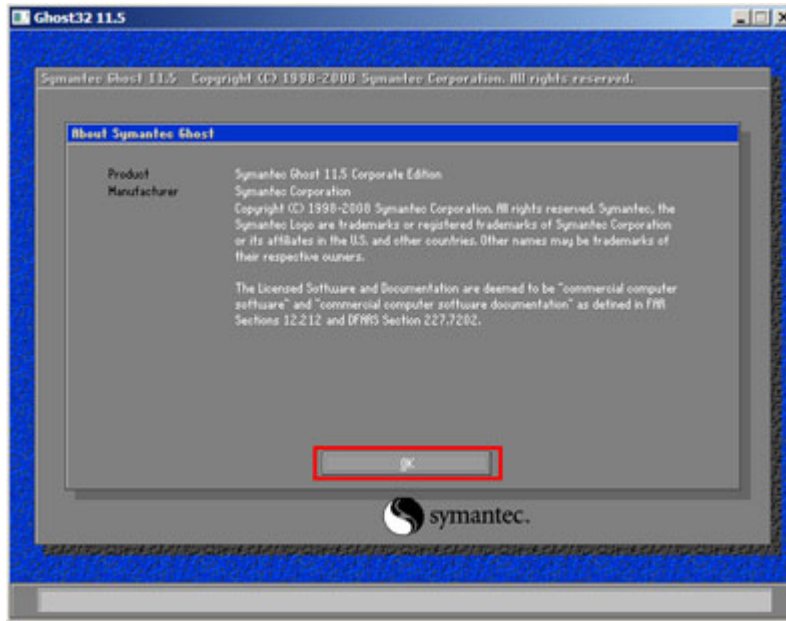
Figure B-12: About Symantec Ghost Window

Step 4: Use mouse to navigate to the option shown below (**Figure B-13**).
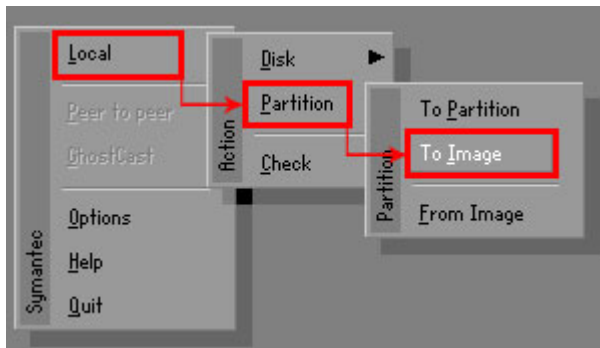
Figure B-13: Symantec Ghost Path

Step 5: Select the local source drive (Drive 1) as shown in **Figure B-14**. Then click OK.
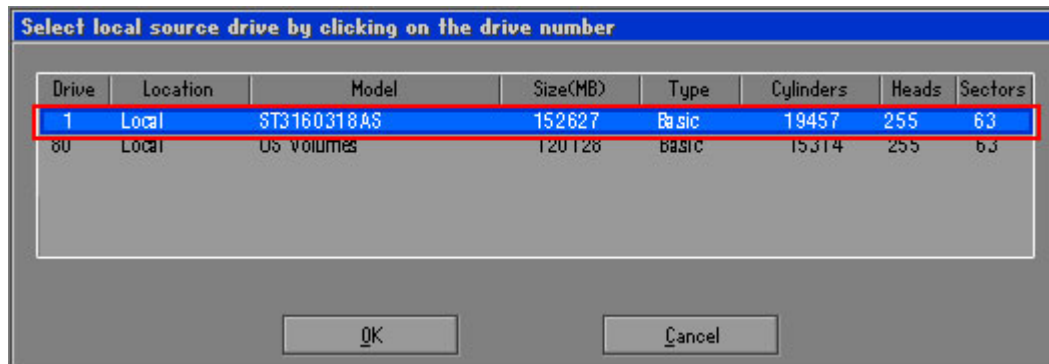
Figure B-14: Select a Local Source Drive

Step 6: Select a source partition (Part 1) from basic drive as shown in **Figure B-15**.

Then click OK.
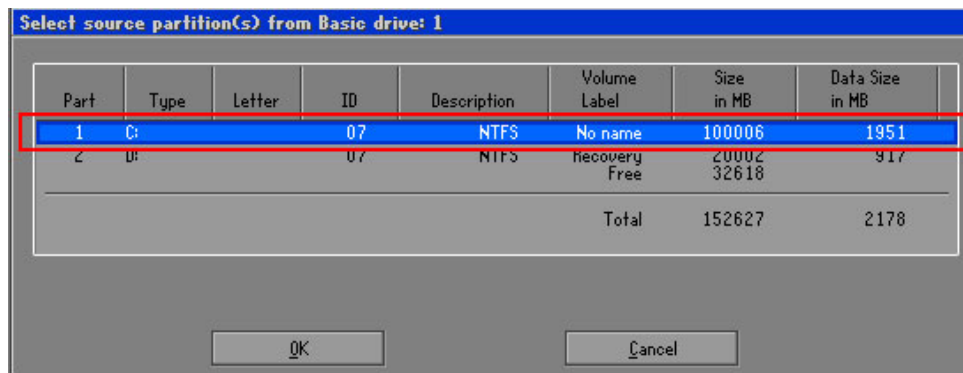
Figure B-15: Select a Source Partition from Basic Drive

Step 7: Select **1.2: [Recovery] NTFS drive** and enter a file name called **iei**

(**Figure B-16**). Click **Save**. The factory default image will then be saved in the

selected recovery drive and named IEI.GHO.

WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.GHO**.
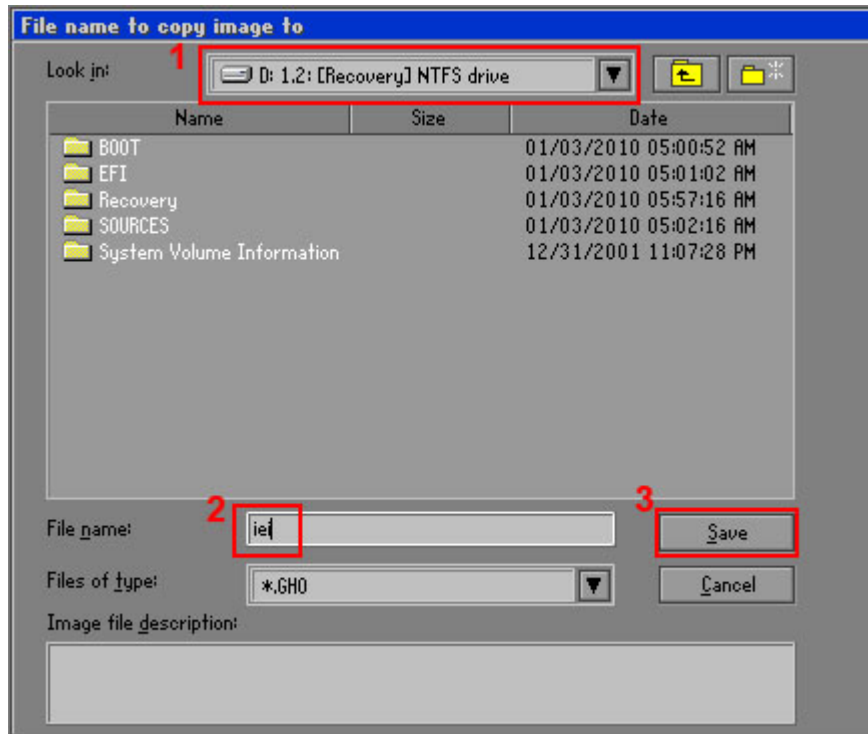
Figure B-16: File Name to Copy Image to

Step 8: When the Compress Image screen in **Figure B-17** prompts, click **High** to make the image file smaller.
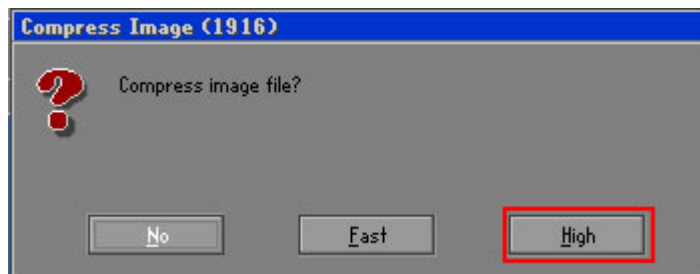
Figure B-17: Compress Image

Step 9: The Proceed with partition image creation window appears, click **Yes** to

continue.
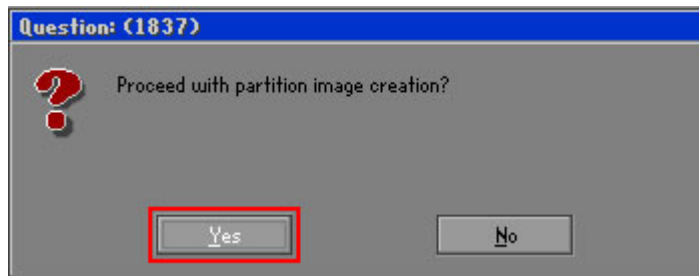
Figure B-18: Image Creation Confirmation

Step 10: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (**Figure B-19**).
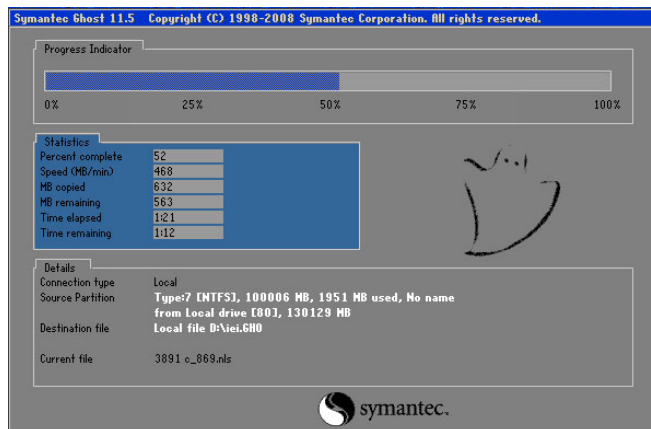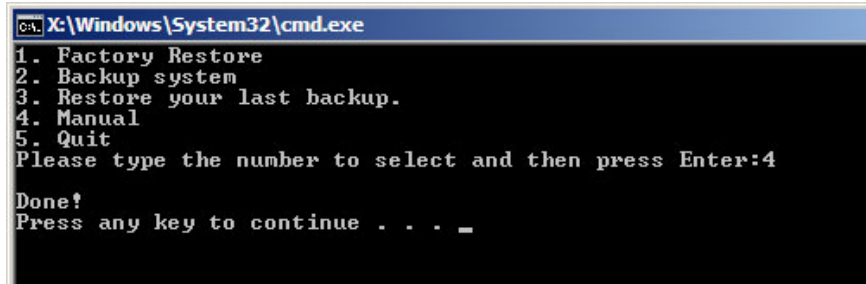

Figure B-19: Image Creation Complete

Step 11: When the image creation completes, a screen prompts as shown in **Figure B-20**.

Click **Continue** and close the Ghost window to exit the program.

Figure B-20: Image Creation Complete

Step 12: The recovery tool main menu window is shown as below. Press any key to reboot the system.

Figure B-21: Press Any Key to Continue

B.3 Auto Recovery Setup Procedure

The auto recovery function allows a system to automatically restore from the factory default image after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To use the auto recovery function, follow the steps described in the following sections.

![CAUTION icon] **CAUTION:**

The auto recovery function can only run on a Microsoft Windows system with the following OS versions:

- Windows 2000
- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Windows 7
- Windows XP Embedded
- Windows Embedded Standard 7

![CAUTION icon] **CAUTION:**

The setup procedure may include a step to create a factory default image. It is suggested to configure the system to a factory default environment before the configuration, including driver and application installations.

Step 1: Follow the steps described in **Section B.2.1 ~ Section B.2.3** to setup BIOS, create partitions and install operating system.

Step 2: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the **Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe** in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.

**Figure B-22: Auto Recovery Utility**

Step 3: **Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory default image**. Go to: My Computer → Properties → Advanced. Click the Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect "Automatically restart". Click OK to save the settings and exit. (See **Figure B-23**)
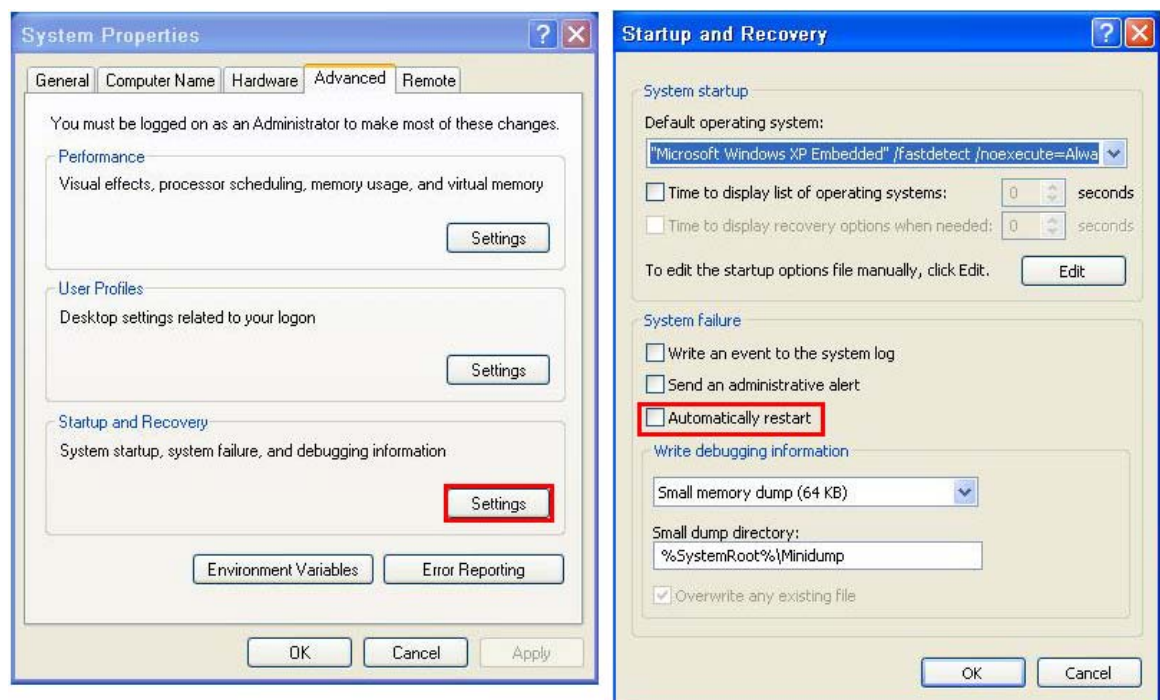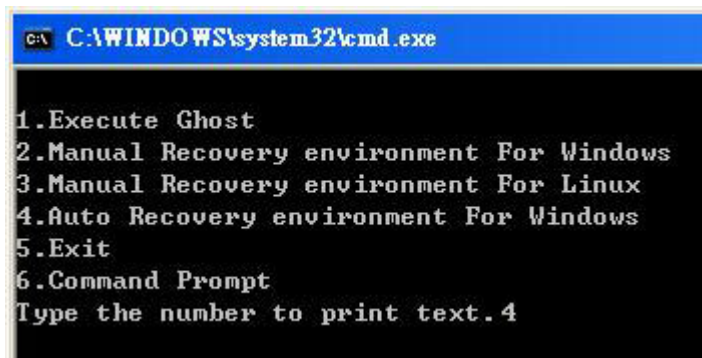

Figure B-23: Disable Automatically Restart

Step 4: Reboot the system from the recovery CD. When prompted, press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient!
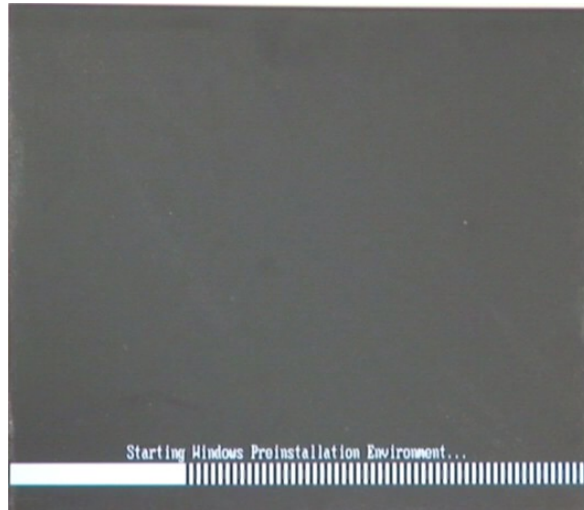
**Figure B-24: Launching the Recovery Tool**

Step 5: When the recovery tool setup menu appears, press <**4**> then <Enter>.

Figure B-25: Auto Recovery Environment for Windows

Step 6: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build an auto recovery partition. In this process the partition created for recovery files in **Section B.2.2** is hidden and the auto recovery tool is saved in this partition.
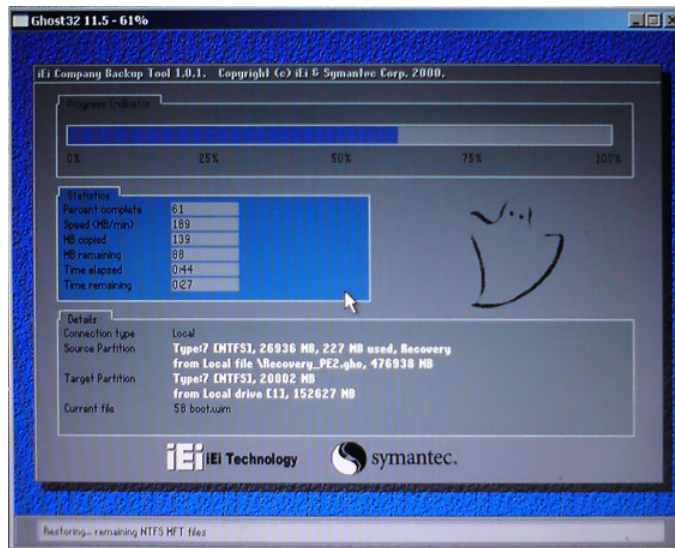
Figure B-26: Building the Auto Recovery Partition

Step 7: After completing the system configuration, the following message prompts to

confirm whether to create a factory default image. Type **Y** to have the system

create a factory default image automatically. Type **N** within 6 seconds to skip this

process (The default option is YES). It is suggested to choose YES for this
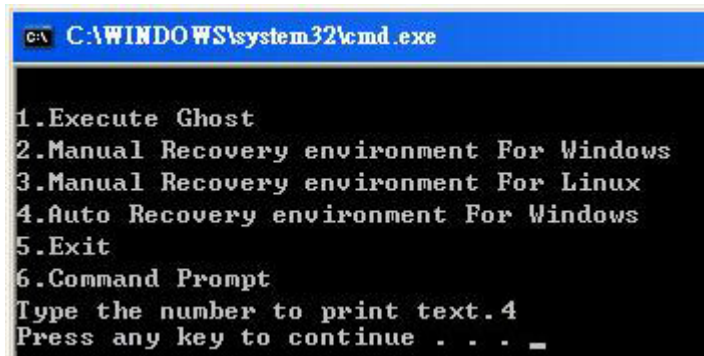
option.

Figure B-27: Factory Default Image Confirmation

Step 8: The Symantec Ghost starts to create the factory default image (**Figure B-28**).
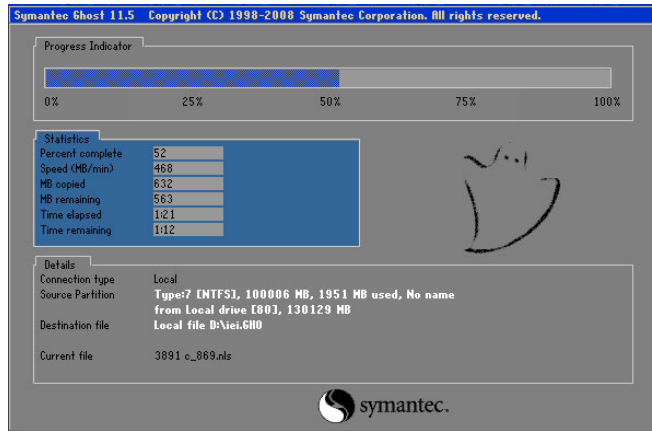
Figure B-28: Image Creation Complete

Step 9: After completing the system configuration, press any key in the following window to restart the system.
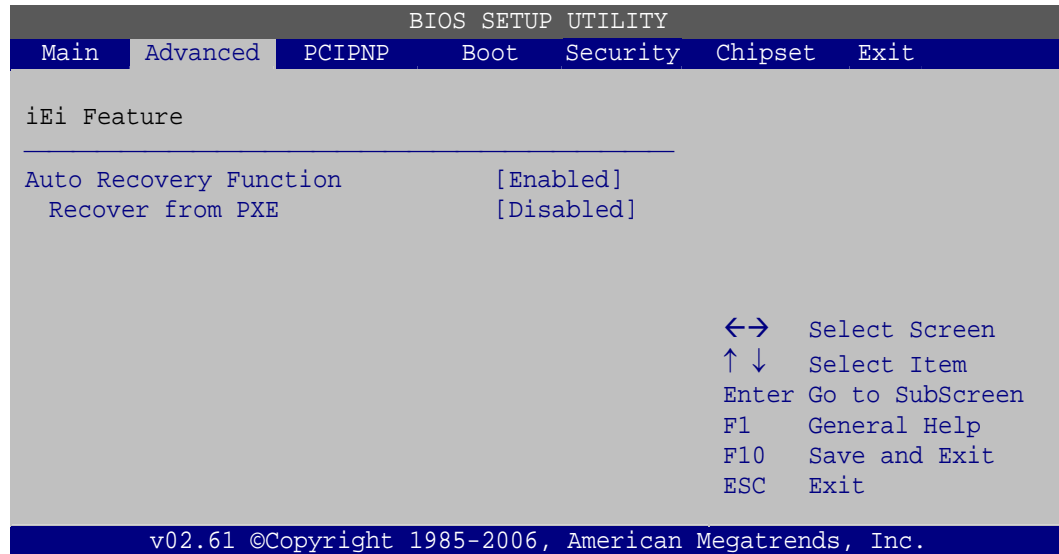

Figure B-29: Press any key to continue

Step 10: Eject the One Key Recovery CD and restart the system.

Step 11: Press the <**DELETE**> key as soon as the system is turned on to enter the BIOS.

Step 12: Enable the Auto Recovery Function option (**Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function**).

```
                    BIOS SETUP UTILITY
  Main   Advanced   PCIPNP    Boot   Security  Chipset   Exit

 iEi Feature
 _____

 Auto Recovery Function           [Enabled]
   Recover from PXE               [Disabled]


                                           ←→   Select Screen
                                           ↑ ↓   Select Item
                                           Enter Go to SubScreen
                                           F1    General Help
                                           F10   Save and Exit
                                           ESC   Exit

      v02.61 ©Copyright 1985-2006, American Megatrends, Inc.
```

Figure B-30: IEI Feature

Step 13: Save changes and restart the system. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from the factory default image.

B.4 Setup Procedure for Linux

The initial setup procedures for a Linux system are mostly the same with the procedure for Microsoft Windows. Please follow the steps below to setup the recovery tool for Linux OS.

Step 1: Hardware and BIOS setup. Refer to **Section B.2.1**.

Step 2: **Install Linux operating system**. Make sure to install GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) MBR type and Ext3 partition type. Leave enough space on the hard drive to create the recover partition later.

✎ NOTE:

If the Linux OS is not installed with GRUB (v0.97 or earlier) and Ext3, the Symantec Ghost may not function properly.

While installing Linux OS, please create two partitions:

- ▪ Partition 1: **/**
- ▪ Partition 2: **SWAP**

![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

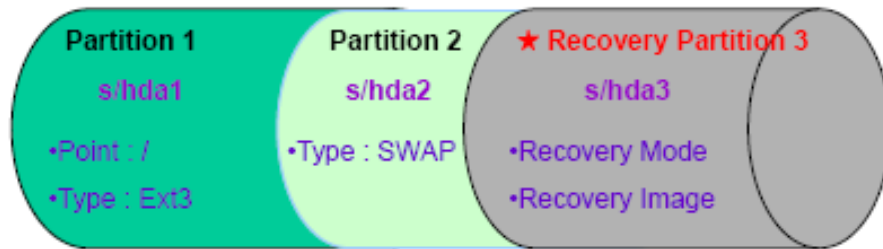Please reserve enough space for partition 3 for saving recovery images.

Figure B-31: Partitions for Linux

Step 3: **Create a recovery partition**. Insert the recovery CD into the optical disk drive. Follow **Step 1** ~ **Step 3** described in **Section B.2.2**. Then type the following commands (marked in red) to create a partition for recovery images.
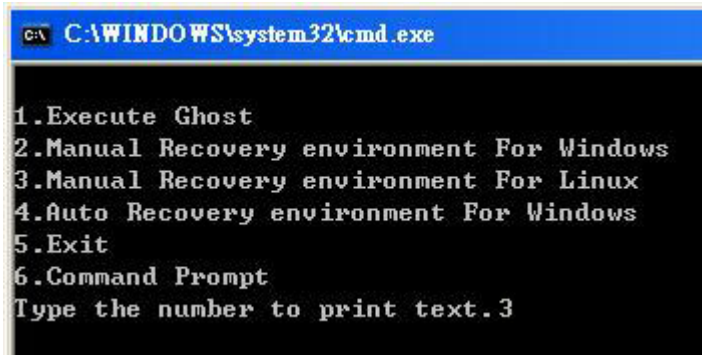
system32>**diskpart**

DISKPART>**list vol**

DISKPART>**sel disk 0**

DISKPART>**create part pri size= ___**

DISKPART>**assign letter=N**

DISKPART>**exit**

system32>**format N: /fs:ntfs /q /v:Recovery /y**

system32>**exit**

Step 4: **Build-up recovery partition**. Press any key to boot from the recovery CD. It will take a while to launch the recovery tool. Please be patient. When the recovery tool setup menu appears, type <**3**> and press <Enter> (**Figure B-32**). The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts configuring the system to build-up a

recovery partition. After completing the system configuration, press any key to

reboot the system. Eject the recovery CD.

Figure B-32: System Configuration for Linux
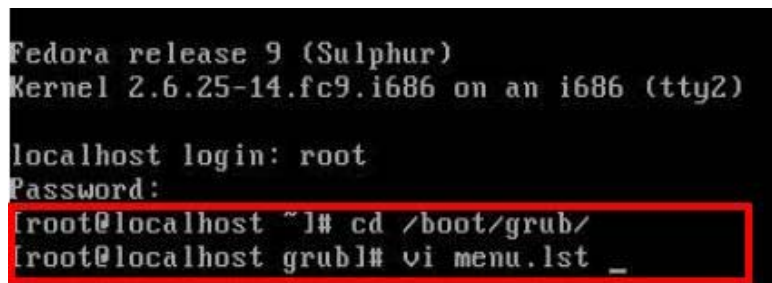
Step 5: **Access the recovery tool main menu by modifying the "menu.lst"**. To first

access the recovery tool main menu, the menu.lst must be modified. In Linux,

enter Administrator (root). When prompt appears, type:

cd /boot/grub

vi menu.lst

Figure B-33: Access menu.lst in Linux (Text Mode)

Step 6: Modify the menu.lst as shown below.

- Type command:

  title Recovery Partition

  root (hd0,2)

  makeactive

  chainloader +1

Step 7: The recovery tool menu appears. (**Figure B-34**)

Figure B-34: Recovery Tool Menu

Step 8: **Create a factory default image**. Follow **Step 2** ~ **Step 12** described in **Section B.2.5** to create a factory default image.

B.5 Recovery Tool Functions

After completing the initial setup procedures as described above, users can access the recovery tool by pressing **<F3>** while booting up the system. However, if the setup procedure in Section B.3 has been completed and the auto recovery function is enabled, the system will automatically restore from the factory default image without pressing the F3 key. The recovery tool main menu is shown below.
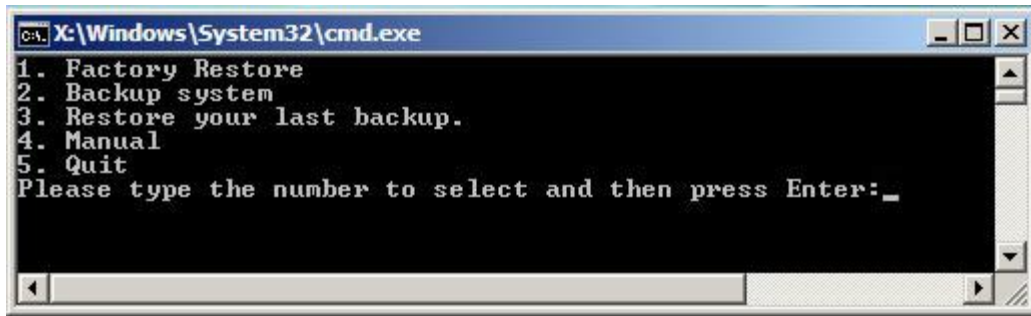
Figure B-35: Recovery Tool Main Menu

The recovery tool has several functions including:

1. **Factory Restore**: Restore the factory default image (iei.GHO) created in
   Section B.2.5.
2. **Backup system**: Create a system backup image (iei_user.GHO) which will be
   saved in the hidden partition.
3. **Restore your last backup**: Restore the last system backup image
4. **Manual**: Enter the Symantec Ghost window to configure manually.
5. **Quit**: Exit the recovery tool and restart the system.

WARNING:

Please do not turn off the system power during the process of system
recovery or backup.

WARNING:

All data in the system will be deleted during the system recovery.
Please backup the system files before restoring the system (either
Factory Restore or Restore Backup).
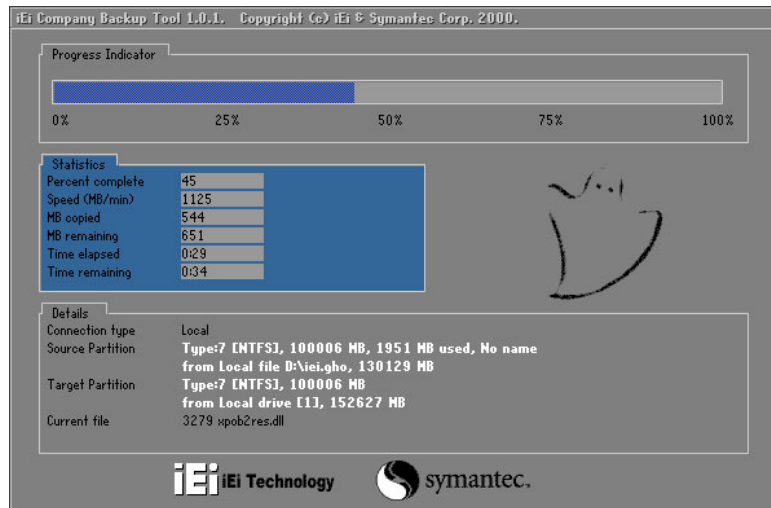
B.5.1 Factory Restore

To restore the factory default image, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <**1**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the factory default. A factory default image called **iei.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

Figure B-36: Restore Factory Default

Step 3: The screen is shown in **Figure B-37** appears when completed. Press any key to reboot the system.

Figure B-37: Recovery Complete Window

B.5.2 Backup System

To backup the system, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <**2**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to backup the system. A

backup image called **iei_user.GHO** is created in the hidden Recovery partition.

Figure B-38: Backup System

Step 3: The screen is shown in **Figure B-39** appears when system backup is complete.

Press any key to reboot the system.

Figure B-39: System Backup Complete Window

B.5.3 Restore Your Last Backup

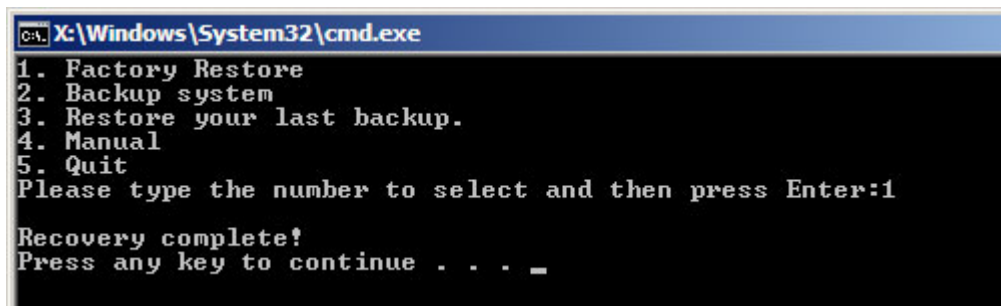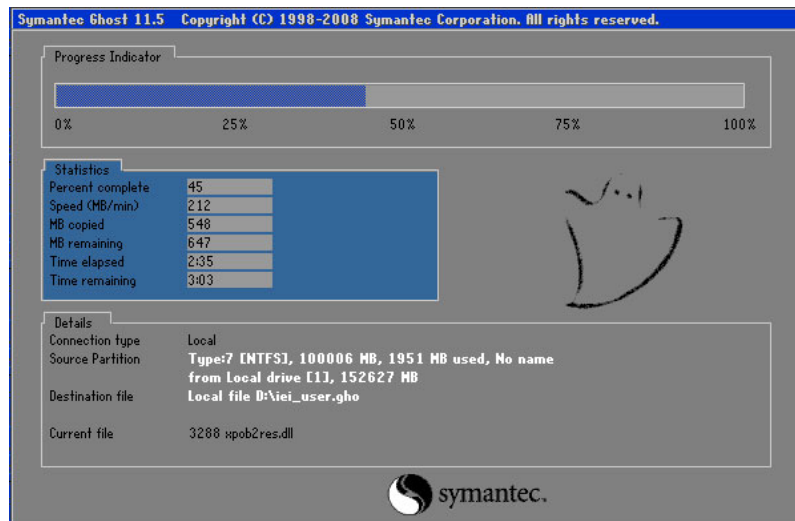To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type <**3**> and press <**Enter**> in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears and starts to restore the last backup
image (iei_user.GHO).
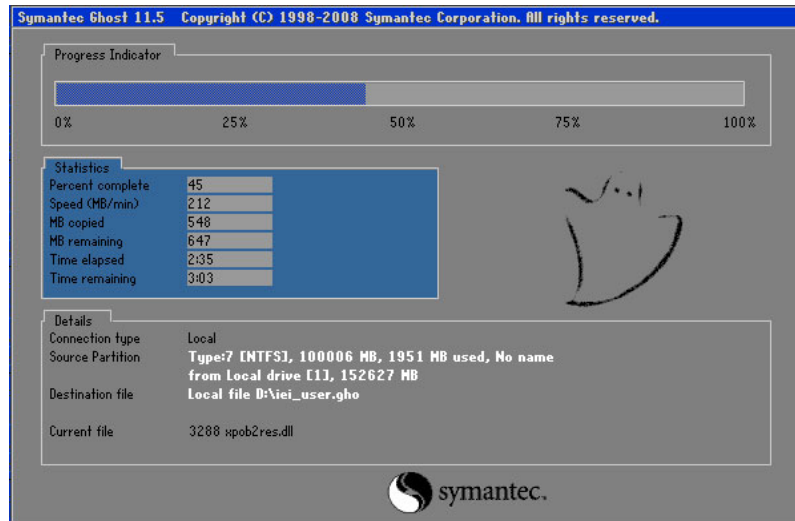
Figure B-40: Restore Backup

Step 3: The screen shown in **Figure B-41** appears when backup recovery is complete.
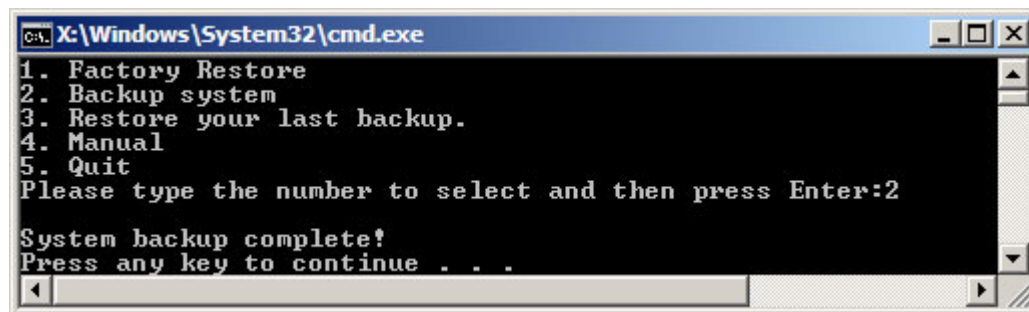Press any key to reboot the system.
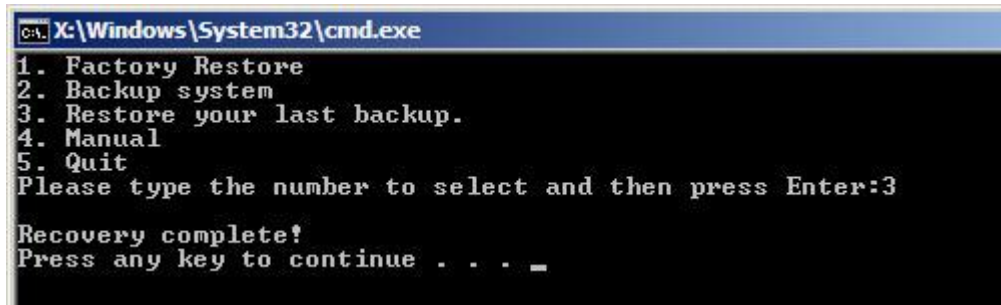
Figure B-41: Restore System Backup Complete Window

B.5.4 Manual

To restore the last system backup, please follow the steps below.

Step 1: Type **<4>** and press **<Enter>** in the main menu.

Step 2: The Symantec Ghost window appears. Use the Ghost program to backup or recover the system manually.

Figure B-42: Symantec Ghost Window

Step 3: When backup or recovery is completed, press any key to reboot the system.

B.6 Restore Systems from a Linux Server through LAN
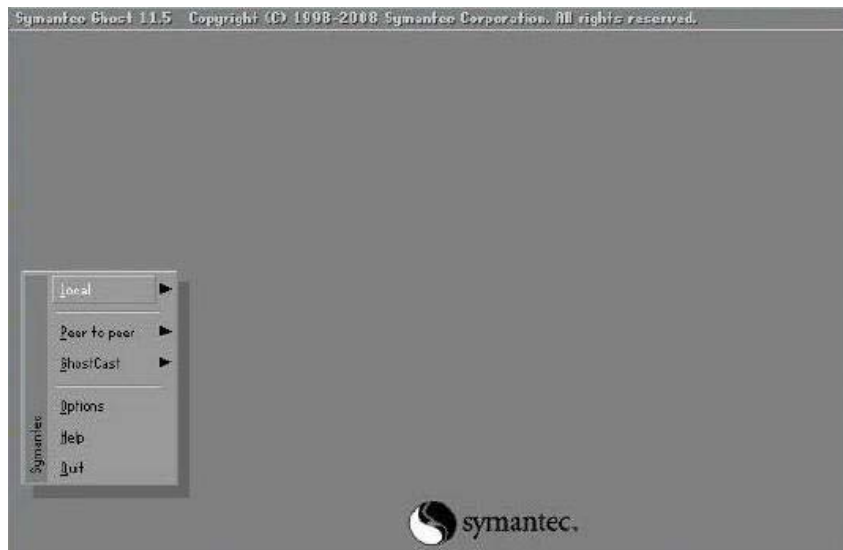
The One Key Recovery allows a client system to automatically restore to a factory default image saved in a Linux system (the server) through LAN connectivity after encountering a Blue Screen of Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes. To be able to use this function, the client system and the Linux system MUST reside in the same domain.
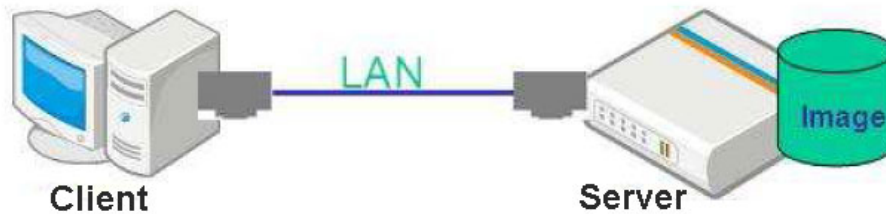
> ⚠️ **CAUTION:**
>
> The supported client OS includes:
>
> | | |
> |---|---|
> | ▪ Windows 2000 | ▪ Windows 7 |
> | ▪ Windows XP | ▪ Windows XP Embedded |
> | ▪ Windows Vista | ▪ Windows Embedded Standard 7 |

Prior to restoring client systems from a Linux server, a few setup procedures are required.

Step 1: Configure DHCP server settings

Step 2: Configure TFTP settings

Step 3: Configure One Key Recovery server settings

Step 4: Start DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Step 5: Create a shared directory

Step 6: Setup a client system for auto recovery

The detailed descriptions are described in the following sections. In this document, two types of Linux OS are used as examples to explain the configuration process – CentOS 5.5 (Kernel 2.6.18) and Debian 5.0.7 (Kernel 2.6.26).

B.6.1 Configure DHCP Server Settings

Step 1: Install the DHCP

#yum install dhcp (CentOS, commands marked in red)

#apt-get install dhcp3-server (Debian, commands marked in blue)

Step 2: Confirm the operating system default settings: dhcpd.conf.

<u>CentOS</u>

Use the following command to show the DHCP server sample location:

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

The DHCP server sample location is shown as below:

Use the following command to copy the DHCP server sample to etc/dhcpd.conf:

#cp /usr/share/doc/dhcp-3.0.5/dhcpd.conf.sample /etc/dhcpd.conf

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

<u>Debian</u>

#vi /etc/dhcpd.conf

Edit "/etc/dhcpd.conf" for your environment. For example, add

next-server PXE server IP address;

filename "pxelinux.0";

B.6.2 Configure TFTP Settings

Step 1: Install the tftp, httpd and syslinux.

#yum install tftp-server httpd syslinux (CentOS)

#apt-get install tftpd-hpa xinetd syslinux (Debian)

Step 2: Enable the TFTP server by editing the "/etc/xinetd.d/tftp" file and make it use the remap file. The "-vvv" is optional but it could definitely help on getting more information while running the remap file. For example:

CentOS

#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

Modify:

disable = no

server_args = -s /tftpboot –m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv

Debian

Replace the TFTP settings from "inetd" to "xinetd" and annotate the "inetd" by

adding "#".

#vi /etc/inetd.conf

Modify: #tftp dgram udp wait root /usr/sbin....... (as shown below)

```
#:BOOT: TFTP service is provided primarily for booting.  Most sites
#       run this only on machines acting as "boot servers."
#tftp         dgram   udp    wait   root  /usr/sbin/in.tftpd /usr/sbin/in.tftpd -s
/var/lib/tftpboot
```

#vi /etc/xinetd.d/tftp

```
socket_type          = dgram
protocol             = udp
wait                 = yes
user                 = root
server               = /usr/sbin/in.tftpd
server_args          = -s /tftpboot -m /tftpboot/tftpd.remap -vvv
disable              = no
per_source           = 11
cps                  = 100 2
flags                = IPv4
```

B.6.3 Configure One Key Recovery Server Settings

Step 1: Copy the **Utility/RECOVERYR10.TAR.BZ2** package from the One Key

Recovery CD to the system (server side).

RECOVERYR10.TAR.BZ2
bz2 Archive
197,416 KB

Step 2: Extract the recovery package to /.

#cp RecoveryR10.tar.bz2 /

#cd /

#tar –xvjf RecoveryR10.tar.bz2

Step 3: Copy "pxelinux.0" from "syslinux" and install to "/tftboot".

#cp /usr/lib/syslinux/pxelinux.0 /tftpboot/

B.6.4 Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP

Start the DHCP, TFTP and HTTP. For example:

<u>CentOS</u>

#service xinetd restart

#service httpd restart

#service dhcpd restart

<u>Debian</u>

#/etc/init.d/xinetd reload

#/etc/init.d/xinetd restart

#/etc/init.d/dhcp3-server restart

B.6.5 Create Shared Directory

Step 1:   Install the samba.

#yum install samba

Step 2:   Create a shared directory for the factory default image.

#mkdir /share

#cd /share

#mkdir /image

#cp iei.gho /image

WARNING:

The file name of the factory default image must be **iei.gho**.

Step 3:   Confirm the operating system default settings: smb.conf.

#vi /etc/samba/smb.conf

Modify:

[image]

   comment = One Key Recovery

   path = /share/image

   browseable = yes

   writable = yes

   public = yes

   create mask = 0644

   directory mask = 0755

Step 4: Edit "/etc/samba/smb.conf" for your environment. For example:

```
# "security = user" is always a good idea. This will require a Unix account
# in this server for every user accessing the server. See
# /usr/share/doc/samba-doc/htmldocs/Samba3-HOWTO/ServerType.html
# in the samba-doc package for details.
  security = share

[image]
  comment = One Key Recovery
  path = /share/image
  browseable = yes
  writable = yes
  public = yes
  create mask = 0644
  directory mask = 0755
```

Step 5: Modify the hostname

   #vi /etc/hostname

   Modify: RecoveryServer

```
RecoveryServer
~
```

B.6.6 Setup a Client System for Auto Recovery

Step 1: **Disable the automatically restart function before creating the factory**

default image. Go to: My Computer → Properties → Advanced. Click the

Settings button of Startup and Recovery. Deselect "Automatically restart". Click

OK to save the settings and exit. (See **Figure B-43**)
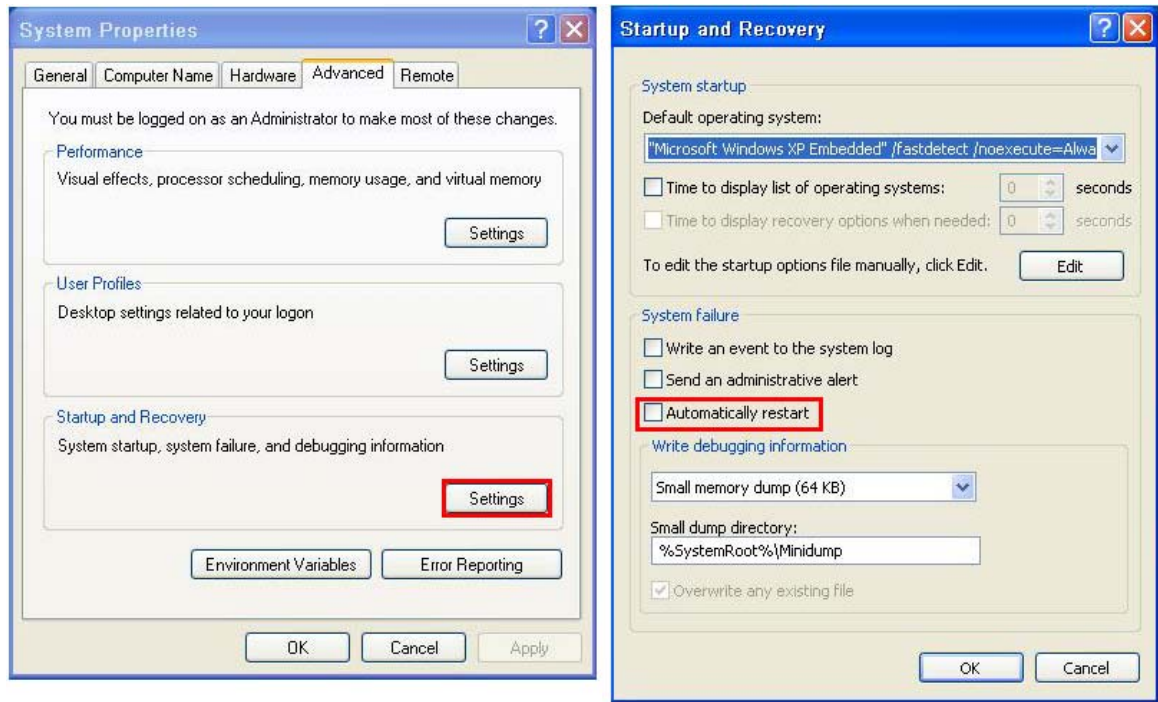
Figure B-43: Disable Automatically Restart

Step 2: Configure the following BIOS options of the client system.

Advanced → iEi Feature → Auto Recovery Function → **Enabled**

Advanced → iEi Feature → Recover from PXE → **Enabled**

Boot → Launch PXE OpROM → **Enabled**

Step 3: Continue to configure the **Boot Option Priorities** BIOS option of the client

system:

Boot Option #1 → remain the default setting to boot from the original OS.

Boot Option #2 → select the boot from LAN option.

Step 4: Save changes and exit BIOS menu.

Exit → **Save Changes and Exit**

Step 5: Install the auto recovery utility into the system by double clicking the

Utility/AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.exe in the One Key Recovery CD. This utility

MUST be installed in the system, otherwise, the system will automatically

restore from the factory default image every ten (10) minutes.

AUTORECOVERY-SETUP.EXE
Setup Launcher
IEI

Step 6: Restart the client system from LAN. If the system encounters a Blue Screen of

Death (BSoD) or a hang for around 10 minutes, it will automatically restore from

the factory default image. The following screens will show when the system

starts auto recovering.

```
Realtek PCIe GBE Family Controller Series v2.35 (06/14/10)

CLIENT MAC ADDR: 00 18 7D 13 E6 89   GUID: 00020003-0004-0005-0006-0007000800
DHCP..∠
```

```
My IP address seems to be C0A80009 192.168.0.9
ip=192.168.0.9:192.168.0.8:192.168.0.2:255.255.255.0
TFTP prefix:
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/00020003-0004-0005-0006-000700080009
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/01-00-18-7d-13-e6-89
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A80009
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A8000
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A800
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A80
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A8
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0A
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C0
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/C
Trying to load: pxelinux.cfg/default
boot:
```

```
Windows is loading files...


IP: 192.168.0.8, File: \Boot\WinPE.wim
```
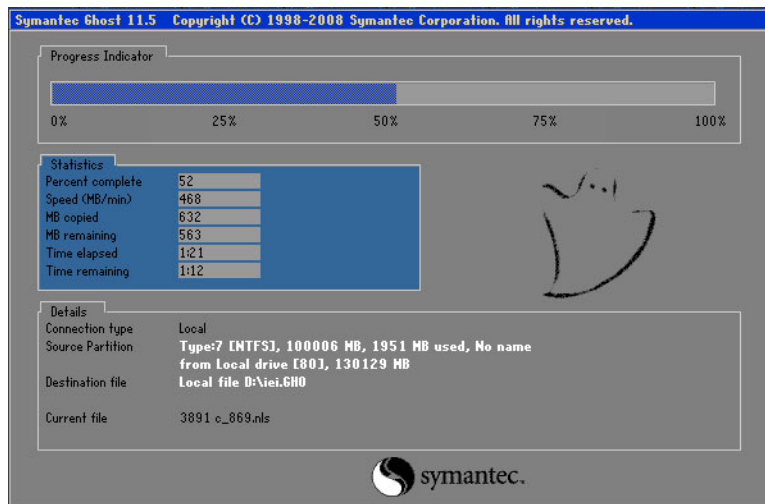
![NOTE icon] **NOTE:**

A firewall or a SELinux is not in use in the whole setup process described above. If there is a firewall or a SELinux protecting the system, modify the configuration information to accommodate them.

B.7 Other Information

B.7.1 Using AHCI Mode or ALi M5283 / VIA VT6421A Controller

When the system uses AHCI mode or some specific SATA controllers such as ALi M5283 or VIA VT6421A, the SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be installed before using one key recovery. Please follow the steps below to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver.

Step 1: Copy the SATA RAID/AHCI driver to a floppy disk and insert the floppy disk into a USB floppy disk drive. The SATA RAID/AHCI driver must be especially designed for the on-board SATA controller.

Step 2: Connect the USB floppy disk drive to the system.

Step 3: Insert the One Key Recovery CD into the system and boot the system from the CD.

Step 4: When launching the recovery tool, press **<F6>**.
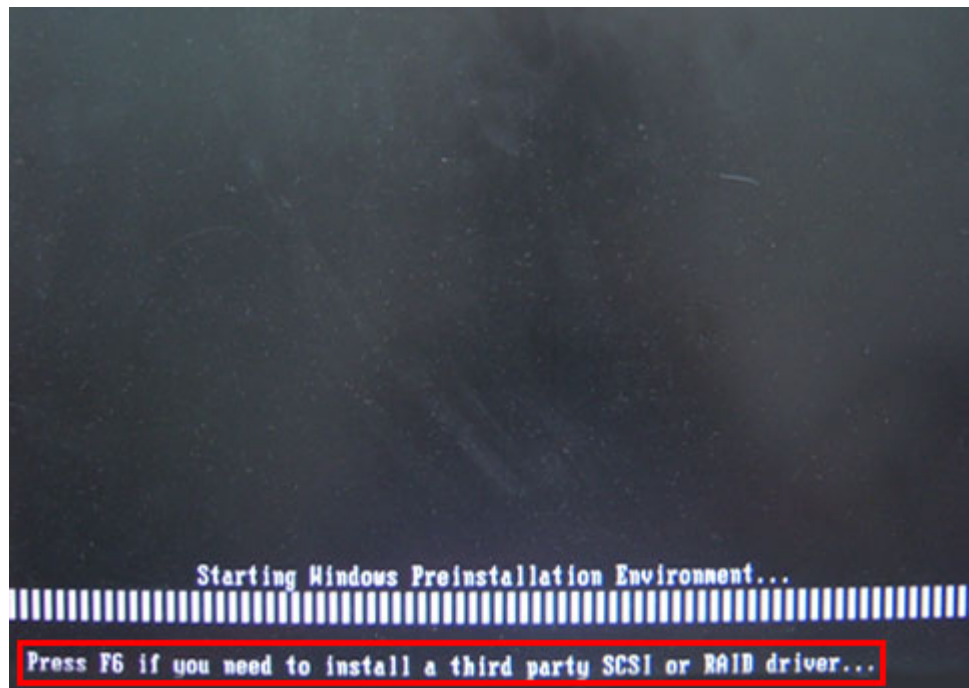
Step 5: When the following window appears, press **<S>** to select "Specify Additional Device".
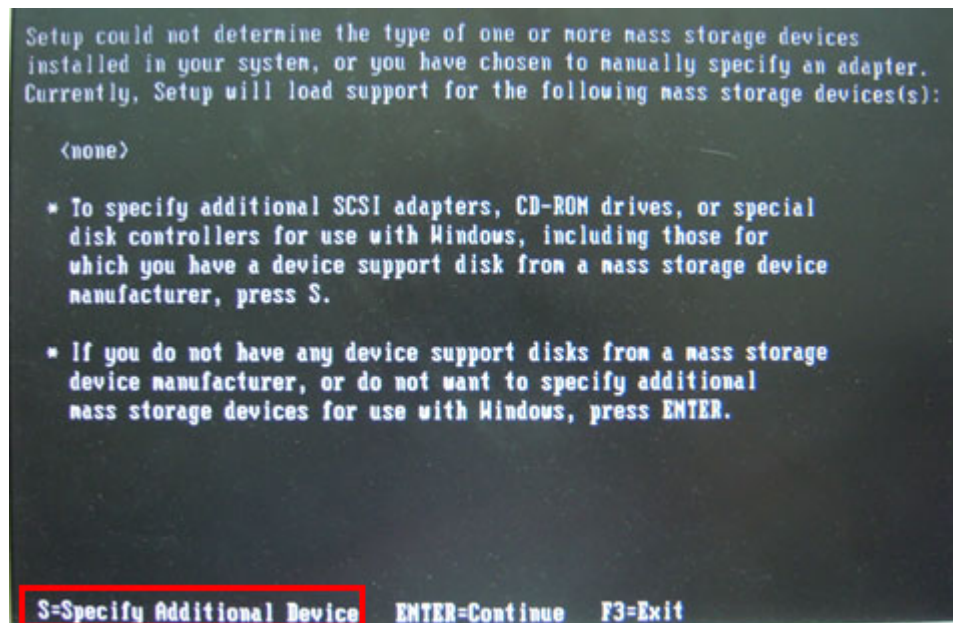
Step 6: In the following window, select a SATA controller mode used in the system. Then

press <**Enter**>. The user can now start using the SATA HDD.
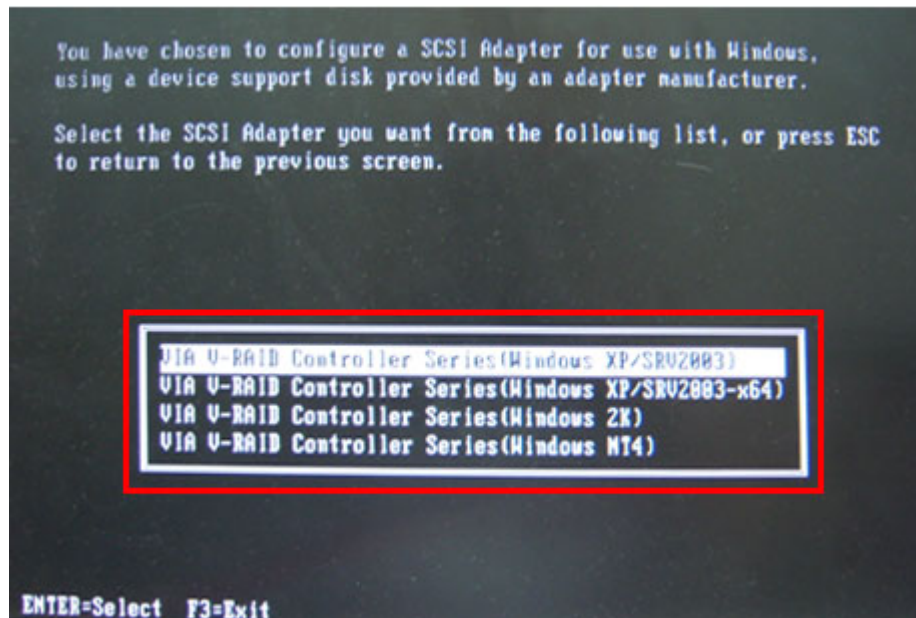
Step 7: After pressing <Enter>, the system will get into the recovery tool setup menu.

Continue to follow the setup procedure from **Step 4** in **Section B.2.2 Create**

Partitions to finish the whole setup process.

B.7.2 System Memory Requirement

To be able to access the recovery tool by pressing <**F3**> while booting up the system, please make sure to have enough system memory. The minimum memory requirement is listed below.

- **Using Award BIOS**: 128 MB system memory
- **Using AMI BIOS**: 512 MB system memory.

Appendix

C

Terminology

AC '97	Audio Codec 97 (AC'97) refers to a codec standard developed by Intel® in 1997.
ACPI	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) is an OS-directed configuration, power management, and thermal management interface.
AHCI	Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is a SATA Host controller register-level interface.
ATA	The Advanced Technology Attachment (ATA) interface connects storage devices including hard disks and CD-ROM drives to a computer.
ARMD	An ATAPI Removable Media Device (ARMD) is any ATAPI device that supports removable media, besides CD and DVD drives.
ASKIR	Amplitude Shift Keyed Infrared (ASKIR) is a form of modulation that represents a digital signal by varying the amplitude ("volume") of the signal. A low amplitude signal represents a binary 0, while a high amplitude signal represents a binary 1.
BIOS	The Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) is firmware that is first run when the computer is turned on and can be configured by the end user
CODEC	The Compressor-Decompressor (CODEC) encodes and decodes digital audio data on the system.
CMOS	Complimentary metal-oxide-conductor is an integrated circuit used in chips like static RAM and microprocessors.
COM	COM refers to serial ports. Serial ports offer serial communication to expansion devices. The serial port on a personal computer is usually a male DB-9 connector.
DAC	The Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) converts digital signals to analog signals.
DDR	Double Data Rate refers to a data bus transferring data on both the rising and falling edges of the clock signal.
DMA	Direct Memory Access (DMA) enables some peripheral devices to bypass the system processor and communicate directly with the system memory.

DIMM	Dual Inline Memory Modules are a type of RAM that offer a 64-bit data bus and have separate electrical contacts on each side of the module.
DIO	The digital inputs and digital outputs are general control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.
EHCI	The Enhanced Host Controller Interface (EHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 2.0 Host Controllers.
EIDE	Enhanced IDE (EIDE) is a newer IDE interface standard that has data transfer rates between 4.0 MBps and 16.6 MBps.
EIST	Enhanced Intel® SpeedStep Technology (EIST) allows users to modify the power consumption levels and processor performance through application software. The application software changes the bus-to-core frequency ratio and the processor core voltage.
FSB	The Front Side Bus (FSB) is the bi-directional communication channel between the processor and the Northbridge chipset.
GbE	Gigabit Ethernet (GbE) is an Ethernet version that transfers data at 1.0 Gbps and complies with the IEEE 802.3-2005 standard.
GPIO	General purpose input
HDD	Hard disk drive (HDD) is a type of magnetic, non-volatile computer storage device that stores digitally encoded data.
ICH	The Input/Output Control Hub (ICH) is an Intel® Southbridge chipset.
IrDA	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) specify infrared data transmission protocols used to enable electronic devices to wirelessly communicate with each other.
L1 Cache	The Level 1 Cache (L1 Cache) is a small memory cache built into the system processor.
L2 Cache	The Level 2 Cache (L2 Cache) is an external processor memory cache.
LCD	Liquid crystal display (LCD) is a flat, low-power display device that consists of two polarizing plates with a liquid crystal panel in between.

LVDS
Low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) is a dual-wire, high-speed differential electrical signaling system commonly used to connect LCD displays to a computer.

POST
The Power-on Self Test (POST) is the pre-boot actions the system performs when the system is turned-on.

RAM
Random Access Memory (RAM) is volatile memory that loses data when power is lost. RAM has very fast data transfer rates compared to other storage like hard drives.

SATA
Serial ATA (SATA) is a serial communications bus designed for data transfers between storage devices and the computer chipsets. The SATA bus has transfer speeds up to 1.5 Gbps and the SATA II bus has data transfer speeds of up to 3.0 Gbps.

S.M.A.R.T
Self Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (S.M.A.R.T) refers to automatic status checking technology implemented on hard disk drives.

UART
Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter (UART) is responsible for asynchronous communications on the system and manages the system's serial communication (COM) ports.

UHCI
The Universal Host Controller Interface (UHCI) specification is a register-level interface description for USB 1.1 Host Controllers.

USB
The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is an external bus standard for interfacing devices. USB 1.1 supports 12Mbps data transfer rates and USB 2.0 supports 480Mbps data transfer rates.

VGA
The Video Graphics Array (VGA) is a graphics display system developed by IBM.

Appendix

D

Digital I/O Interface

D.1 Introduction

The DIO connector on the WAFER-CV-D25501/N26001 is interfaced to GPIO ports on the Super I/O chipset. The DIO has both 4-bit digital inputs and 4-bit digital outputs. The digital inputs and digital outputs are generally control signals that control the on/off circuit of external devices or TTL devices. Data can be read or written to the selected address to enable the DIO functions.

NOTE:

For further information, please refer to the datasheet for the Super I/O chipset.

D.2 DIO Connector Pinouts

The following table describes how the DIO connector pins are connected to the Super I/O GPIO port 1.

Pin	Description	Super I/O Pin	Super I/O Pin Description
1	Ground	N/A	N/A
2	VCC	N/A	N/A
3	Output 3	GP27	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 7.
4	Output 2	GP26	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 6.
5	Output 1	GP25	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 5.
6	Output 0	GP24	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 4.
7	Input 3	GP23	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 3.
8	Input 2	GP22	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 2
9	Input 1	GP21	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 1
10	Input 0	GP20	General purpose I/O port 2 bit 0

Table D-1: Digital I/O Connector Pinouts

D.3 Assembly Language Samples

D.3.1 Enable the DIO Input Function

The BIOS interrupt call INT 15H controls the digital I/O. An assembly program to enable digital I/O input functions is listed below.

MOV	**AX, 6F08H**	Sets the digital port as input
INT	**15H**	Initiates the INT 15H BIOS call

D.3.2 Enable the DIO Output Function

The BIOS interrupt call INT 15H controls the digital I/O. An assembly program to enable digital I/O output functions is listed below.

MOV	**AX, 6F09H**	Sets the digital port as output
MOV	**BL, 09H**	
INT	**15H**	Initiates the INT 15H BIOS call

Appendix

E

Watchdog Timer

NOTE:

The following discussion applies to DOS environment. Contact IEI support or visit the IEI website for specific drivers for other operating systems.

The Watchdog Timer is provided to ensure that standalone systems can always recover from catastrophic conditions that cause the CPU to crash. This condition may have occurred by external EMIs or a software bug. When the CPU stops working correctly, Watchdog Timer either performs a hardware reset (cold boot) or a Non-Maskable Interrupt (NMI) to bring the system back to a known state.

A BIOS function call (INT 15H) is used to control the Watchdog Timer.

INT 15H:

AH – 6FH Sub-function:	
AL – 2:	Sets the Watchdog Timer's period.
BL:	Time-out value (Its unit-second is dependent on the item "Watchdog Timer unit select" in CMOS setup).

Table E-1: AH-6FH Sub-function

Call sub-function 2 to set the time-out period of Watchdog Timer first. If the time-out value is not zero, the Watchdog Timer starts counting down. When the timer value reaches zero, the system resets. To ensure that this reset condition does not occur, calling sub-function 2 must periodically refresh the Watchdog Timer. However, the watchdog timer is disabled if the time-out value is set to zero.

A tolerance of at least 10% must be maintained to avoid unknown routines within the operating system (DOS), such as disk I/O that can be very time-consuming.

NOTE:

> When exiting a program it is necessary to disable the Watchdog Timer,
> otherwise the system resets.

EXAMPLE PROGRAM:

; INITIAL TIMER PERIOD COUNTER

;

W_LOOP:

;

```
        MOV         AX, 6F02H           ;setting the time-out value
        MOV         BL, 30              ;time-out value is 48 seconds
        INT     15H
```

;

; ADD THE APPLICATION PROGRAM HERE

;

```
        CMP         EXIT_AP, 1          ;is the application over?
        JNE     W_LOOP              ;No, restart the application

        MOV         AX, 6F02H           ;disable Watchdog Timer
        MOV         BL, 0           ;
        INT     15H
```

;

; EXIT ;

Appendix

F

Hazardous Materials Disclosure

F.1 Hazardous Materials Disclosure Table for IPB Products Certified as RoHS Compliant Under 2002/95/EC Without Mercury

The details provided in this appendix are to ensure that the product is compliant with the Peoples Republic of China (China) RoHS standards. The table below acknowledges the presences of small quantities of certain materials in the product, and is applicable to China RoHS only.

A label will be placed on each product to indicate the estimated "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP). This is an estimate of the number of years that these substances would "not leak out or undergo abrupt change." This product may contain replaceable sub-assemblies/components which have a shorter EFUP such as batteries and lamps. These components will be separately marked.

Please refer to the table on the next page.

Part Name	Toxic or Hazardous Substances and Elements					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (CR(VI))	Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated Diphenyl Ethers (PBDE)
Housing	X	O	O	O	O	X
Display	X	O	O	O	O	X
Printed Circuit Board	X	O	O	O	O	X
Metal Fasteners	X	O	O	O	O	O
Cable Assembly	X	O	O	O	O	X
Fan Assembly	X	O	O	O	O	X
Power Supply Assemblies	X	O	O	O	O	X
Battery	O	O	O	O	O	O

O: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in all of the homogeneous materials for the part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

X: This toxic or hazardous substance is contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006

此附件旨在确保本产品符合中国 RoHS 标准。以下表格标示此产品中某有毒物质的含量符合中国 RoHS 标准规定的限量要求。

本产品上会附有"环境友好使用期限"的标签，此期限是估算这些物质"不会有泄漏或突变"的年限。本产品可能包含有较短的环境友好使用期限的可替换元件，像是电池或灯管，这些元件将会单独标示出来。

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素					
	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (CR(VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
壳体	X	O	O	O	O	X
显示	X	O	O	O	O	X
印刷电路板	X	O	O	O	O	X
金属螺帽	X	O	O	O	O	O
电缆组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
风扇组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电力供应组装	X	O	O	O	O	X
电池	O	O	O	O	O	O
O: 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有物质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。 X: 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。						